

COBHAM

SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband

User manual



SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband

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Manufacturer address

Thrane & Thrane A/S, Lundtoftegaardsvej 93 D, DK-2800, Kgs. Lyngby, Denmark

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Safety summary

The following general safety precautions must be observed during all phases of operation, service and repair of this equipment. Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific warnings elsewhere in this manual violates safety standards of design, manufacture and intended use of the equipment. Thrane & Thrane A/S assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these requirements.

Observe marked areas

Under extreme heat conditions do not touch areas of the terminal or antenna that are marked with this symbol, as it may result in injury.



Microwave radiation hazards

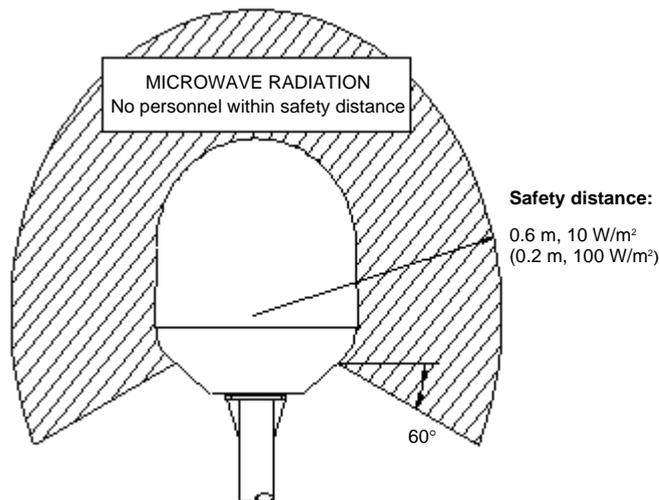
During transmission the antenna in this system radiates Microwave Power. This radiation may be hazardous to humans close to the antenna.

During transmission, make sure that nobody gets closer than the recommended minimum safety distance.

On the **SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband**, the minimum safety distance to the antenna panel on the focal line is 0.6 m, based on a radiation level of 10 W/m². The radiation level is 100 W/m² at a distance of 0.2 m from the antenna panel. Refer to the drawing below.



Pour une antenne **SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband**, la distance de sécurité minimale avec le panneau de l'antenne sur l'axe focal est de 0.6 m, sur la base d'un niveau de radiation émis de 10 W/m². L'appareil génère un niveau de radiation de 100 W/m² à une distance de 0.2 m de l'avant du panneau de l'antenne. Veuillez consulter le schéma au-dessous.



Distance to other equipment

Do not move the antenna closer to radars than the min. safe distance specified in the installation manual - it may cause damage to the antenna.

Compass Safe Distance:

SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Terminal: min. 0.3 m.

SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Antenna: min. 1.2 m

Service

User access to the interior of the system units is prohibited. Only a technician authorized by Thrane & Thrane A/S may perform service - failure to comply with this rule will void the warranty.

Do not service or adjust alone

Do not attempt internal service or adjustments unless another person, capable of rendering first aid resuscitation, is present.

Grounding, cables and connections

To minimize shock hazard, the equipment chassis and cabinet must be connected to an electrical ground. The terminal must be grounded to the ship. For further grounding information refer to the Installation manual.

Do not extend the cables beyond the lengths specified for the equipment. The cable between the terminal and antenna can be extended if it complies with the specified data concerning cable losses etc.

All cables for the SAILOR FleetBroadband system are shielded and should not be affected by magnetic fields. However, try to avoid running cables parallel to AC wiring as it might cause malfunction of the equipment.

Power supply

The voltage range is 10.5 - 32 V DC; 11.5 A - 4 A. It is recommended that the voltage is provided by the 24 V DC bus on the ship. Be aware of high start-up peak current: 20 A@24 V, 5 ms.

If a 24 V DC power bus is not available, an external 115/230 VAC to 24 V DC power supply can be used.

Do not operate in an explosive atmosphere

Do not operate the equipment in the presence of flammable gases or fumes. Operation of any electrical equipment in such an environment constitutes a definite safety hazard.

Keep away from live circuits

Operating personnel must not remove equipment covers. Do not replace components with the power cable connected. Under certain conditions, dangerous voltages may exist even with the power cable removed. To avoid injuries, always disconnect power and discharge circuits before you touch them.

Failure to comply with the rules above will void the warranty!

About the manual

Intended readers

This manual is a user manual for the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System. The readers of the manual include anyone who is using or intends to use this system. No specific skills are required to operate the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System. However, it is important that you observe all safety requirements listed in the beginning of this manual, and operate the system according to the guidelines in this manual.

Most current version

This manual may not always reflect the latest software functionality of your SAILOR FleetBroadband System. To obtain the latest version of the manual, go to www.cobham.com/satcom, **Cobham SYNC Partner Portal**, and download the latest version, or acquire it from your distributor.

Manual overview

Note that this manual does not cover installation nor does it cover how to use the IP Handset that comes with the system. For information on installation refer to the installation manual and for information on the IP Handset refer to the user manual for the IP Handset. Part numbers for both manuals are listed in the next section. This manual has the following chapters:

- **Introduction** contains a brief description of the system and an overview of the BGAN services.
- **To get started** explains how to insert SIM (Subscriber Identity Module) card and start up the unit. It also contains a short guide to making the first call.
- **To operate the system** explains how to use the system.
- **To use the web interface** explains how to use the built-in web interface of the terminal for configuration and daily use, and describes the available menus and settings, including advanced setup of interfaces.
- **Maintenance and troubleshooting** contains a short troubleshooting guide and explains how to update software. It also describes the functions of the light indicator and the Reset button and explains the event messages that may show in the web interface. Further, it shows where to get help if needed.
- **Conformity** contains declarations of conformity for the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System.

Related documents

The below list shows the documents related to this manual and to the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System.

Title and description	Document number
SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband, Installation Manual Explains how to install the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Terminal and the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Antenna.	98-129218
SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband, Quick Guide A short guide to the most important functions of the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System.	98-129219
IP Handset, User Manual Explains the features and functions of the IP Handset. The IP Handset works as a standard IP handset, but also serves as a user interface for the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System.	98-126059
Voice Distress (Non-SOLAS), User manual Explains how to use the IP handset for making Distress and Urgency calls using the SAILOR 3771 Alarm Panel and a FleetBroadband system.	98-133687
SAILOR 3771 Alarm Panel FleetBroadband, Installation manual Explains how to install the Alarm panel in the Voice Distress (Non-SOLAS) system.	98-133688

Typography

In this manual, typography is used as indicated below:

Bold is used for the following purposes:

- To emphasize words.
Example: “Do **not** touch the antenna”.
- To indicate what the user should select in the user interface.
Example: “Select **SETTINGS > LAN**”.

Italic is used to emphasize the paragraph title in cross-references.

Example: “For further information, see *Connecting Cables* on page...”.

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Introduction

Welcome

Congratulations on the purchase of your SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System!

SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband is a maritime broadband system, that provides simultaneous high-speed data and voice communication via satellite through the BGAN (Broadband Global Area Network).



Applications include:

- Internet browsing
- E-mail
- Phone and fax services
- File transfers
- VPN (Virtual Private Network) access to corporate servers

This chapter has the following sections:

- *Features and interfaces*
- *Main units*
- *The Inmarsat BGAN system*
- *Access to services and interfaces*

Features and interfaces

The SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System offers the following features and interfaces:

- Simultaneous voice and data communication over BGAN
- Full duplex, single or multi-user, up to: 150 kbps
- Standard Voice (4 kbps) or 3.1 kHz Audio
- Optional Multi-voice feature: up to 4 concurrent voice calls
- Optional Voice Distress feature
- 2 LAN (Local Area Network) ports with PoE (Power over Ethernet) for computers, e-hubs, IP handsets etc.
- 1 Standard Phone/Fax port for standard phone or fax machine
- 1 multi-purpose I/O connector with 5 configurable inputs/outputs
- 1 SIM slot for your BGAN SIM card
- Support for GPS, GLONASS and BeiDou-1 positioning systems
- Built-in DHCP/NAT router
- Built-in web interface allowing you to manage your phone book, messages and calls, and customize the terminal to your specific needs
- Input power: 10.5 - 32 V DC (11.5 A - 4 A)
- CE certified
- ATC resilient
- Supports Inmarsat's extended L-band services with Alphasat (Inmarsat I-4A F4)

Main units

Units overview

The **SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System** includes the following main units:

- TT-3050C SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Antenna
- TT-3739A SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Terminal
- TT-3670A IP Handset & Cradle, wired

SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Antenna

The SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System uses the TT-3050C antenna, which is a small size maritime 2-axis stabilized BGAN antenna. The antenna contains all functions for satellite tracking, including a GNSS (Global Navigation Satellite System). A single coaxial cable carries all RF communication, supply voltage and modem communication between the antenna and the terminal.

For information on how to install the antenna, refer to the installation manual.



SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Terminal

Overview

The SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Terminal is the controlling unit in the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System. It contains all user interfaces and a Power LED indicator and stores configuration data.



Tools for setup and daily use

The **IP Handset** can be used to display status, access a subset of controls and views and enter the PIN code for the terminal. The IP Handset connects to the LAN interface of the terminal. For information on how to use the handset, see the user manual for the IP Handset.

The built-in **web interface** in the terminal is used for easy configuration and daily use. The web interface is accessed from a computer connected to the terminal, using an Internet browser. No installation of software is needed.

For details on the web interface, see Chapter 4, *To use the web interface*.

The **ThraneLINK Management Application (TMA)** is a Windows program that provides monitoring and software update of connected Thrane & Thrane A/S devices with ThraneLINK support. The devices must be on the same LAN.

For information on how to update software with the TMA, see *To upload software using the TMA* on page 120.

SIM card

The terminal has a SIM (Subscriber Identity Module) slot located in the connector panel behind a small cover plate. The terminal requires a dedicated FleetBroadband SIM card, which you get from your Airtime Provider.

The system requires a SIM card to go online and to access the settings of the terminal. However, using the web interface you can view the Dashboard and upload software without a SIM card.

IP Handset and cradle

IP Handset

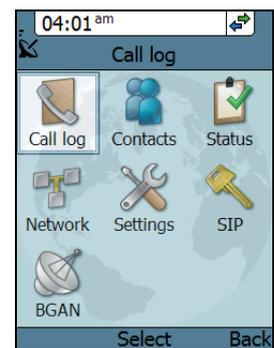
The IP Handset communicates using Internet Protocols (IP). The handset is not strictly dedicated to the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System, but can also be used in a public network as a standard IP telephone.

The IP Handset is powered directly from the LAN interface using Power over Ethernet (PoE).



When connected to the terminal the IP Handset provides a dedicated BGAN menu with a subset of the terminal configuration options.

For more information on the functions of the IP Handset, refer to the user manual for the IP Handset.



IP cradle

The IP cradle serves as a holder for the IP Handset. The cradle connects to the coil cord from the handset and, using an Ethernet cable, to the terminal. You can mount the cradle on a wall or a desktop.

The Inmarsat BGAN system

What is BGAN?

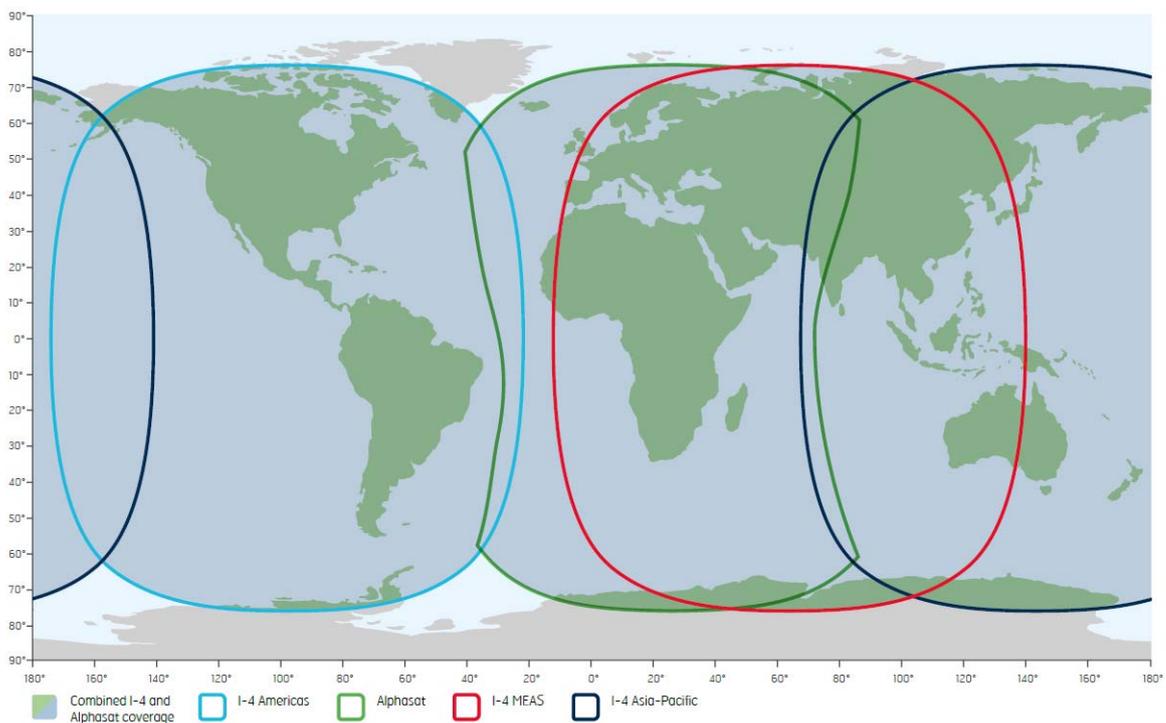
The Broadband Global Area Network (BGAN) is a mobile satellite service that offers high-speed data and voice telephony. BGAN enables users to access e-mail, corporate networks and the Internet, transfer files and make telephone calls.

The Inmarsat FleetBroadband service

FleetBroadband is a maritime communications service offered in the BGAN system. Based on 3G standards, FleetBroadband provides cost-effective broadband data and voice simultaneously.

Coverage

The Inmarsat® BGAN services are based on geostationary satellites situated above the equator. Each satellite covers a certain area (footprint). The coverage map below shows the footprints of the BGAN system. For updated information on coverage, see Inmarsat's home page at inmarsat.com.

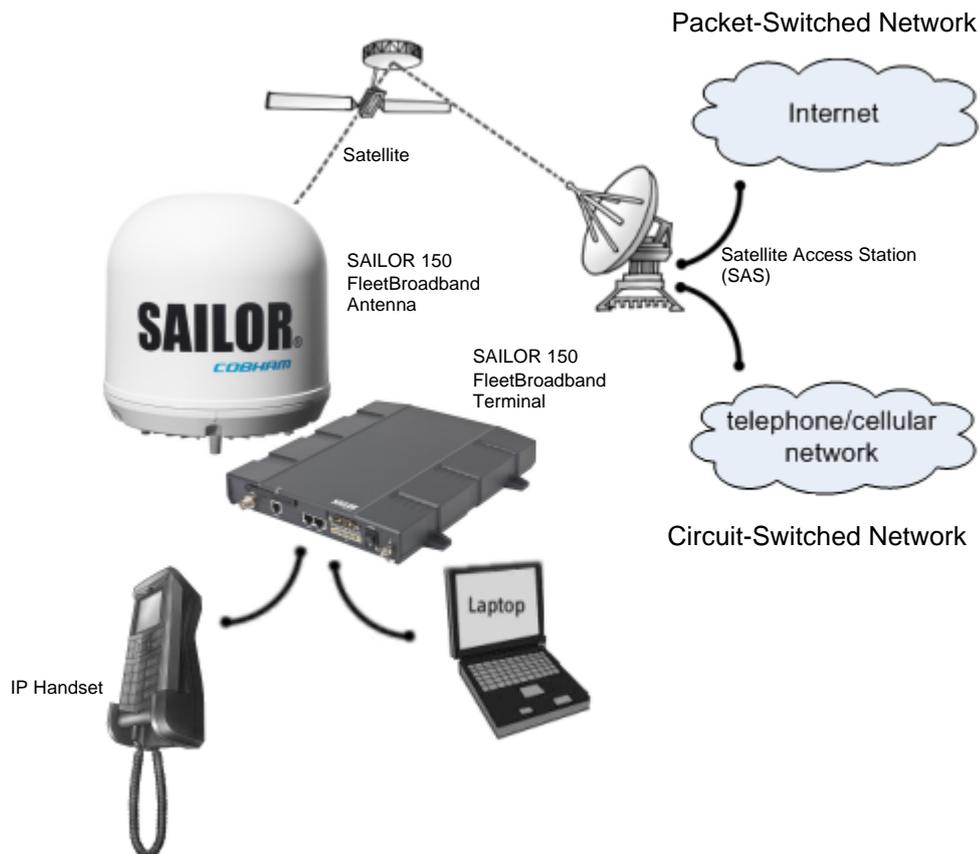


Note

The map above shows Inmarsat's expectations of coverage, but does not represent a guarantee of service. The availability of service at the edge of coverage areas may fluctuate.

Overview of the BGAN FleetBroadband system

A complete BGAN FleetBroadband system includes the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Terminal with connected peripherals, a SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Antenna, the BGAN satellite, and the Satellite Access Station (SAS). The satellites are the connection between your terminal and the SAS, which is the gateway to the worldwide networks (Internet, telephone network, cellular network, etc.).



The BGAN services supported by SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband

Supported services

The BGAN services currently supported by the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband comprise:

- A Packet-Switched (PS) connection to the Internet
- A Circuit-Switched (CS) dialed connection for voice or fax
- Short Messaging Service (SMS)
- Multi-voice
- Voice Distress

Packet data service

The packet data service available for the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband offers a **Standard IP** (background) connection where several users can share the data connection simultaneously. This type of connection is ideal for e-mail, file transfer, and Internet and intranet access. The user pays for the amount of data sent and received.

Note | The SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband only supports one data session at a time per SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System.

Circuit-Switched (dialed) service

The following types of circuit-switched connection are available:

- **Standard Voice.** A low-tariff connection for voice only. The voice signal is compressed to 4.0 kbps, which reduces the bandwidth use and consequently the tariff.
- **3.1 kHz Audio.** A high quality connection which can be used for Premium Voice or G3 fax. The signal is uncompressed 3.1 kHz audio, which allows for optimum voice quality. Note that the 3.1 kHz Audio service may have a much higher tariff than Standard Voice.

SMS service

The BGAN system provides a Short Messaging Service (SMS) for sending and receiving SMS messages to and from the terminal.

Multi-voice service (optional)

Normally, the BGAN system only supports one call at a time per SAILOR FleetBroadband System. When you subscribe to the optional Multi-voice service and enable it in your system, you can have up to 4 concurrent calls.

To use the Multi-voice service you must enable Multi-voice in the web interface of the SAILOR FleetBroadband terminal. For information on how to set up Multi-voice, see *Multi-voice* on page 112.

Voice Distress service (optional)

The Voice Distress service uses FleetBroadband to provide priority call access as soon as the red distress button on the alarm panel is pressed. The caller will then be connected to an operator at one of three Maritime Rescue Coordination Centres (MRCCs) strategically located around the globe.

To use the Voice Distress service you must first have it included in your airtime subscription, acquire a SAILOR 3771 Alarm Panel and use the web interface of the SAILOR FleetBroadband terminal to enable Voice Distress and assign an IP Handset.

Supplementary services

The BGAN system also provides the following supplementary services:

- Call hold
- Call waiting
- Call forwarding
- Voice mail
- Call barring

Service limitations

SIM lock

The supplier may have locked the SIM card to a specific provider. For further information, contact your supplier.

Limitations in available services

The services available depend on your airtime subscription. Your SIM card may not allow for all the services described in this manual.

For Multi-voice, the maximum number of concurrent calls depends on the available bandwidth and network conditions.

Also, some services may not be available at the edge of coverage areas, i.e. in low elevations.

For further information on coverage, please refer to the Inmarsat home page at inmarsat.com.

Access to services and interfaces

The following table shows which equipment and interfaces you can use to access the services listed in the left column.

Service	Interface on the terminal	
	Phone/Fax	LAN (PoE)
3.1 kHz Audio ^a	Analog telephone	IP handset
	G3 Fax machine	
Standard Voice	Analog telephone	IP handset
Data		Computer
SMS		Computer using web interface

a. 3.1 kHz Audio is only available in elevations > 20°

To get started

This chapter describes how to start up the system and make the first call or data session. It has the following sections:

- *Before you start*
- *To start up the terminal*
- *To connect the IP handset*
- *To connect a computer*
- *To enter the SIM PIN for the terminal*
- *To register with the BGAN network*
- *To make the first call*
- *Standard connection to the Internet (default)*

For information on how to install the system, insert SIM card and connect cables, refer to the installation manual for the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System.

Before you start

Operation at high temperatures



WARNING! In very high ambient temperatures, do not touch areas of the terminal that are marked with this symbol.

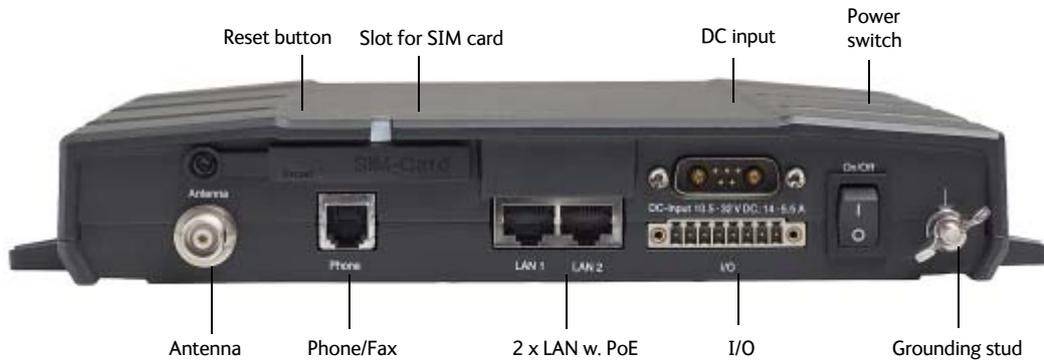


If the terminal is installed in a location where the ambient temperature may exceed 50°C, we recommend that you place the terminal where unintentional contact is avoided. Note that the maximum allowed ambient temperature is 55°C. If the maximum ambient temperature does not exceed 50°C, the terminal can be placed in a public area.

For further information on installation, refer to the installation manual for the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System.

Connector panel

The drawing below shows the connector panel of the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Terminal.



Note In this manual, the connector marked **Phone** on the connector panel is referred to as **Phone/Fax**.

To start up the terminal

SIM card

Note that the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Terminal requires a SIM card dedicated to FleetBroadband. The terminal can only access the BGAN network when the right type of SIM card is installed. For information on how to insert the SIM card, refer to the installation manual.

To switch on the terminal

To use the Power switch

To switch on the terminal, use the On/Off switch in the connector panel. It normally takes one or two seconds for the terminal to switch on.



To use the ignition system

Normally the ignition function is not used in maritime installations. Instead you may want to use the remote on/off function described in the next section.

If you have connected the ignition system of your vessel to the I/O connector, you may leave the power switch in the “on” position and the terminal will switch on/off when you start/stop the engine of your vessel.

When the engine is stopped the terminal is in standby mode. The standby current is max. 15 mA when the ignition is off. For information on how to connect to the Ignition pins in the I/O connector, refer to the installation manual for the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System.

You must set up the ignition function in the web interface. For further information, see *To configure the I/O interface* on page 92.

To use a remote on/off switch

If an external switch is connected to the remote on/off pins in the DC connector, you may leave the power switch in the connector panel in the “on” position and use the remote switch to turn the terminal on and off. When the remote switch is off, the terminal is off. However, if you leave the power switch on the terminal in the “on” position, you can always switch the terminal back on with the remote switch. The standby current when the remote switch is off is max. 2 mA. For further information on the remote on/off function, refer to the installation manual for the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System.

Power up completed

When the terminal is switched on, the Power indicator in the terminal lights green.



You can now access the terminal settings, but the terminal is not ready to make calls or running data sessions until the system is registered on the BGAN network. You may have to enter a SIM PIN before the system can register. For further information, see *To enter the SIM PIN for the terminal* on page 15 and *To register with the BGAN network* on page 17.

To switch off the terminal flip the Power switch back. It takes 5 to 10 seconds to power down the terminal. Alternatively use the ignition or remote on/off function described above.

To connect the IP handset

Power supply (PoE)

The IP Handset is powered from the LAN interface, using Power over Ethernet. The total output power from the two interfaces is 32 W.

Both interfaces can support devices of power class 1, 2 and 3 (4, 7 and 15.4 Watt), as long as the total power consumption does not exceed 32 W. If the limit is exceeded, the LAN ports are prioritised so that LAN port 1 has the highest priority and port 2 is closed down. For this reason, we recommend that you connect your IP handset to LAN port 1.

In case of power hold-up (failure on input power), PoE will be turned off completely.

To start up the IP Handset

Note

By default, a handset connected to the LAN interface on the terminal is automatically registered in the terminal and assigned the first available local number. For information on how to connect handsets, see *To connect and configure IP handsets* on page 85.

To start up the IP Handset, do as follows:

1. Connect the Ethernet cable from the IP Handset/cradle to one of the LAN (PoE) connectors on the terminal as described in the user manual for the handset.

Note

We recommend that you connect to LAN port 1, because in case of insufficient power to the LAN (PoE) interface port 2 will be closed down first.

2. The handset starts up automatically.

When the display shows this symbol  in the upper right corner, the handset is ready to make a call.

If the handset is not ready to make calls, it may be because the BGAN terminal is waiting for a SIM PIN. To check this, enter the handset menu system and select **BGAN > Status > PIN status**.

You can enter the SIM PIN using the IP Handset. For details, see *To enter the SIM PIN using a phone or IP Handset* on page 15.

To connect a computer

Before you connect to the LAN interface

For the LAN interface to work without any further setup, the connected computer must be set up to obtain an IP address and a DNS server address automatically.

To check this on your computer (Windows XP), do as follows:

1. Go to **Start > Settings > Control Panel > Network Connections**.
2. Right-click on the LAN connection you want to use.
3. Select **Properties**.
4. Highlight **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)**.
5. Click **Properties**.
6. Make sure that the following is selected:
 - Obtain an IP address automatically
 - Obtain DNS server address automatically

To connect a computer to the LAN interface

To connect a computer to the LAN interface, do as follows:

1. Power up your computer.
2. Connect your LAN cable between the network connector on your computer and one of the LAN connectors on the terminal.
3. When the computer and the terminal are ready, check the connection e.g. by accessing the built-in web interface of the terminal with your browser. For further information, see *To access the web interface* on page 47.
You may have to disable the Proxy server settings in your browser. For further information, see *Proxy settings when you access the web interface* on page 46.

For information on how to connect to the Internet, see *Standard connection to the Internet (default)* on page 19.

For information on how to configure the LAN interface on the terminal, see *To configure the LAN interface* on page 65.

To enter the SIM PIN for the terminal

Do you need a SIM PIN?

Depending on your SIM card, you may have to enter a SIM PIN to use the system. Your SIM PIN is supplied with your SIM card. You can enter the PIN using a standard phone, the IP Handset or the web interface.

Note

Using an Administrator user name and password you can change the PIN and enable or disable the use of a PIN. For further information, see *To set up the use of a SIM PIN in the terminal* on page 104.

For information on how to connect your IP Handset or computer, see *To connect a computer to the LAN interface* on page 14 or *To connect the IP handset* on page 13.

To enter the SIM PIN using a phone or IP Handset

To enter the SIM PIN

If you have a phone connected to the terminal, you can use it to enter the SIM PIN for the terminal at start up.

Do as follows:

- **For an analog phone:**
Pick up the phone. When the terminal is waiting for a PIN, you will hear 2 beeps - pause - 2 beeps - etc.
Dial <PIN> followed by #.
When you hear a “busy” tone or a dialing tone, the PIN has been accepted and you can hang up or dial a number.
- **For the IP Handset:**
Select the **BGAN** menu, select **Enter PIN** and enter the administrator user name and password for the terminal. Then enter the PIN for the terminal.
Note that the menu item “Enter PIN” is only available if the terminal is waiting for a PIN.

Wrong SIM PIN

Analog phone:

If, instead of the busy tone or dialing tone, you continue to hear 2 beeps - pause - 2 beeps - etc., it means the SIM PIN was not accepted. Check that you have the correct PIN and try again.

If a wrong PIN has been entered three times in the terminal, you will hear 3 beeps - pause - 3 beeps - etc. This means you have to enter the PUK (PIN Unblocking Key) provided with your SIM card.

After you have entered the PUK, you must enter a new PIN of your own choice (4 to 8 digits long).

Dial the following:

<PUK> * <New PIN> * <New PIN> followed by # or off-hook key.

Example: If the PUK is 87654321 and the new PIN is 1234, dial
87654321 * 1234 * 1234 followed by # or off-hook key.

If you enter 10 wrong PUKs, the SIM card will no longer be functional. Contact your Airtime Provider for a new SIM card.

IP Handset:

After you have entered the user name and password for the terminal you have 3 attempts to enter the SIM PIN, before you are asked to enter the PUK. The PUK is supplied with the SIM card for your terminal.

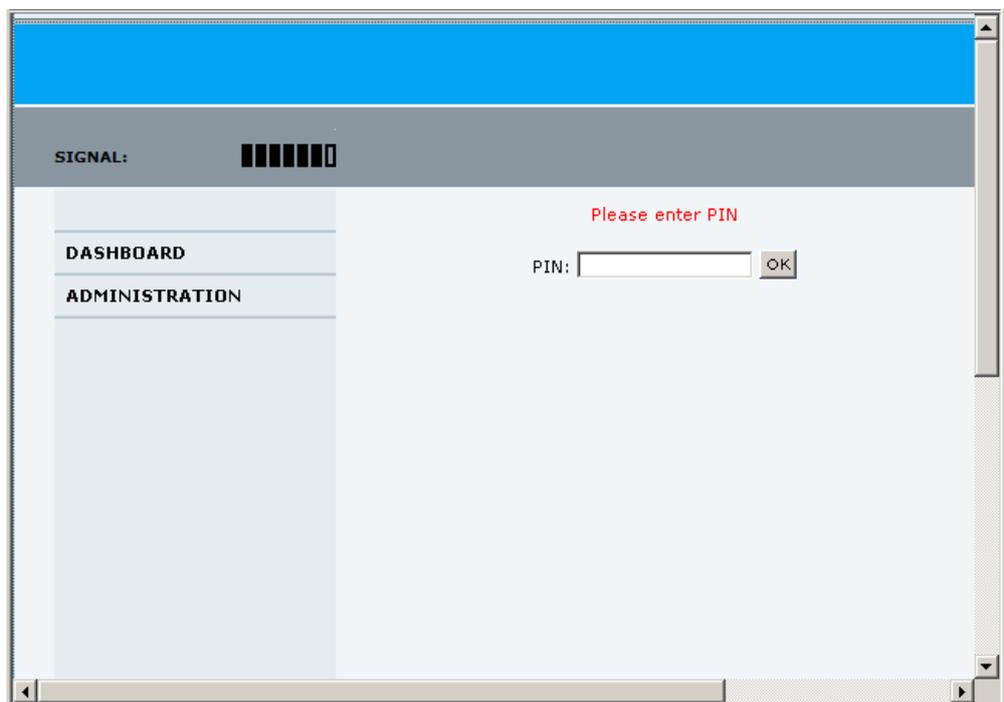
Enter the PUK followed by a new PIN of your own choice. The PIN must be from 4 to 8 digits long. If you enter a wrong PUK 10 times, the SIM card will no longer be functional, and you have to contact your Airtime Provider for a new SIM card.

To enter the SIM PIN using the web interface

To enter the SIM PIN

Do as follows:

1. On a computer connected to the terminal, open your browser and enter **http://ut.bgan** or the IP address of the terminal in the address bar (default IP address: <http://192.168.0.1>). If your SIM card uses a PIN and the PIN has not yet been entered, the web interface will open on the PIN page.



2. Type in the PIN and click **OK**.
When the PIN is accepted, the web interface opens the Dashboard and is ready for use. If the PIN is not accepted, see the next section *Wrong PIN*.

For further information on the web interface refer to *To use the web interface* on page 45.

Wrong PIN

You have 3 attempts to enter the PIN in the web interface, before you are asked to enter the PUK (Pin Unblocking Key). The PUK is supplied with your SIM card.

Enter the PUK followed by a new PIN of your own choice. The PIN must be 4 to 8 digits long.

If you enter a wrong PUK 10 times, the SIM card will no longer be functional, and you have to contact your Airtime Provider for a new SIM card.

To register with the BGAN network

When the SIM PIN is accepted by the terminal, the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System automatically starts the registration procedure on the BGAN network.

You can monitor the registration procedure in two ways.

- Connect the IP Handset and watch the procedure in the display.
- Connect a computer, access the internal web interface of the terminal and watch the Status field in the DASHBOARD. For details, see *To use the Dashboard* on page 51.

The normal startup procedure is shown as follows:

1. **Searching.** The terminal has instructed the antenna to search for the BGAN signal.
2. **Registering.** The terminal is attempting to register with the Satellite Access Station (SAS).
3. **Ready.** The terminal has registered and attached to the SAS and is ready to accept a service request (a call or a data session).

Note that the registration procedure may take several minutes.

Indications in the web interface

The dashboard in the web interface also shows the status during and after registration. To open the web interface, do as follows:

1. On a computer connected to the terminal, open your browser and enter the IP address of the terminal in the address bar (default IP address: `http://192.168.0.1`).
When the system is ready, the **Antenna status** field shows **Tracking** and the **Status** field shows **Ready** (unless a call or data session is active).
2. Click **Refresh** to update the screen.

To make the first call

When the terminal is registered with the BGAN network you are ready to make or receive the first call. The following sections provide a short guide to making calls. For more detailed information, see *To make or receive a phone call* on page 26.

To make a call from the terminal

To make a call from a phone connected to the terminal, dial

00 <country code> <phone number> followed by # or off-hook key.

Example:To call Cobham SATCOM in Denmark (+45 39558800) from an analog phone, dial
00 45 39558800 #

To make a call to the terminal

Note

By default, any handset connected to the terminal will ring on incoming calls. However, you can configure the behavior of the interfaces using the web interface. If you have connected a fax, set the incoming call type on the Phone/Fax interface to 3.1 kHz Audio to avoid that the fax rings and answers an incoming Standard call. For further information, see *To select the call type* on page 24.

To make a call to a phone connected to the terminal, dial

+ <Mobile number>

- **+** is the international call prefix¹ used in front of the country code for international calls.
- **Mobile number:** The mobile number of the terminal/handset you are calling. The first part of the number is always 870, which is the “country code” for the BGAN system.

Example:If you are calling from Denmark and the mobile number is 870772420567 on your terminal, dial **00 870 772420567**.

If the mobile numbers are listed in the web interface, you can look them up by selecting **PHONE BOOK > Mobile numbers**. If the numbers are not listed, refer to the documents provided with your airtime subscription. See *To view and edit the mobile numbers* on page 56.

To make a call from one terminal to another

To make a call from one terminal to another, dial **00 <Mobile number>**.

1. The plus sign indicates the code required to dial out of one's country code area, such as 00 in most of Europe, 011 in the United States, and other short codes in other parts of the world.

Standard connection to the Internet (default)

Note

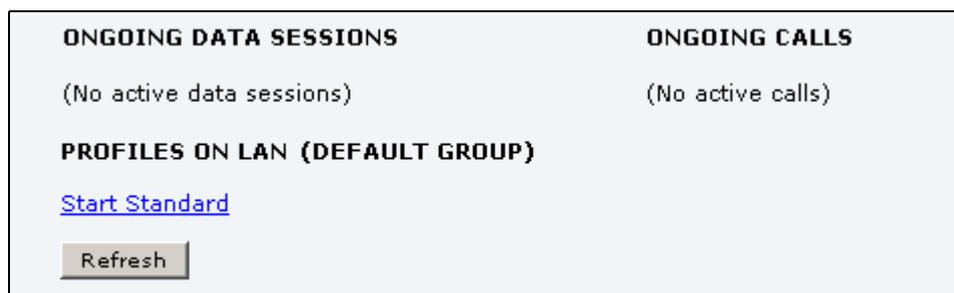
This section only describes a Standard Internet connection with default settings on the terminal. For information on other scenarios, see *To set up the LAN network* on page 68.

By default, the terminal does **not** automatically connect to the Internet when you connect your computer or other equipment to the LAN interface. You must activate your connection from the Dashboard in the web interface or from the IP Handset.

To activate the connection from a computer (web interface)

To activate the connection from a connected computer, do as follows:

1. Access the web interface by opening your browser and entering **http://ut.bgan** or the IP address of the terminal in the address bar.
“http://ut.bgan” translates into the IP address of the terminal (if your computer is set up as described in *Before you connect to the LAN interface* on page 14). The default IP address is 192.168.0.1.
2. Click **Start Standard** under **PROFILES ON LAN** at the bottom of the page.



3. Check the connection, e.g. by entering a web site.
The field ONGOING DATA SESSIONS will show the IP address for the data session you started.

To activate the connection using the IP Handset

To activate the connection using the IP Handset, do as follows:

1. Connect the IP Handset to one of the LAN ports (preferably port 1). The handset starts up automatically.
2. Select **Menu > BGAN** in the handset.
3. Select **Connect**.
4. Use the left/right keys to find the network user group for the application you want to start.
5. Press **Start** to start the connection.
A confirmation window is displayed.
6. Press **Yes** to continue.
The IP Handset sends a command to the terminal to start the selected connection.
7. Check the connection, e.g. by entering a web site from a connected computer.

To operate the system

This chapter describes how to use the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System. It has the following sections:

- *General*
- *To use a phone or fax machine*
- *Multi-voice (optional)*
- *Voice Distress (optional)*
- *To use a computer*
- *To use the IP Handset*

This chapter does not describe advanced configuration of interfaces. For this type of information, refer to the “Configure...” sections for the interfaces in Chapter 4, *To use the web interface*.

General

Tools for setup and use

Overview

You can use the **IP Handset** from Cobham SATCOM to view status, use the phone book of the terminal and to enter the PIN, but for enhanced use and for configuration of interfaces, you must connect a computer.

With a computer and a browser, you can use the built-in **web interface** to set up the terminal.

The IP Handset

When you connect the IP Handset to one of the LAN (PoE) connectors on the terminal you can use the handset display and keypad to enter the PIN or to view the status of the terminal.

The menu system in the IP Handset includes the following items for the terminal:

- BGAN menu:
 - Start and stop your data connection
 - View C/No (signal strength) for the system
 - View status (“Ready”, “Registering” etc.) for the system
 - View the software version of the terminal
 - Enter the PIN and PUK for the terminal
 - View active events

- View Position status
- Contacts:
 - Inclusion of the terminal phone book (not editable) in the IP Handset Contacts
- SIP (Session Initiation Protocol):
 - Select/view/configure the SIP profile used for communication with the BGAN terminal
- Date and time:
 - Possibility to use UTC time received from the BGAN satellite

For further information, see the user manual for the IP Handset.

The web interface of the terminal

The web interface is a built-in web server for setup and control of the terminal, using a connected computer with a browser.

Note You can set up user permissions to limit access to certain parts of the system configuration, see *To set up user permissions* on page 106.

With the web interface you can:

- Enter the SIM PIN for the terminal
- DASHBOARD page:
 - start and stop data sessions
 - view information on calls to/from the terminal
 - view status of the terminal and antenna
 - view properties of the terminal and antenna
- PHONE BOOK page:
 - view and edit the phone book
- MESSAGES page:
 - send and receive SMS messages
- CALLS page:
 - view the call log (outgoing, received and missed calls and data)
- SETTINGS page:
 - set up the interfaces of the terminal
 - set up tracking
 - set up call services
 - upload software
 - set up network user groups (requires administrator password)
 - select the satellite to use for connection to the BGAN network
 - set the language in the web interface
- ADMINISTRATION page (requires administrator password):
 - set up data limits
 - change the SIM PIN for the terminal

- set up user rights
- set up remote management and activation
- set up link monitoring
- set up restricted dialing
- set up Multi-voice
- set up Voice Distress
- activate/deactivate RF noise filter for interference from terrestrial mobile systems that operate inside the Inmarsat band (e.g. ATC)
- change positioning system

For information on how to use the web interface, see *To use the web interface* on page 45.

Services and interfaces

The following table shows which equipment and interfaces you can use to access the services listed in the left column.

Service	Interface on the terminal	
	Phone	LAN (PoE)
3.1 kHz Audio ^a	Analog telephone	IP handset
	G3 Fax machine	
Standard Voice	Analog telephone	IP handset
Data		Computer
SMS		Computer using web interface

a. 3.1 kHz Audio is only available in elevations > 20°

To use a phone or fax machine

Available interfaces

Two types of voice equipment connect to the terminal:

Standard analog phone or G3 fax machine: The terminal has one phone connector for connecting a standard analog phone or fax machine.

IP handset: The terminal has two LAN connectors with Power over Ethernet for connecting IP handsets or other IP equipment. For details on the features and functions of the IP Handset, refer to the user manual for the handset.



For information on how to connect to the interfaces, see the installation manual for the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System.

To select the call type

Definition

The phone connection can use one of the following call types:

- **Standard Voice**, which is a low-tariff voice connection compressed to 4.0 kbps
- **3.1 kHz Audio**, which is a high quality connection used for Premium Voice or G.3 fax

In the web interface you can set up which type of connection to use by default when you make or receive a call from the Phone interface or from an IP handset connected to the LAN interface. Standard Voice is selected by default. When you connect a fax to the Phone interface you must use 3.1 kHz Audio.

Example: If you always have a fax connected to the Phone interface you can set this interface to 3.1 kHz Audio only. This will mean that if an incoming Standard Voice call is received, the Phone interface will not ring.

To select the default outgoing call type

To select the default call type for outgoing calls, do as follows:

- **Phone/Fax.** Select the call type in the web interface under **SETTINGS > Phone/Fax**. For further information, see *To configure the Phone/Fax interface* on page 78.
- **IP handset.** Select the call type for each handset in the web interface under **SETTINGS > IP Handset > Call settings**. For further information, see *To set the call types for IP handsets* on page 87.

To override the default outgoing call type

To override the default setting for a specific outgoing call, do as follows:

- To use **Standard Voice** for the call, dial **1*** before the number.
- To use **3.1 kHz Audio** for the call, dial **2*** before the number.

Example: To make a call to Cobham SATCOM in Denmark (+45 39558800) forcing the connection to use Standard Voice, dial **1* 0045 39558800** followed by **#** if you are calling from an analog phone, or off-hook key if you are calling from an IP handset.

Note | This will not change the default call type, only the type used for the ongoing call.

Phone numbers for incoming calls

The mobile numbers for your system are listed in your airtime subscription. For example, you may have

- 1 number for Standard Voice
- 1 number for 3.1 kHz Audio

If you have subscribed to the optional Multi-voice feature you may also have Additional numbers, which can be assigned to individual handsets. For further information, see *Additional numbers for Multi-voice* on page 36.

Note | The call type you are using must be selected in the web interface (refer to the next section).

If the mobile numbers are listed in the web interface, you can look them up as follows:

Connect a computer, access the web interface and select **PHONE BOOK > Mobile numbers**. For further information, see *To view and edit the mobile numbers* on page 56.

For information on how to make a call to the terminal, see *To make a call to the terminal* on page 27.

To select the incoming call type

To select which call types are accepted for an incoming call, use a computer and the web interface. If you are using Multi-voice, see *Handset contexts with additional numbers* on page 33.

- **Phone/Fax.** Select the call type under **SETTINGS > Phone/Fax**. For further details, see *To configure the Phone/Fax interface* on page 78.
- **IP handset.** Select the call type for each handset in the web interface under **SETTINGS > IP Handset > Call settings**. For further information, see *To set the call types for IP handsets* on page 87.

To make or receive a phone call

To make a call

Note

If one call is already active, you can only make a second call if you have Multi-voice in your subscription and it is enabled. For details on how to set up Multi-voice using the web interface, see *Multi-voice* on page 112.

You have different options to make a call:

- **Short Dial.** If the number is in the phone book of the terminal, you can use the Short Dial number, which is found in the first column of the phone book in the web interface. See *Short dial* on page 55.
Simply dial **00 <Short Dial>** followed by **#** or off-hook key.
Example: To call entry number 4 in the phone book, dial **004** followed by **#** or off-hook key.
- **Manual Dial.** To make a call, dial **00 <country code> <phone number>** followed by **#** or off-hook key.
Example: To call Cobham SATCOM in Denmark (+45 39558800) from an analog phone, dial **00 45 39558800 #**
- **Call from phone book or call log** (only IP Handset from Cobham SATCOM).
 - Enter the phone book of the IP Handset, scroll to the wanted number and press the off-hook key, or
 - press the off-hook key from the main screen to display the latest calls in the call log. Then scroll to the wanted number and press the off-hook key again.
Note that this is the call log of the IP Handset, not of the terminal.

If there was an error establishing the connection, refer to the *Troubleshooting Guide* on page 122.

If you are using the IP Handset, the handset may show an error message.

Depending on the type of error, the web interface may also show an error message. See *To view the Event list or the Event log* on page 117.

To receive a call

By default, all devices connected to the Phone interface or the LAN (PoE) interface will ring when one of the mobile numbers is called. Note, however, that this depends on the call type settings. Refer to *To select the incoming call type* on page 25.

If you are using Multi-voice there are more options for setting up how to handle incoming calls. See *Handset contexts with additional numbers* on page 33.

Call log

Information of outgoing calls, received calls and missed calls is stored in the call log of the terminal. You can view the call log in the web interface under **CALLS**. For further information, see *To view the lists of calls and data sessions* on page 58.

To make a call to the terminal

Note

By default all phones connected to the terminal will ring on incoming calls. However, this depends on the configuration of the interfaces in the terminal. See

- *To select the call type* on page 24.
- If you are using Multi-voice, see *Handset contexts with additional numbers* on page 33.

To make a call to a phone connected to the terminal, dial

+ <Mobile number>

- **+** is the international call prefix¹ used in front of the country code for international calls.
- **Mobile number.** The first part of the mobile number is always 870, which is the “country code” for the BGAN system. If the mobile numbers are listed in the web interface, you can look them up as follows:

Connect a computer, access the web interface and select **PHONE BOOK > Mobile numbers**. For further information, see *To view and edit the mobile numbers* on page 56. If the mobile numbers are not available in the web interface, refer to the documents included with your airtime subscription.

To receive a voice mail message

If a call to the SAILOR FleetBroadband system is not answered the caller can leave a voice mail message with Inmarsat’s voice mail service. Then an SMS is sent to the SAILOR FleetBroadband messaging system to alert you that there is a voice message. The SMS has the contents:

- Number called from
- Date and time the voice mail message has been received
- Number to call to listen to the voice mail message

To see that a new SMS has arrived you open the web interface. For further details see *To receive a message* on page 61.

To make local phone calls

You can make local calls between phones connected to the terminal.

Local phone numbers always start with 0.

For an overview of the numbers assigned to each type of interface, see *Local numbers and special-purpose numbers* in the next section.

To make a local call, dial **<local number>** followed by **#** or off-hook key.

1. The plus sign indicates the code required to dial out of one's country code area, such as 00 in most of Europe, 011 in the United States, and other short codes in other parts of the world.

Dialing functions

Local numbers and special-purpose numbers

There are a number of dialing functions available in the terminal. The following list shows the allocated special-purpose numbers for the terminal.

Note Remember the “0” at the start when you dial a local phone number. If you accidentally dial a 3-digit number, you may get a service provider’s short dial number instead of a local number.

Number	Function
0 * followed by # or off-hook key	Redial last called number on this interface.
00 * followed by # or off-hook key	Redial last answered call on this interface. Note: If the last answered number is unlisted, you are not allowed to dial back.
00 followed by one of the numbers 1-199 and # or off-hook key	Short dial phone numbers in phone book.
0301 followed by # or off-hook key	Local call to analog phone.
0500 followed by # or off-hook key	Local call broadcast to all IP handsets.
0 followed by one of the numbers 501-504 and # or off-hook key	Local call to IP handset.

Dialing prefixes

Apart from the numbers above, the terminal uses the following dialing prefixes:

- **1*** before the phone number will force the connection to use **Standard Voice**.
- **2*** before the phone number will force the connection to use **3.1 kHz Audio**.
- **#31#** before the phone number will hide the caller’s phone number to the recipient.
- ***31#** before the phone number will show the caller’s phone number to the recipient where it would otherwise be hidden, e.g. because the number is an ex-directory number.
- For analog 2-wire telephones, use the R key during a call to get access to a supplementary services function. The supplementary services functions supported by the terminal are described in the following sections.

To handle waiting calls

During a call, if a second party tries to call you, you may hear a Call Waiting indication. The Call Waiting indication is two beeps and a pause of 3 seconds, then two beeps again etc. If no action is taken, the waiting call is released.

In the web interface you can enable or disable the call waiting indication. For further information, see *Call waiting* on page 83.

Note

Different types of phone have different methods/keys for the functions listed below. If you have another type of phone than the ones listed below, refer to the documentation for your phone/handset.

Analog 2-wire phones with R key: When you receive a Call Waiting indication, you have the following options:

If you want to:	Do as follows (standard 2-wire phone):
Clear the current call, and accept the waiting call.	Press R 1 #
Hold the current call, and accept the waiting call.	Press R 2 #
Ignore the waiting call.	Take no action.
Reject the waiting call.	Press R 0 #

To hold a call

During a call, you may place the initial call on hold while another call is made.

Note Different types of phone have different methods/keys for the functions listed below. If you have another type of phone than the ones listed below, refer to the documentation for your phone/handset.

IP Handset from Cobham SATCOM:

Select **Options > Hold** in the IP Handset. For further details, refer to the section “Handling calls” in the user manual for the IP Handset.

Analog 2-wire phones with R key:

If you want to:	Do as follows (standard 2-wire phone):
Place a call on hold.	Press R 2 # .
Place the existing call on hold and establish a new call.	Press R and dial the second phone number followed by # .
Shuttle between the two calls.	Press R 2 # (irrespective of whether the second call was acquired using Call Hold or acceptance of Call Waiting.)
Clear the held call, if no waiting call exists.	Press R 0 # .
Clear an active call and return to the held call.	Press R 1 # . Note that this is only possible if no waiting call exists.

To transfer a call

When you receive a call, you can transfer this call to another phone connected to the terminal.

Note | Different types of phone have different methods/keys for the functions listed below. If you have another type of phone than the ones listed below, refer to the documentation for your phone/handset.

IP Handset from Cobham SATCOM:

Select **Options > Transfer** in the IP Handset. For further details, refer to the section “Handling calls” in the user manual for the IP Handset.

Analog 2-wire phones with R key:

Do as follows to transfer a call:

1. Press **R 4 * <local number> #**.
The phone with the local number you dialed starts to ring.
2. You now have two options.
 - Hang up. The phone or headset you transferred the call to continues to ring. When the call is answered, a connection is established between the initial caller and the new recipient.
 - Do not hang up. When the new recipient answers, you can have a conversation before you hang up. When you hang up, the call is handed over to the initial caller.

To send or receive a fax message

To handle delays

When you send or receive fax messages over satellite, both fax units must be able to handle longer delays without timing out. Some fax machines have an Overseas mode, which enables the unit to handle the long delays.

To send a fax message from the terminal

Note

The 3.1 kHz service used for fax is only available in elevations > 20°.

If the default setting in the web interface is not 3.1 kHz Audio, you can dial 2 * before the number to force the connection to use 3.1 kHz Audio. For further information, see *To override the default outgoing call type* on page 25.

The fax machine must be connected to the Phone interface of the terminal. Refer to the installation manual.

3.1 kHz Audio must be used for an analog fax machine. Refer to *To select the default outgoing call type* on page 24.

To send a fax from a fax machine connected to the terminal, dial

00 <country code> <phone number> #

Example: To send a fax to Cobham SATCOM in Denmark (+45 39558888), dial **00 45 39558888 #**

To send a fax message to the terminal

To send a fax message to the terminal, dial

+ <Mobile number> #

- **+** is the international call prefix¹ used in front of the country code for international calls.
- **Mobile number.** The first part of the mobile number is always 870, which is the “country code” for the BGAN system. Use the 3.1 kHz mobile number. If the mobile numbers are listed in the web interface, you can look them up as follows:

Connect a computer, access the web interface and select **PHONE BOOK > Mobile numbers**. For further information, see *To view and edit the mobile numbers* on page 56. If the mobile numbers are not available in the web interface, see your airtime subscription.

To receive a fax message

An analog fax machine connected to the terminal can only receive a fax with 3.1 kHz Audio. Refer to *To select the incoming call type* on page 25.

1. The plus sign indicates the code required to dial out of one's country code area, such as 00 in most of Europe, 011 in the United States, and other short codes in other parts of the world.

Multi-voice (optional)

You can add Multi-voice to your airtime subscription, enabling you to have up to 4 simultaneous calls. You can subscribe to Multi-voice with or without additional numbers.

Note You must have Multi-voice in your airtime subscription, IP Handset software version minimum 1.13 and terminal software version minimum 1.15, in order to support the Multi-voice function.

To enable Multi-voice, do as follows:

1. Enter the web interface of your terminal.
2. Select **Administration > Multi-voice**.
3. Enable Multi-voice.

You are now ready to use Multi-voice. See *Rules for concurrent calls* below.

Note If you have additional numbers in your airtime subscription, you must set up how the system should use them. See the sections *Handset contexts with additional numbers* on page 33 and *Additional numbers for Multi-voice* on page 36.

For details on how to set up Multi-voice using the web interface, see *Multi-voice* on page 112.

Rules for concurrent calls

- **First call initiated:** You can use **any connected handset** and **any call type** for incoming as well as outgoing calls.
- **Second and subsequent calls:** You can **only use handsets connected to the LAN interface** for calls initiated/received while another call is active. The call type for the second and subsequent calls is **always Standard Voice**.

Note If your system includes Voice Distress: Distress and Urgency calls to and from the Distress IP Handset always come through.

Handset contexts with additional numbers

Calls to the terminal are treated differently depending on the handset context. If additional numbers are used, there are 3 possible handset contexts, which are explained in this section:

- Call type groups
- Directly assigned handsets
- Unassigned handsets

The handsets are called using one of the mobile numbers received from your airtime provider.

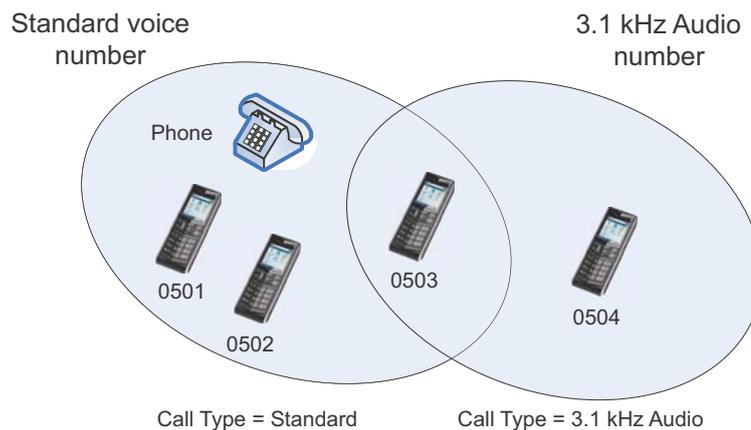
Call type groups

The handsets are called using one of the mobile numbers for either Standard Voice or 3.1 kHz audio. All handsets in a group will ring when the belonging number is called.

For information on how to associate a handset with a group, see

- *To set the call types for IP handsets on page 87*
- *To configure the Phone/Fax interface on page 78*

Example of call type groups:



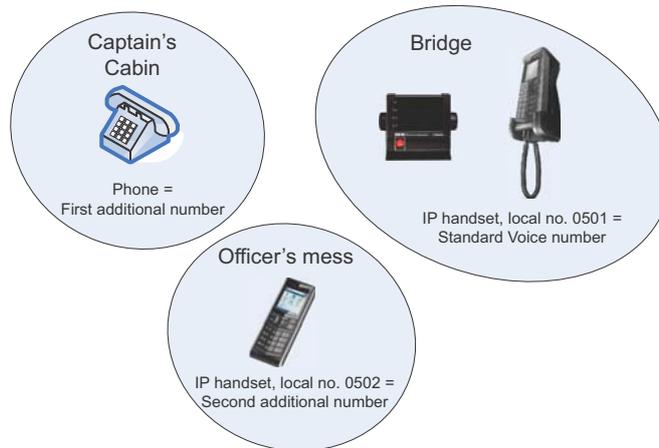
Directly assigned handsets

The mobile numbers are assigned to individual handsets. Only the assigned handset will ring when the belonging number is called.

Note To use this feature you must have additional numbers in your airtime subscription and enable the use of additional numbers in the web interface. Then you can assign the numbers to individual handsets. For details on additional numbers, see *Additional numbers for Multi-voice* on page 36.

For information on how to assign a number to a handset, see

- *To set the call types for IP handsets on page 87*
- *To configure the Phone/Fax interface on page 78*

Example of directly assigned handsets:

Note that you can also assign the call type numbers directly (in the example above, the Standard Voice number is assigned to IP handset number 0501). If you do so, be aware that only the assigned handset can receive a call to this number. The handset connected to the Phone port and the IP handset no. 0501 are each assigned an additional number. For details on additional numbers, see *Additional numbers for Multi-voice* on page 36.

Unassigned handsets

These are IP handsets that are not assigned a number, and that do not belong to a call type group. Use this handset context if you want to create a group of IP handsets that can be called together. All unassigned IP handsets will ring when you call a mobile number which has not been assigned to a handset.

To make an IP handset unassigned, clear all call types and the **Assigned number** field when setting up the handsets in the web interface. See *To set the call types for IP handsets* on page 87.

Example of unassigned handsets

Call to a mobile number which is in the subscription but not assigned to any handset



Additional numbers for Multi-voice

Note You must have Multi-voice with additional numbers in your airtime subscription to be able to use this feature.

In addition to the phone numbers for incoming Standard Voice and 3.1 kHz Audio, your subscription may include extra phone numbers that can be assigned to specific handsets. If you want to use the additional phone numbers in your subscription, you must set up the following in the web interface:

- Enable the use of additional numbers in the web interface under **ADMINISTRATION > Multi-voice**. See *Multi-voice* on page 112.
- Add the additional numbers from your airtime subscription under **PHONE BOOK > MOBILE NUMBERS > ADDITIONAL NUMBERS**.
- Assign the numbers to handsets. Depending on the handset interface you want to use, see *To configure the Phone/Fax interface* on page 78 and/or *To set the call types for IP handsets* on page 87.

Note about billing

Note that handsets using the 2-wire interface cannot be billed individually but are always billed against the primary MSISDN (the terminal's mobile number for Standard voice or 3.1 kHz Audio).

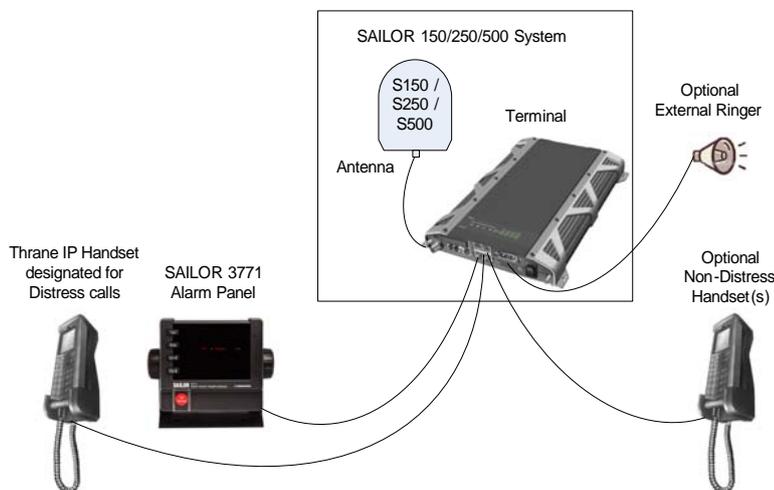
Voice Distress (optional)

With the Voice Distress feature you can make Distress and Urgency calls using the FleetBroadband service.

Note Your airtime subscription must include Voice Distress and your FleetBroadband system must be set up for Voice Distress to be able to use this feature. See *Voice Distress* on page 113.

The software version of the IP Handset used for Distress must be at least version 1.12, in order to support the Voice Distress function.

The Voice Distress system includes a FleetBroadband system, a SAILOR 3771 Alarm Panel and an IP Handset.



To make a Distress call: Push and hold the red button on the alarm panel for 5 seconds. When the Distress IP Handset rings, pick up the phone. You are now put through to the nearest rescue centre. Follow the procedure for Voice Distress calls.

For details on the Voice Distress system and how to make a Distress call, see the Voice Distress (Non-SOLAS) User manual, 98-133687.

To use a computer

Interfaces

The terminal has two LAN connectors for computers, IP Handsets or other LAN equipment.



For information on how to connect to the interfaces, see the installation manual for the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System.

Router function

The terminal has a router function which routes traffic between the local network connected to the terminal and network connections or PDP contexts on the BGAN network.

The router contains NAT (Network Address Translation) which allows you to share a public IP address between a number of local network users.

For further information on network management, see *To set up the LAN network* on page 68.

To work with network user groups

Two network user groups are available to the users of the terminal:

- **The Default group:** By default, all users belong to the Default network user group, which provides a shared Standard connection to the Internet using the built-in router functionality of the terminal. This group does not allow Bridge mode.
- **Group 0:** A second group used for Bridge mode connection (Bridge mode is an exclusive connection, with NAT disabled in the terminal).
If you want to have a direct Bridge mode connection use this network user group.

For further details, see *To set up the LAN network* on page 68.

To connect to the Internet

Default setup

By default, any IP device that is connected to the terminal belongs to the **Default** network user group. It uses a Standard shared IP connection, which you must manually activate from the web interface. For further information on network user groups, see *To set up a Bridge mode connection* on page 71 and *To set up the Default network user group* on page 69.

To access your data sessions

Data sessions available for the current user are displayed under **PROFILES ON LAN** at the bottom of the **DASHBOARD**.

ONGOING DATA SESSIONS	ONGOING CALLS
(No active data sessions)	(No active calls)
PROFILES ON LAN (DEFAULT GROUP)	
Start Standard	
<input type="button" value="Refresh"/>	

- Profiles that are currently active are displayed as a link with the text “Stop <name of profile>”.
- Profiles ready to be activated are displayed as a link with the text “Start <name of profile>”.

Start/stop Standard IP on the LAN interface

By default, Standard IP is not automatically activated on the terminal. If you want Standard IP to be automatically activated at start-up, the administrator can enable automatic activation under **SETTINGS > LAN > Network user groups**. For details, see *To set up the Default network user group* on page 69.

When automatic activation is disabled in the Network user groups page, you can manually start/stop your Standard IP profile from the Dashboard: Click **Start <name of profile>** or **Stop <name of profile>** under **PROFILES ON LAN** at the bottom of the page.

ONGOING DATA SESSIONS	ONGOING CALLS
(No active data sessions)	(No active calls)
PROFILES ON LAN (DEFAULT GROUP)	
Start Standard	
<input type="button" value="Refresh"/>	

To access the terminal from a remote location

To prepare the terminal for remote management

There are three steps you must go through before you can access the terminal from a remote location:

1. Set up the terminal for control from a remote location as described in *Remote management* on page 107.
2. Activate a data connection in one of the following ways:
 - Remote start of a data connection with an SMS, see *Remote activation* on page 108 and *To activate a data connection with an SMS* below.
 - Automatic activation of a Standard data connection, see step 10. on page 72 in *To set up the Default network user group*.
 - Manual activation of a data connection, see *Start/stop Standard IP on the LAN interface* on page 39.
3. Note the terminal's external IP address, found in one of the following ways:
 - If you are using SMS activation, you will receive an SMS with the IP address.
 - Otherwise, connect a computer locally to the terminal and start the web interface. The IP address of the terminal is shown in the Dashboard under ONGOING DATA SESSIONS (in parenthesis).

This is the IP address you must use afterwards to access the terminal.

Note

If Static IP is included in your airtime subscription, we recommend that you use this static public IP address for the terminal in order to provide easy access to the terminal. For information on how to set up a static IP address, refer to step 6. on page 70 in the section *To set up the Default network user group*.

To activate a data connection with an SMS

To be able to activate a data connection on the terminal from a remote location, the terminal must be set up as described in *Remote activation* on page 108.

Send an SMS to the mobile number of the terminal. The activation SMS must have the following format for activating and deactivating a connection:

- `ACTIVATE <name of network user group> : <name of profile> <password>`
- `DEACTIVATE <name of network user group> : <name of profile> <password>`

For details on network user groups see *Network user groups* on page 68.

Activation	SMS examples
Standard data connection in the default network user group	<code>ACTIVATE default group:standard 1234567890</code>

To access the terminal using web interface

After you have prepared the terminal as described in the previous sections, do as follows to access it:

1. Make sure your remote computer has access to the Internet.
2. On the remote computer, open your web browser.
3. Enter the IP address of the terminal followed by a colon and the port number **http://<ip address>:<incoming port>**.
 - <ip address> is the address from step 3. above.
 - <incoming port> is the port you defined in *Remote management* on page 107.

Example: If the IP address of the terminal is 161.30.180.12 and the incoming port number defined in the Remote management page in the web interface is 8080, enter **http://161.30.180.12:8080**.

You should now be connected to the built-in web interface of the terminal from your remote computer.

To access the terminal using AT commands

After you have prepared the terminal as described in the previous sections, do as follows to access it:

1. Make sure your remote computer has access to the Internet.
2. On the remote computer, start a Telnet session.
3. Select TCP/IP and type in the IP address and port number.
The IP address is the external IP address of the terminal (see step 3. on page 40).
The port number is the number defined in the Remote management page under AT commands (see page 107).
4. When the connection is established, type in your AT commands.

To use PPPoE (Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet)

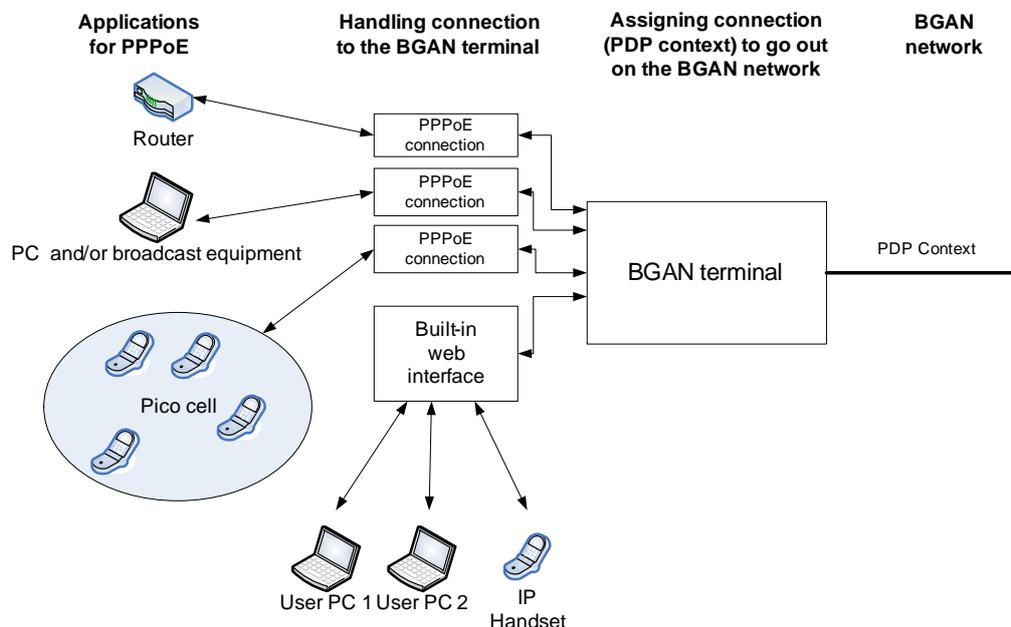
Overview

You can establish a PPPoE connection to the BGAN network using the SAILOR FleetBroadband system. Use PPPoE if you want to control your connection independently of the web interface and the IP Handset.

Possible applications are:

- Connect a router
- Connect broadcast equipment, optionally through a PC
- Establish a Picocell for the use of cell phones

The following drawing shows connections managed through PPPoE and web interface respectively.



To configure the connected equipment for PPPoE

To use PPPoE with your SAILOR FleetBroadband system, first enable PPPoE in your terminal. Refer to *To enable PPPoE (Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet)* on page 76.

After you have enabled PPPoE in the terminal, you must configure your equipment.

How to do this depends on the type of equipment. Refer to the user documentation of the equipment. As a minimum, you need to configure the following parameters in your equipment in order to make PPPoE work with the terminal:

- User name and password.
The user name and password can be left blank (or insert user name: **void** and password: **void**). Then the registration on the Access Point is most commonly done in such a way

that the data connection is established with a dynamic IP address from the airtime provider.

To request a static IP (if subscribed to) from the Access Point you must type in the user name and password from your airtime subscription.

Note for MAC OS: User name and password are required. Use user name **void** and password **void**. This works for some ISPs. Contact your airtime provider for further information.

- For setups that have a check box for “Enable LCP extensions”, deselect this.

No further configuration is needed to make a Standard IP data connection to the Internet.

See the table below for information on how to configure specific services for your PPPoE connection.

If you need a certain service, you must type in a specified text string when asked for a service name. The following table shows the service names supported by the terminal.

Text to type in the Service Name field	Function
(Blank)	Initiates a Primary Standard Data connection (default)
XBB:BACKGROUND	Initiates a Primary Standard Data connection (Same as blank!)
XBB:<AT String>	This allows the PPPoE clients to enter a full AT context activation string. Example: XBB:AT+CGDCONT=1,ip,"bgan.inmarsat.com"

To track the terminal

The SAILOR FleetBroadband system can be used for tracking purposes. You can set up the terminal to report its position to a server at certain time intervals or after moving a specified distance.

To use the tracking feature you must either set up a tracking server or get a tracking solution from your service provider. The SAILOR FleetBroadband system must be set up to match this server. For information how to set up the SAILOR FleetBroadband system, see *To set up Tracking* on page 93. Once set up on both sides, the SAILOR FleetBroadband system will send position reports to the server as specified.

To use the IP Handset

You can use the IP Handset as a user interface for the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System as well as for making calls.

The IP Handset has a dedicated menu for the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System. You find a list of the menu items available in *The IP Handset* on page 21.

For information on how to start up the IP Handset, see *To connect the IP handset* on page 13.

For information on how to set up the terminal for IP handsets, see *To manage IP handsets* on page 85.

For further information on how to use the IP Handset, refer to the IP Handset User Manual.

To use the web interface

This chapter describes how to use the web interface to operate, set up and configure your SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System. It has the following sections:

- *Introduction*
- *To enter the SIM PIN in the web interface*
- *To use the Dashboard*
- *To use the phone book*
- *To use the Call log*
- *To handle SMS messages*
- *To set up the interfaces*
- *To upload software*
- *To select the preferred BGAN satellite*
- *To select the language*
- *Administration*
- *Help desk and diagnostic report*
- *Event logging and self test*
- *Site map*

Introduction

The web interface

What is the web interface?

The web interface is built into the terminal and is used to operate, set up and configure the system. You can access the web interface from a computer with a standard Internet browser.

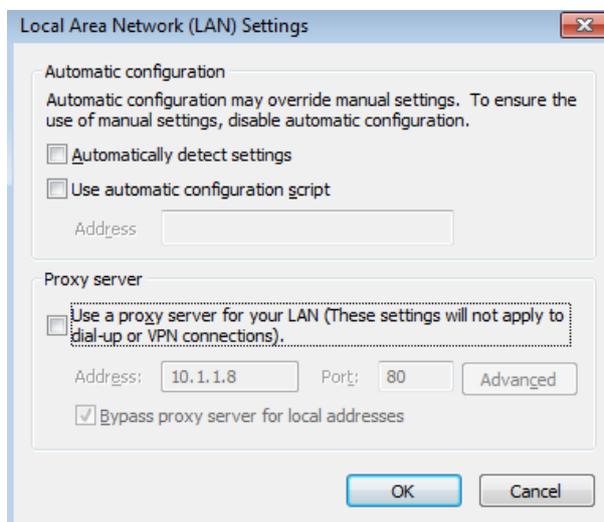
Proxy settings when you access the web interface

If you are connecting your computer using a LAN or WLAN interface, the **Proxy server** settings in your browser must be disabled before accessing the web interface. Most browsers support disabling of the Proxy server settings for one specific IP address, so you can disable Proxy server settings for the web interface only, if you wish. Consult your browser help for information.

To disable the use of a Proxy server completely, do as follows:

Note The following description is for **Microsoft Internet Explorer**. If you are using a different browser, the procedure may be different.

1. In Microsoft Internet Explorer, select **Tools > Internet Options > Connections > LAN Settings**.



2. Clear the box labeled **Use a proxy server for your LAN**.
3. Click **OK**.

When the proxy server settings are disabled, close and restart your browser. You may need to change this setting back on return to your Internet connection.

To access and navigate the web interface

To access the web interface

To access the web interface, do as follows:

1. Connect your computer to the terminal.
2. Start up the terminal.
For details, see *To get started* on page 10.
3. Open your browser and enter the IP address of the terminal in the address bar. The default IP address of the terminal is **http://192.168.0.1**.
If your connected computer is set up to obtain a DNS server address automatically, you should also be able to use **http://ut.bgan** which is then translated into the local IP address of the terminal.

Note

If the IP address is changed and you do not have the new address, you can temporarily set the IP address to the default value: Push the **Reset** button next to the SIM slot in the connector panel of the terminal. You can then access the web interface and change the IP address.

Note that if you do not change the IP address, the default IP address will only be valid until the terminal is powered off. Then the terminal returns to the IP address from before the Reset button was pushed.

For further information on the Reset button, see *Reset button* on page 137.

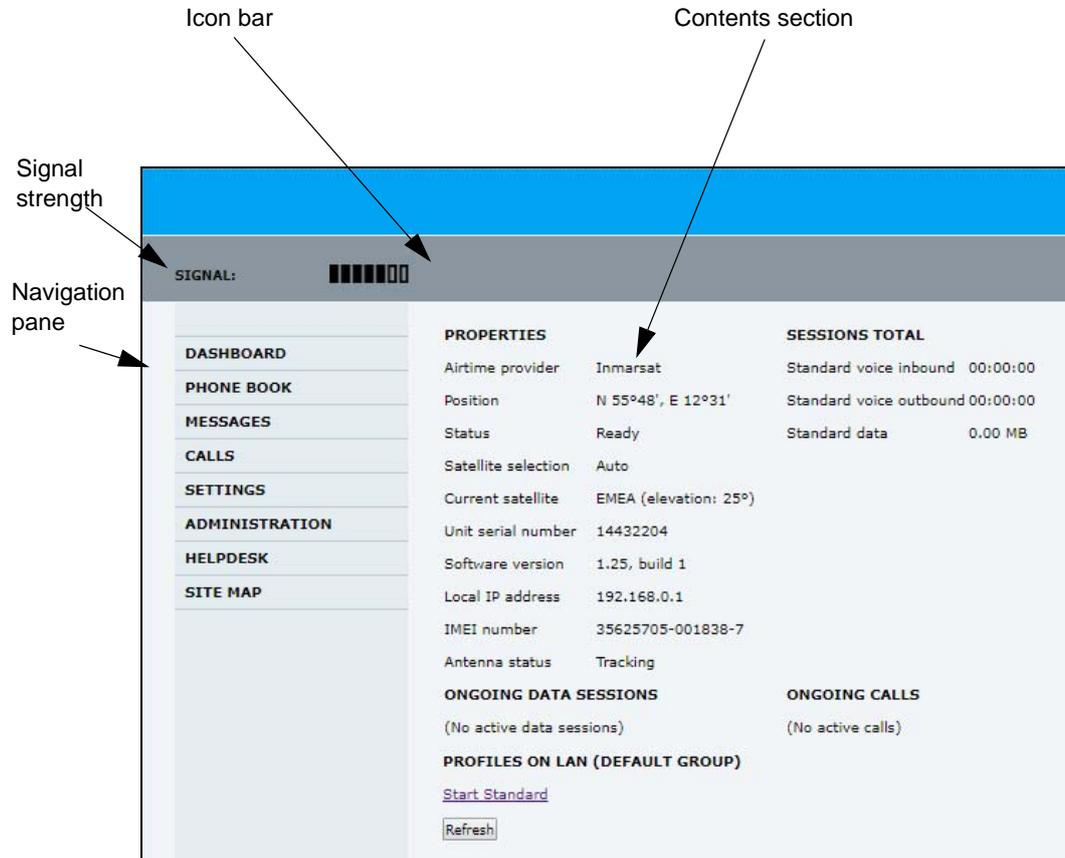
To change the language

When you have access to the web interface, if you want to display a different language than English, select **SETTINGS > LANGUAGE** from the left menu, select a language from the list and click **Apply**. For further information, see *To select the language* on page 98.

Overview of the web interface

When the web interface opens, the title bar of your browser shows the name of the product.

The web interface consists of the following sections.



- The **navigation pane** holds the main menu. Click an item in the menu to open a submenu in the navigation pane or a new page in the contents section.
- The **signal strength** of the satellite signal is shown graphically.
- The **icon bar** shows icons for new SMS messages and for active events, when relevant. For explanations of the icons, see the next section, *Icons in the icon bar*.
- The **contents section** shows the page selected in the navigation pane. In this section you can view or change settings or perform actions.

Icons in the icon bar

The following icons may appear in the icon bar in the web interface:

Icon	Explanation
	<p>A new SMS message, or information of Voice mail, has arrived.</p> <p>Click the icon to see new messages or information of Voice mail. For further information, see <i>To receive a message</i> on page 61.</p>
	<p>An event is active.</p> <p>Click the icon to see a list of active events. For explanations of the event messages, see <i>List of events</i> on page 127.</p> <p>Note that this icon will remain in the icon bar as long as the event is still active.</p>

To navigate the web interface

- **To expand a menu**, click the menu in the navigation pane.
- **To access status and settings**, click the relevant subject in the navigation pane or click the relevant icon in the icon bar. The status or settings are displayed in the contents section.
- **To see the site map**, click **SITE MAP** in the navigation pane. The site map lists all topics and submenus. Click on items in the site map to go directly to the relevant location.

To enter the SIM PIN in the web interface

Do you need a SIM PIN?

Note You may not have to enter a SIM PIN to access the terminal. This depends on whether or not the use of a SIM PIN is enabled on your SIM card. The administrator can enable and disable the use of a SIM PIN. For details, see *To set up the use of a SIM PIN in the terminal* on page 104.

If a computer is connected when you start up the terminal, you can access the web interface and enter the SIM PIN here.

To enter the SIM PIN

Note Using an Administrator user name and password you can change the PIN and enable or disable the use of a PIN. For further information, see *To set up the use of a SIM PIN in the terminal* on page 104.

If your SIM card requires a PIN, and the PIN has not yet been entered, you must enter it. When you access the web interface, it opens on the PIN page. Until you have entered the PIN you can only upload software and view the DASHBOARD. Access to all other parts of the web interface requires a PIN.

For information on how to enter the SIM PIN, see *To enter the SIM PIN using the web interface* on page 16.

When the correct PIN has been entered, the web interface opens the Dashboard and is ready for use.

Note Some parts of the web interface may be greyed out if the user permissions are limited. For information on how to set up user permissions, see *To set up user permissions* on page 106.

To use the Dashboard

Overview

The Dashboard is used for control and inspection of ongoing communication and to view properties and status of the terminal and antenna.

For information on how to start or stop your data sessions from the Dashboard, see *To connect to the Internet* on page 39.

The screenshot displays the Dashboard interface. At the top, a blue header bar is visible. Below it, a grey bar shows the signal strength indicator labeled 'SIGNAL:' with a bar chart. The main content area is divided into a left sidebar and a main panel. The sidebar contains a vertical list of menu items: DASHBOARD, PHONE BOOK, MESSAGES, CALLS, SETTINGS, ADMINISTRATION, HELPDESK, and SITE MAP. The main panel is split into two columns. The left column, titled 'PROPERTIES', lists various system details: Airtime provider (Inmarsat), Position (N 55°48', E 12°31'), Status (Ready), Satellite selection (Auto), Current satellite (EMEA (elevation: 25°)), Unit serial number (14432204), Software version (1.25, build 1), Local IP address (192.168.0.1), IMEI number (35625705-001838-7), and Antenna status (Tracking). The right column, titled 'SESSIONS TOTAL', shows usage statistics: Standard voice inbound (00:00:00), Standard voice outbound (00:00:00), and Standard data (0.00 MB). Below the properties, there are sections for 'ONGOING DATA SESSIONS' (No active data sessions) and 'ONGOING CALLS' (No active calls). At the bottom, a section titled 'PROFILES ON LAN (DEFAULT GROUP)' includes a link for 'Start Standard' and a 'Refresh' button.

Properties

The **PROPERTIES** section of the **DASHBOARD** shows the following information:

- **Airtime provider.** The name of your Airtime Provider.
- **Position.** The position of your SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System.

Note

In some cases, the BGAN network does not allow the position to be displayed to the user. If this is the case, the display may just show **Position acquired**. This means that the position is received, but not shown.

This also applies if the SAILOR FleetBroadband is not yet registered on the BGAN network, but the position is received.

- **Status.** The status of the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System.
The status can be one of the following:
 - **Scanning.** The terminal has instructed the antenna to scan for a BGAN signal. (The antenna status will show “Sky scan”)
 - **Searching.** The antenna has found a BGAN signal and the terminal is searching for a BGAN network in order to perform a registration. (The antenna status will show “Tracking”)
 - **Registering.** The terminal is trying to register with the Satellite Access Station (SAS).
 - **Ready.** The terminal has registered and connected to the SAS and is ready to accept a service request (a call or a data session).
 - **Data active.** The terminal has established a call or a data session through the BGAN network.
 - **No position fix.** The GNSS receiver has not yet achieved position fix. It may take some time to achieve position fix depending on a number of conditions. First of all, the antenna should have an unblocked view to as much of the sky as possible. The terminal will not be able to register with the SAS without a position fix.
 - **Not registered.** The terminal has not been able to register with the BGAN network.
- **Satellite selection.** The satellite selected for logon. For further information, see *To select the preferred BGAN satellite* on page 97.
- **Current satellite.** The satellite to which the system is currently logged on.
- **Unit serial number.** The serial number of the terminal.
- **Software version.** The version of the software embedded in the terminal.
- **Local IP address.** The local IP address of the terminal. This is the IP address used to access the terminal from a device connected to the terminal.
- **IMEI number.** The IMEI number (International Mobile Equipment Identity) of the terminal. This is a unique number that identifies your terminal.
- **Antenna status.** The status of the antenna.
The antenna status can be:
 - **Sky scan.** The antenna is searching for the BGAN signal.
 - **Tracking.** The antenna has found and locked to the BGAN signal. The antenna is now tracking the BGAN signal.
 - **No antenna.** No known antenna is detected by the terminal.

To view information on calls and data sessions

The following sections in the **Dashboard** show information on calls and data sessions.

Note The counters for calls and data sessions are only intended as a guide and cannot be used for direct comparison with your airtime bill.

- **ONGOING CALLS** is a list of calls that are currently active. The list shows the call type and the time connected for each call.
- **ONGOING DATA SESSIONS** is a list of data profiles that are currently active, including the external IP address that is assigned to each profile.
- **SESSIONS TOTAL** lists the totals for each connection. The list shows the time connected (hh:mm:ss) for voice, and MB transferred for Standard data.

The counters show totals for connections since the counters were last cleared. For information on how to clear the counters, see *Log handling* on page 103.

Note If power to the terminal is interrupted unintentionally, the totals may be slightly inaccurate at next startup.

The screenshot shows a web interface dashboard with a blue header and a grey navigation bar. The signal strength is indicated by a bar graph. The main content area is divided into several sections:

- Navigation Menu:** DASHBOARD, PHONE BOOK, MESSAGES, CALLS, SETTINGS, ADMINISTRATION, HELPDESK, SITE MAP.
- PROPERTIES:**
 - Airtime provider: Inmarsat
 - Position: N 55°48', E 12°31'
 - Status: Ready
 - Satellite selection: Auto
 - Current satellite: EMEA (elevation: 25°)
 - Unit serial number: 14432204
 - Software version: 1.25, build 1
 - Local IP address: 192.168.0.1
 - IMEI number: 35625705-001838-7
 - Antenna status: Tracking
- SESSIONS TOTAL:**
 - Standard voice inbound: 00:00:00
 - Standard voice outbound: 00:00:00
 - Standard data: 0.00 MB
- ONGOING DATA SESSIONS:** (No active data sessions)
- ONGOING CALLS:** (No active calls)
- PROFILES ON LAN (DEFAULT GROUP):**
 - [Start Standard](#)
 -

To use the phone book

General usage

Overview

In the phone book you can:

- Look up phone numbers.
- Look up short-dial numbers for easy dialing from a handset.
- Modify or delete existing names and phone numbers, or add new names and phone numbers.

Note If you use the IP Handset from Cobham SATCOM with the terminal, the contacts from this terminal phone book are included (read only) in your handset phone book.

To access the phone book

To access the phone book, select **PHONE BOOK** from the left navigation pane.

DASHBOARD	Entry	Name	Number	Actions
PHONE BOOK	1	Mr. Jones	004539558800	Edit/Delete
Mobile numbers	2	Mrs. Smith	004539558888	Edit/Delete
MESSAGES	3			New
CALLS	4			New
SETTINGS	5			New
ADMINISTRATION	6			New
HELPDESK	7			New
SITE MAP	8			New
	9			New
	10			New
	11			New
	12			New
	13			New
	14			New
	15			New
	16			New
	17			New
	18			New
	19			New
	20			New

[Delete all entries in phone book](#)

[1](#) [2](#) [3](#) [4](#) [5](#) [6](#) [7](#) [8](#) [9](#) [10](#)

The phone book shows all entries with entry number, name and phone number. Empty place holders are also included.

To sort the phone book, click the title of the column you wish to sort by. For example, to sort by the names in the phone book alphabetically, click on **Name** in the top row of the phone book.

The phone book holds 199 entries divided into subpages. To select the subpages you want, click the relevant link at the bottom of the page.

Short dial

The entry number in the phone book is the Short dial number. When you make a call from the terminal you can use this number instead of the entire phone number.

Dial **00 <short dial>** followed by **#** or off-hook key.

Example: To call the third entry in the phone book from an analog phone, take the phone off hook and dial **003 #**.

To edit phone book entries

To add a new entry

To add a new entry, do as follows:

1. In the phone book, locate the empty entry number where you want to add the new phone number and click **New**.
2. Type in the name and phone number of the new entry and click **Save entry**.
The new name and number are now listed at the specified entry number in the phone book.

To modify an entry in the phone book

To modify an entry, do as follows:

1. In the phone book, click **Edit** next to the entry you want to modify.
2. Modify the name or number as wanted and click **Save entry**.
The name and/or number in the selected entry is now replaced with the new information.

To delete an entry in the phone book

To delete an entry, click **Delete** next to the entry you want to delete.

To delete all entries in the phone book

To delete all the entries in the phone book, click **Delete all entries in phone book** at the bottom of the **PHONE BOOK** page.

To view and edit the mobile numbers

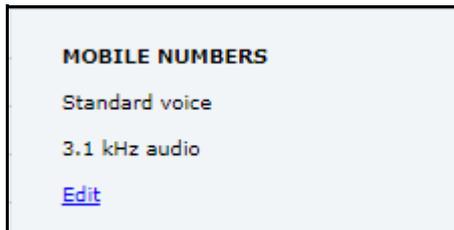
The mobile numbers are the phone numbers to use when you make a call to the terminal.

To view the mobile numbers

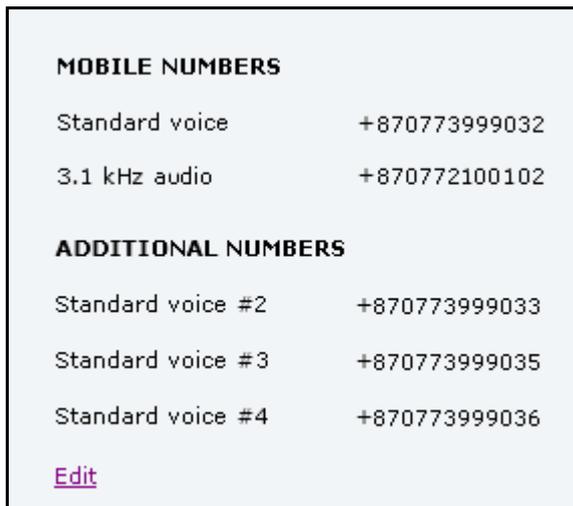
To view the mobile numbers of the terminal, select **PHONE BOOK > Mobile numbers** from the left navigation pane.

Note

These numbers are not listed at delivery. The user must enter the numbers received from the Airtime Provider.



Additional numbers: If you have additional numbers in your subscription, you can enter them as well. Below is an example of a Mobile numbers list with additional numbers.



To enter or edit the mobile numbers

To enter or edit the mobile numbers, click **Edit** at the bottom of the page, type in the numbers received from your Airtime Provider and click **OK**.

To use the Call log

Note

If power to the system is interrupted, the information on the currently ongoing calls (connection time) and data sessions (transferred data) cannot be saved. This could mean that the airtime and bandwidth usage registered in the Call log will be inaccurate and there is a risk of being charged for more airtime than registered in the web interface.

Information on total usage

To enter the CALLS page select **CALLS** from the left navigation pane. This page contains information on usage for circuit-switched connections.

The listed information includes:

- time connected using Standard Voice and
- time connected using 3.1 kHz Audio.

SIGNAL:	■■■■■■■■
DASHBOARD	TOTAL USAGE Standard voice: 00:20:39 3.1 kHz Audio: 00:00:14 Export call log to file
PHONE BOOK	
MESSAGES	
CALLS	
Outgoing calls	
Received calls	
Missed calls	
Standard data sessions	
SETTINGS	
ADMINISTRATION	
HELPDESK	
SITE MAP	

To export the call log

You can export the call log file and save it on your computer for archiving, surveillance or other tracking purposes.

The call log holds information on all calls and data sessions since the call log was last cleared. For information on how to view the lists of calls and data sessions, see the next section.

To export the entire call log to a file, do as follows:

1. In the **CALLS** page, click the link **Export call log to file**.
2. Browse to the location where you want to save the log.
3. Click **OK**.

To view the lists of calls and data sessions

To see information on outgoing, received or missed calls or data sessions, select one of the following lists from the left navigation pane in the **CALLS** page:

- **Outgoing calls** shows the start time, receiving end phone number, duration, type (Standard or 3.1 kHz Audio) and estimated charge of each outgoing call.
- **Received calls** shows the start time, calling phone number, duration and type (Standard or 3.1 kHz Audio) of each incoming call.
- **Missed calls** shows the start time, calling phone number and type (Standard or 3.1 kHz Audio) of each incoming call that was not received.
- **Standard data sessions** shows the start time, bytes in, bytes out and estimated charge of each Standard IP session.

Date and time is the international UTC time, received from the satellite.

For information on the available types of service, see *The BGAN services supported by SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband* on page 7.

Note The estimated charge is based on your entries under ADMINISTRATION > Call charges. Thrane & Thrane A/S does not take responsibility for the correctness of this estimated charge.

You can sort each of the lists by clicking the title of the column you wish to sort by.

If a list covers more than one page, you can click the relevant link at the bottom of the page, to go to another page.

When there are more than 100 calls in the total list, the oldest calls are automatically removed to make room for new calls.

To handle SMS messages

To send an SMS message

Important

If the terminal is not online when you attempt to send a message, the message is moved to the Outbox instead of the Sent folder. Messages in the Outbox are **not** automatically sent when the terminal goes online. For further information on the Outbox, see the next section, *Options for messages in the Outbox*.

To make sure a message has been sent, check that it has been moved to the Sent folder.

To send an SMS message **from** the terminal, do as follows:

1. Click **MESSAGES** from the left navigation pane. This page contains new incoming messages.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Write message**.

SIGNAL: ■■■■■■

WRITE NEW MESSAGE:

Please note that text over 160 characters will be sent as multiple messages.

This will be sent as message(s)

Delivery notification: Yes No

Recipient:

3. Type in the message in the **Write new message** field. If the message text is too long for one SMS, the message is sent as two or more SMS messages. The field below the message field shows the number of SMS messages used to send the message.
4. Type in the phone number in the **Recipient** field. Remember **00** and **country code** (e.g. **00 45** for Denmark or **00 1** for USA).
5. Select whether or not you want **Delivery notification** for this SMS message.

If you click Yes, the Status column in the Sent folder will show the status of your message when it has been sent.

You can set up delivery notification generally for all SMS messages. This setting is used by default when you send a message. For further information, see *To configure message settings* on page 62.

6. Click **Send**.

The message is now sent and moved to the Sent folder.

Options for messages in the Outbox

Messages in the Outbox are messages that have not been sent, e.g. because the terminal was not online when you attempted to send the messages.

To access the Outbox, click **MESSAGES > Outbox** from the navigation pane.

You have the following options for messages in the Outbox:

- When the terminal is online, click **Resend** next to the message you want to send. When the **Write message** page opens, click **Send**.
The terminal now attempts to send the message again. To make sure the message has been sent, look in the Sent folder.
- Click **Delete** next to a message to delete it.
- Click **Delete all messages in Outbox** to delete all the messages.

Options for messages in the Sent folder

The Sent folder contains SMS messages that have been sent. To access the Sent folder, select **MESSAGES > Sent** from the navigation pane.

The Status column shows the status of each message if you have selected Delivery notification when you send the message.

From the Sent folder you have the following options:

- Click **Resend** next to a message you want to send again.
When the Write message page opens, click **Send**.
The terminal now attempts to send the message again. To make sure the message has been sent, look in the Sent folder. There should now be two copies of the sent message.
- Click **Forward** next to a message you want to forward.
Type in the phone number of the new recipient and click **Send**.
The terminal now attempts to send the message to the new recipient. To make sure the message has been sent, look in the Sent folder.
- Click **Delete** next to a message to delete it.
- Click **Delete all sent messages** to delete all the messages.

To send an SMS message to the terminal

You can send an SMS message to the terminal e.g. from a mobile phone, using one of the mobile numbers for the terminal. Dial

+ <Mobile number>

The first part of the mobile number is always 870, which is the “country code” for the BGAN system. If the mobile numbers are listed in the web interface, you can look them up as follows:

Select **PHONE BOOK > Mobile numbers**. If the mobile numbers are not listed in the web interface, refer to the documents provided with your airtime subscription.

Note | There are two Voice numbers, one for 3.1 kHz Audio and one for Standard Voice.

To receive a message

If a message has arrived, the icon bar at the top of the web interface shows an unopened envelope. Click the envelope to see the new message(s).

Otherwise, to see new messages click **MESSAGES** from the left navigation pane.

The page shows new incoming messages.

Note | The terminal does not accept more than 100 incoming messages (including read and unread messages). If you have received 100 messages, you must delete some of them in order to free space for new messages. Otherwise, the new messages are rejected.

If the message is not an SMS message but information of voice mail, call your Voice mail service number to hear the Voice mail. The Voice mail service number is normally listed in the SMS message.

You may also find the Voice mail service number under **MESSAGES > Message settings**. Note that the voice mail number is only shown here if it is available on the SIM card. Otherwise, refer to the information included with your Airtime subscription.

Options for new SMS messages

To see new messages, click **MESSAGES** from the left navigation pane.

Besides viewing the new messages, you have a number of options for what to do with each message:

- Click **Archive** to move it to your Inbox containing read messages.
- Click **Reply** to reply to a message.
Then type in your reply and click **Send**.
For information on how to include the original message in your reply, see *To set up the default message options* on page 62.
- Click **Forward** to forward a message to someone.
Then type in the phone number in the **Recipient** field and click **Send**.
- If you want to move all the new messages, click **Move all new messages to Inbox**.

Note | New messages cannot be deleted until they have been moved to the Inbox.

Options for SMS messages in the Inbox

The messages in the Inbox are the incoming messages that have been read and moved from the list of new messages (refer to the previous section).

From the Inbox, you have the following options:

- Click **Reply** to reply to a message.
Then type in your reply and click **Send**.
For information on how to include the original message in your reply, see *To set up the default message options* on page 62.
- Click **Forward** to forward a message to someone.
Then type in the phone number in the **Recipient** field and click **Send**.
- Click **Delete** to delete the message.
- Click **Delete all messages in Inbox** to delete all read messages in the Inbox.

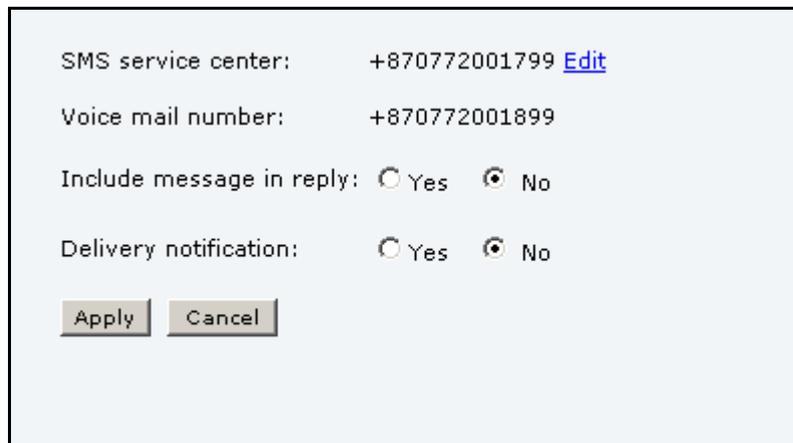
To configure message settings

To set up the default message options

You can set up general options for your outgoing messages. These settings apply by default to all your outgoing messages. Note, however, that you can change the Delivery notification setting for an individual message. For further information, see *To send an SMS message* on page 59.

Do as follows:

1. Select **MESSAGES > Message settings** from the left navigation pane.



The screenshot shows a settings dialog box with the following fields and options:

SMS service center:	+870772001799	Edit
Voice mail number:	+870772001899	
Include message in reply:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Delivery notification:	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No

At the bottom of the dialog are two buttons: **Apply** and **Cancel**.

2. If you want to include the original message when you reply, select **Yes** next to **Include message in reply**.
3. Select whether or not you want **Delivery notification** for SMS messages.
If you click Yes, the Status column in the Sent folder will show the status of your message when it has been sent.
4. Click **Apply**.

To view or change SMS service centre number

The SMS service centre number identifies the SMS service centre used when you send and receive SMS messages. The SMS service centre number is stored on the SIM card.

- To see the SMS service centre number, select **MESSAGES > Message settings** from the left navigation pane.
- To change the number, click **Edit** next to **SMS service centre**, change the number and click **Save**. Then click **Apply** to apply all changes in the page.

The SMS service centre number is provided from your Airtime Provider.

To view the Voice mail number

You get an SMS notification in the web interface when you have received Voice mail. The Voice mail number is the number you call to hear your incoming voice mail.

Note | The Voice mail number is only listed if it is available on the SIM card. Otherwise, refer to the information included with your Airtime subscription.

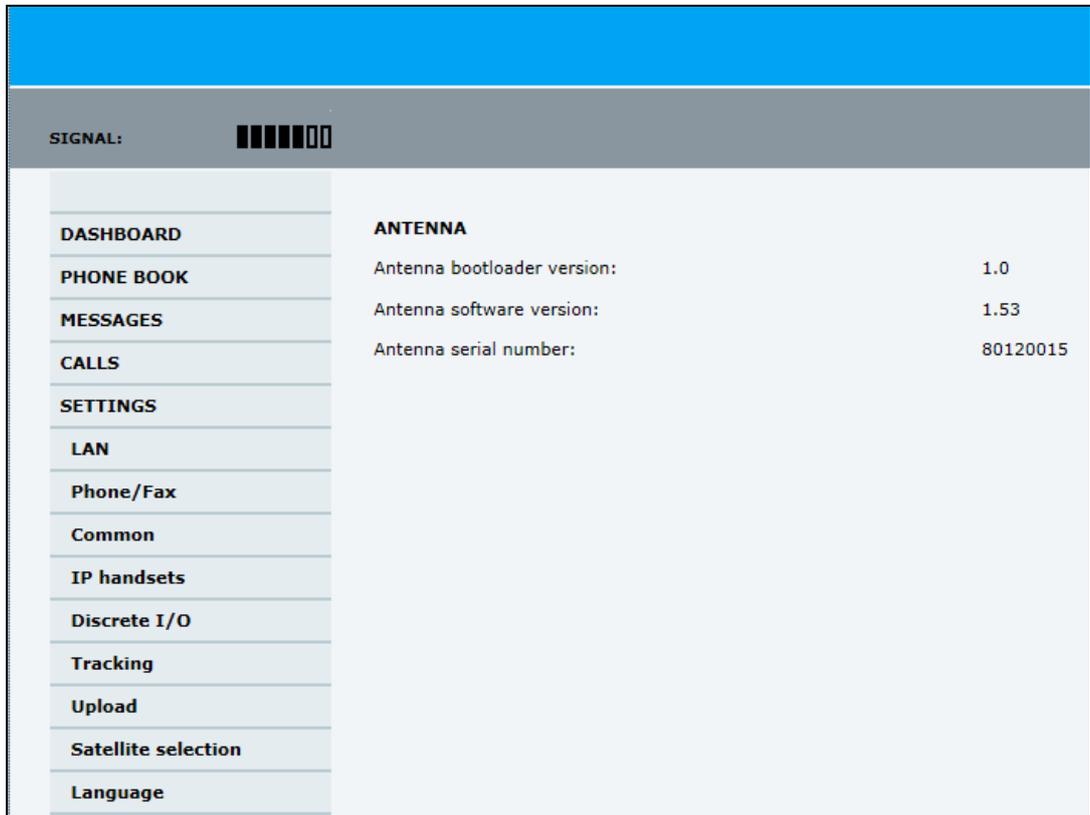
To see the Voice mail number, select **MESSAGES > Message settings** from the left navigation pane. The **Voice mail number** field shows the Voice mail number.

To set up the interfaces

The SETTINGS page (Antenna properties)

The **SETTINGS** page shows properties of the connected antenna.

To access the **SETTINGS** page, select **SETTINGS** from the left navigation pane.



The screenshot shows a web interface with a blue header bar. Below the header is a grey bar with the text "SIGNAL:" followed by a signal strength indicator consisting of six vertical bars of varying heights. The main content area is divided into two columns. The left column is a navigation menu with the following items: DASHBOARD, PHONE BOOK, MESSAGES, CALLS, SETTINGS (highlighted), LAN, Phone/Fax, Common, IP handsets, Discrete I/O, Tracking, Upload, Satellite selection, and Language. The right column is titled "ANTENNA" and displays the following properties: Antenna bootloader version: 1.0, Antenna software version: 1.53, and Antenna serial number: 80120015.

Note

If the HPA module in the antenna has been exchanged, the **Antenna serial number** field shows "0". You can still see the antenna serial number on the label on the underneath of the antenna.

To configure the LAN interface

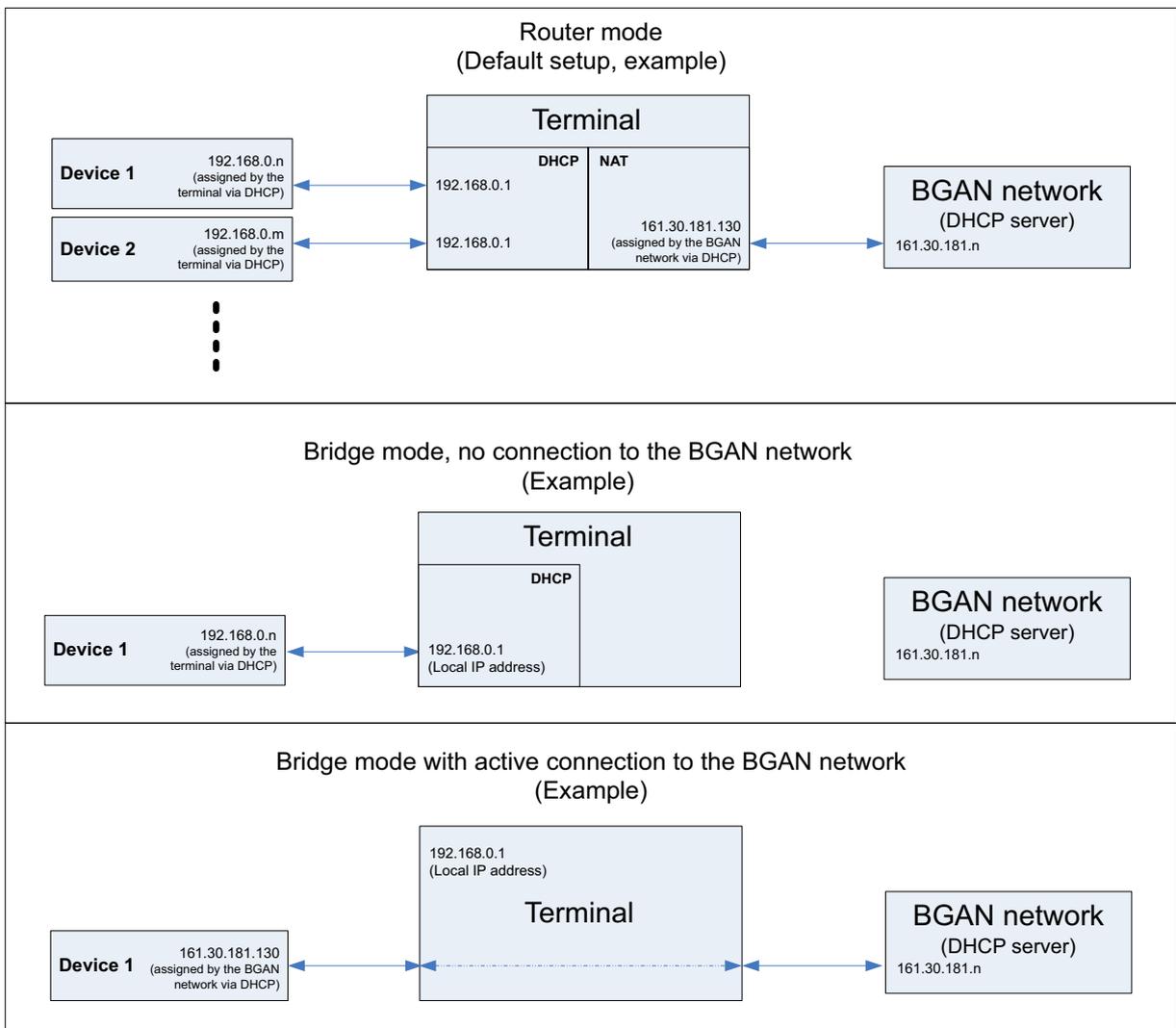
Overview

The SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Terminal has 2 LAN connectors with PoE (Power over Ethernet).

IP addressing

In the web interface you can set up the Internet connection mode and the IP addressing between the terminal and devices connected to the terminal. The terminal has a built-in DHCP server which can be used to dynamically assign IP addresses to devices connected to the terminal.

The drawing below shows examples of the IP addressing in Router mode (default setup) and Bridge mode.



The following section describes how to set up local IP address and DHCP. For information on Router/Bridge mode, see *Network user groups* on page 68

To set up the local LAN IP addresses



CAUTION! All connections to the LAN interface may be affected when you change the following settings. This also includes your own current connection to the web interface.

To change the local IP addresses, do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane, select **SETTINGS > LAN**.

The screenshot shows the web interface for configuring LAN settings. On the left, a navigation menu includes: DASHBOARD, PHONE BOOK, MESSAGES, CALLS, SETTINGS, LAN (selected), Port forwarding, Network devices, Network classification, Network user groups, PPPoE, and Static route. The main content area is titled 'DHCP' and contains the following settings:

- DHCP status:** Enabled Disabled
- Local IP address:** 192 .168 .0 .1
- Netmask:** 255 .255 .255 .0

At the bottom of the settings area, there are two buttons: 'Apply' and 'Cancel'.

2. At **DHCP status**, select **Enabled** (recommended for most purposes), or **Disabled**.
 - If you select **Enabled**, the terminal assigns dynamic IP addresses to devices connected to the terminal.
 - If you select **Disabled**, you need to set up a static IP address in the connected device.



A number of IP subnets cannot be used in connected devices because they are reserved for internal use in the terminal. See *List of reserved IP subnets* on page 138.

3. If you want to change the **Local IP address** and the **Netmask** of the terminal, type in the new address and netmask.
The Local IP address is the IP address of the terminal. It is used to access the web interface. By default, the address is 192.168.0.1 and the netmask is 255.255.255.0.
4. Click **Apply**.

Port forwarding

Port forwarding enables you to set up a server connected to the terminal while the terminal is in Router mode. Without port forwarding it would not be possible to contact the server from the Internet.

The terminal is normally in Router mode if you are using the Default network user group. We recommend using a static public IP address for the terminal in order to provide easy access to the terminal. For information on how to set up a static IP address, refer to step 5. on page 70 in the section *To set up the Default network user group*.

The following example shows how to allow Internet access to a mail server (smtp) connected to the terminal. The mail server in this example has the IP address 192.168.0.100.

1. Select **LAN > Port forwarding** in the left navigation pane.

PORT FORWARDING

Port forwarding Enabled Disabled

Active	Incoming port range	Destination IP	Destination port range
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	25 - 25	192.168.0.100	25 - 25
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 - 0	0.0.0.0	0 - 0
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 - 0	0.0.0.0	0 - 0
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 - 0	0.0.0.0	0 - 0
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 - 0	0.0.0.0	0 - 0
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 - 0	0.0.0.0	0 - 0
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 - 0	0.0.0.0	0 - 0
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 - 0	0.0.0.0	0 - 0
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 - 0	0.0.0.0	0 - 0
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 - 0	0.0.0.0	0 - 0
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 - 0	0.0.0.0	0 - 0

2. Select **Enabled** to generally enable port forwarding.
3. Type in the **Incoming port range**.
4. Type in the **Destination IP** address, which in this example is the IP address of the mail server: 192.168.0.100.
5. Type in the **Destination port range**.
6. Repeat step 3. to step 5. to set up port forwarding to additional servers.

7. In the **Active** column, select which ports should have port forwarding activated.
8. Click **Apply**.

You can now access the mail server from the Internet, using the public IP address of the terminal. If you do not know the IP address, you can look it up in the **DASHBOARD** of the web interface under **ONGOING DATA SESSIONS**.

To set up the LAN network

Note

For most purposes, the default setup is sufficient.

When you access the LAN network settings you are prompted for the Administrator user name and password.

Network user groups

Two network user groups are available to the users of the terminal:

- **The Default group:** By default, all users belong to the Default network user group, which provides a shared Standard connection to the Internet using the built-in router functionality of the terminal. This group does not allow Bridge mode.
- **Group 0:** A second group used for Bridge mode connection (Bridge mode is an exclusive connection, with NAT disabled in the terminal). With Group 0 the Internet connection is automatically established when the system is ready for transmission. If you want to have a direct Bridge mode connection use this network user group.

Necessary steps when managing network users

Managing your LAN network users includes the following steps:

1. **To define a network user group.** See the next sections *To set up a Bridge mode connection* or *To set up the Default network user group*.
The network user groups determine settings such as:
 - IP addressing (Static/Dynamic)
 - Internet access mode (Router Mode/Bridge Mode/No Internet Access)
2. **To identify a network device.** See *To view network devices* on page 74.
The network devices are identified by their IP address, MAC address and (optionally) device name.
3. **To associate the network user group and the network device.** See the next section *To set up a Bridge mode connection*, step 13.
The network classification table determines which devices should belong to which network user group. When a network device is connected, the terminal runs through the network classification table to check if the new connection matches any of the entries in the table. When a match is found, the terminal establishes a packet data connection (PDP context) with the settings defined in the belonging network user group, and the device is ready for use with the terminal.

To set up the Default network user group

The Default network user group provides a shared Standard connection to the Internet using the built-in router functionality of the terminal.

If you want to apply other settings to the Default network user group, do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > LAN > Network user groups**.
2. When you are prompted, enter the administrator user name and password.
For details, see *To log on* on page 99.
3. Click **Edit** next to the Default user group.

NETWORK USER GROUP

Name: Default

Status: Enabled

Internet connection: Router mode

Changes to Status and Internet connection only take effect after reboot

TCP/IP

Dynamic IP address

Static IP address:

IP Header compression: Enabled Disabled

APN

Common

SIM default

Network assigned

User defined: BGAN.INMARSAT.COM

User name: _____

Password: _____

PROFILES

Automatic activation: Enabled Disabled

4. Select the type of **Internet connection**.

Note The Default group **cannot** be set to Bridge mode. If you want to use Bridge mode you must use Group 0 (see the previous section).

- **Router mode** means the connection will be shared with other users, and the NAT module of the terminal will make the necessary address translations. Use this mode if

one or more computers are connected using the LAN interface, and the terminal should act as a router.

- **No Internet access** means no connection to the Internet is allowed. Use this setting e.g. if you are going to use Group 0 to establish a Bridge mode connection.

5. Select **Dynamic IP address**. This is the IP address used externally on the satellite network. Refer to the next step for Static IP.

6. If you want to use a **static IP address**, you must have it included in your airtime subscription and use that address as follows:

- Leave the setting in step 5. at **Dynamic**. Do **not** select Static IP.
- Select **SIM default** in step 8.
- Type in the APN user name and password from your provider in step 9.

Your terminal will then use the static IP address set up for your SIM card.

Note Static IP is handled by the service provider. **Do not type in a static IP address** in the Static IP address field; a manually typed IP address will currently not be used by the network.

7. Set **IP Header compression** to **Enabled** or **Disabled**.

For information on IP Header compression, see *Header compression* on page 75.

8. Select the source of the **APN** (Access Point Name).

There are four options for setting the APN. Unless you have special requirements, it is recommended to use the SIM default, or to set the common APN to SIM default, and then select Common here. You have the following options:

- **Common**. The APN is taken from the Common APN defined under SETTINGS > Common. Refer to *Common interface settings* on page 79.
- **SIM default**. The APN is taken from the SIM card. If you want to use a static IP address on the external network, select this option either here or in the Common setting.
- **Network assigned**. The APN is assigned from the network.
- **User defined**. Type in the APN. APNs are provided from the Airtime Provider.

9. If your APN uses a password, type in the user name and password provided from the Airtime Provider.

Note If you are going to use the static IP address from your SIM card, the user name and password are mandatory! See step 6. above.

10. At **Automatic activation** select whether the connection should be activated automatically or manually.

- **Disabled** means you can activate/deactivate the connection from the Dashboard. This setting is used by default for the Default user group.
- **Enabled** means the connection is activated automatically as soon as the system is ready.

11. Click **Apply**.

12. Reboot the terminal for the changes to take effect.

To set up a Bridge mode connection

To set up a Bridge mode connection, do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > LAN > Network user groups**.
2. When you are prompted, enter the administrator user name and password.
For details, see *To log on* on page 99.

NETWORK USER GROUPS				
Name	Status	Internet connection	Automatic activation	
Group 0	Disabled	Bridge mode	Enabled	Edit
Default group	Enabled	Router mode	Disabled	Edit

3. Click **Edit** next to **Group 0**.

NETWORK USER GROUP

Name

Status Enabled Disabled

Internet connection

Changes to Status and Internet connection only take effect after reboot

TCP/IP

Dynamic IP address

Static IP address

IP Header compression Enabled Disabled

APN

Common

SIM default

Network assigned

User defined

User name

Password

PROFILES

Automatic activation Enabled Disabled

If you want, you can change the name of the group to something more meaningful, e.g. to “Bridge mode”.

4. At **Status**, select **Enabled**.
5. Select **Dynamic IP address**.
This is the IP address used externally on the satellite network. Refer to the next step for Static IP.
6. If you want to use a **static IP address**, you must have it included in your airtime subscription and use that address as follows:
 - Leave the setting in step 5. at **Dynamic, do not select Static IP**.
 - Select **SIM default** in step 8.
 - Type in the APN user name and password from your provider in step 9.
 Your terminal will then use the static IP address set up for your SIM card.

Note Static IP is handled by the service provider. **Do not type in a static IP address** in the Static IP address field; a manually typed IP address will currently not be used by the network.

7. Set **IP Header compression** to **Enabled** or **Disabled**.
For information on IP Header compression, see *Header compression* on page 75.
8. Select the source of the **APN** (Access Point Name).
There are four options for setting the APN. Unless you have special requirements, it is recommended to use the SIM default, or to set the common APN to SIM default, and then select Common here. You have the following options:
 - **Common**. The APN is taken from the Common APN defined under SETTINGS > Common. Refer to *Common interface settings* on page 79.
 - **SIM default**. The APN is taken from the SIM card. If you want to use a static IP address on the external network, select this option either here or in the Common setting.
 - **Network assigned**. The APN is assigned from the network.
 - **User defined**. Type in the APN. APNs are provided from the Airtime Provider.
9. If your APN uses a password, type in the user name and password provided from the Airtime Provider.

Note If you are going to use the static IP address from your SIM card, the user name and password are mandatory! See step 6. above.

10. At **Automatic activation** select whether the connection should be activated automatically or manually.
 - **Disabled** means you can activate/deactivate the connection from the Dashboard.
 - **Enabled** means the connection is activated automatically as soon as the system is ready. This setting is used by default for the Group 0 user group.
11. Click **Apply**.

Note If both network user groups are enabled and both user groups have Internet access you will get a warning. Only one group can have Internet access.

NETWORK USER GROUPS				
Name	Status	Internet connection	Automatic activation	
Group 0	Enabled	Bridge mode	Enabled	Edit
Default group	Enabled	Router mode	Disabled	Edit

Warning: Both network user groups are enabled. It is a required setup to have only one group enabled. If you want to use the bridge mode network user group you must set the Internet connection to No internet access for the Default group. If you do not want to use bridge mode you must disable the bridge mode group.

12. Follow the instructions in the warning and set the Default group to No Internet access, if you are going to use the Bridge mode connection.

For details on how to set up the Default group, see *To set up the Default network user group* on page 69.

13. Select **SETTINGS > LAN > Network classification**.

The network classification table is used to define which network devices, IP addresses and/or LAN ports are associated with which network user groups.

NETWORK CLASSIFICATION TABLE			
MAC address	IP address	LAN port	Network user group
*	*	*	Default group

[Add](#)

Changes to this page only take effect after reboot

14. Click **Add** to include Group 0 (Bridge mode) in the list.

EDIT ENTRY			
Enter values below or select a device from the list of known network devices to use that as a template. If a field is left empty it will be considered a wild card			
MAC address	<input type="text" value="*"/>		
IP address	<input type="text" value="."/> <input type="text" value="."/> <input type="text" value="."/> <input type="text" value="."/>		
LAN port	<input type="text" value="2"/> ▾		
Network user group	<input type="text" value="Group 0"/> ▾		
<input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>			
NETWORK DEVICES			
IP address	MAC address	Device Name	
192.168.0.2	00:18:F8:09:BD:D4	device-0	Add
192.168.11.1	00:18:F8:09:09:06	device-1	Add

15. Select or type in the parameters you want to associate with your Group 0.

MAC address: If you want only a specific device (MAC address) to belong to Group 0, you can do one of the following:

- If the device is or has been connected to the terminal, locate the device in the list at the bottom of the page and click **Add** next to the device.
- Type in the MAC address in the MAC address field at the top of the page. An asterisk indicates a “wild card”, which means any MAC address is accepted.

IP address: If you want a specific IP address to belong to Group 0, type in the IP address in the IP address field. If the field is left empty, any IP address is accepted.

LAN port: If you want devices connected to a specific LAN port to belong to Group 0, select the port number to use.

16. Click **Apply**.

Group 0 is now added to the network classification table.

This means that when both network user groups are enabled, the terminal will first search for a device that matches the criteria set up in the network classification table for Group 0 and assign the Bridge mode connection to this device if possible. If no device matches these criteria, the Default network user group will be used. Note however that only one of the network user groups can have Internet access.

17. Reboot the terminal for the changes to take effect.

You should now be able to use your Bridge mode connection. By default, the connection is automatically activated when the terminal is ready and online, and a matching device is found.

To view network devices

All network devices that are or have been connected to the terminal are listed in the Network devices page.

To view the list of network devices, select **SETTINGS > LAN > Network devices**.

If you are prompted, enter the administrator user name and password. For details, see *To log on* on page 99.

LOCKED IP ADDRESSES			
IP address	MAC address		
NETWORK DEVICES			
IP address	MAC address	Device Name	
192.168.0.8	00:11:CF:01:1D:43	Thrane IP Handset	Lock IP to MAC address
192.168.0.15	00:0C:29:9F:A0:15	PC2110	Lock IP to MAC address

To lock an IP address to a MAC address

Note

You can only lock an IP address to a MAC address if DHCP is enabled (see *To set up the local LAN IP addresses* on page 66) and the Internet connection is not a Bridge mode connection.

When the device is locked to an IP address, the terminal will always assign this IP address to the MAC address of this device.

To lock a device to its current IP address, click the link next to the device. The device is then locked to the current IP address and added to the list of locked IP addresses at the top of the page.

To unlock a device from the IP address, click **Delete** next to the device in the **LOCKED IP ADDRESSES** list.

Definitions for network terms

APN (Access Point Name)

APNs are provided from the Airtime Provider. They may also be defined on the SIM card. The APN is used by the network user to establish a connection to the required external network. This means that the terminal must know the APN in order to be able to connect to the external network.

Header compression

The Header of a data packet contains control information belonging to that packet. The information in the Header can take up a considerable amount of bandwidth. In order to save bandwidth, you can use Header Compression, meaning you compress the header information, leaving some of the information out.

You can select whether or not to use Header Compression for your data transmission.

NAT (Network Address Translation)

NAT enables a local-area network to use one set of private IP addresses for internal traffic and an assigned or static IP address for external traffic. The built-in NAT module in the terminal makes all necessary address translations between the local-area traffic and the external traffic. If more than one user is connected, you must select a network user group with **Router mode** to use the NAT of the terminal.

To enable PPPoE (Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet)

What is PPPoE

By using PPPoE, users can virtually “dial” from one machine to another over an Ethernet network, establish a point to point connection between them and then securely transport data packets over the connection.

On the equipment connected to the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Terminal you must enter a few settings for your PPPoE connection. For example you need to set up which service to use and possibly a user name and password. For details, refer to *To use PPPoE (Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet)* on page 42 and to the documentation for your connected equipment.

On the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Terminal you must enable PPPoE before you can establish a PPPoE connection. Refer to the next section.

To enable PPPoE in the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Terminal

To enable PPPoE in the terminal do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > LAN > PPPoE**.

The screenshot shows a configuration window for PPPoE. At the top, it says 'PPPOE'. Below that, there are two radio buttons: 'Enabled' (which is selected) and 'Disabled'. A red note below says 'Changes to above only take effect after reboot'. Underneath is the 'APN' section with three radio buttons: 'Common', 'SIM default' (selected), and 'Network assigned'. Below these is a text input field for 'User defined' with the value 'bgan.inmarsat.com'. At the bottom are 'Apply' and 'Cancel' buttons.

2. Select **Enabled**.
3. Select the **APN** to use for PPPoE. You have the following options:
 - **SIM default**. The APN is taken from the SIM card. This is the recommended option, unless you have special requirements.
 - **Network assigned**. The APN is assigned from the network.
 - **User defined**. Type in the APN. APNs are provided from the Airtime Provider.
4. Click **Apply**.
5. Restart the terminal for the setting to take effect.

For information on how to establish a connection with PPPoE, see *To use PPPoE (Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet)* on page 42.

To set up static routing

When you have an external gateway connected to your terminal, the terminal is not automatically able to “see” the network on the other side of the gateway. However, you can set up your terminal to communicate with a device on the other side of a gateway, by using Static routing.

To set up a new device for static routing, do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > LAN > Static route**.

STATIC ROUTE		
Destination	Netmask	Gateway
Add		

2. Click **Add**.

ENTER VALUES FOR NEW ENTRY

Destination:

Netmask:

Gateway:

3. Enter the values for your device.
 - Destination: The IP address you want to route to.
 - Netmask: The netmask you want to route to.
 - Gateway: The gateway, e.g. the address of a wireless access point or router to which the destination device is connected.
4. Click **Apply**.

The values for the new entry are now in the list. This means that the terminal can communicate with the destination IP address on the other side of the gateway.

STATIC ROUTE		
Destination	Netmask	Gateway
192.150.1.4	255.255.255.0	192.150.1.0
Edit/Delete		
Add		

To configure the Phone/Fax interface

To configure the Phone/Fax interface do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > Phone/Fax** from the left navigation pane.

2. If you have additional numbers from your airtime provider and you want to assign them to the Phone/Fax port, use the **Assigned number** drop down list to select the number you want to use.

When this number is called, only the handset connected to that port will ring.

Note To be able to use the additional numbers, you must first select **Use additional numbers** in the **Multi-voice** page and enter the additional numbers under **PHONE BOOK > Mobile numbers**. See *Multi-voice* on page 112.

3. Set the call type for incoming and outgoing calls.
The call types are described in more detail in *To select the call type* on page 24.
 - For **Incoming calls**, you can select Standard or 3.1 kHz Audio or both.
If you select both, any device connected to the Phone/Fax interface will react (ring) on incoming calls.
If you select e.g. Standard, the Phone/Fax interface will only react on calls made to the Standard phone number.
 - For **Outgoing calls**, you can select either Standard or 3.1 kHz Audio. The selected type will be used by default, if possible, for any outgoing call. Note, however, that fax machines must use 3.1 kHz Audio.

Note You can override the default setting for outgoing calls: Dial 1* (force the call to Standard) or 2* (force the call to 3.1 kHz Audio) before the number. For further information, see *To override the default outgoing call type* on page 25.

4. Click **Apply**.

Common interface settings

Overview

The settings under COMMON are common for all interfaces.

Note

In order to use the common Access Point Name for an interface, you must select **Common** for the APN setting when you set up the network user group.

Definition of Access Point Name (APN)

The APN is used by the network user to establish a connection to the required external network. This means that the terminal must know the APN in order to be able to connect to the external network.

APNs are provided from the Airtime Provider. They may also be defined on the SIM card.

How to use the common APN

When you configure the APN for your individual network user group, select **Common** to use the setting from this page.

If you are using the same APN for both network user groups, it is easier to define it once under Common, and then simply select Common for the relevant network user groups. Also, if you change the common APN at a later stage, it is automatically updated for both network user groups where the Common setting is selected.

To change the common interface settings

To change the common interface settings, do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > Common**.

2. Select the **APN**. You have the following options:
 - **SIM default**. The APN is taken from the SIM card. This is the recommended option, unless you have special requirements.
 - **Network assigned**. The APN is assigned from the network.
 - **User defined**. Type in the APN. APNs are provided from the Airtime Provider.
3. Click **Apply**.

To set up call services

Overview

The setup of call services is also common for all interfaces.

Note | The terminal must be registered on the BGAN network before you can set up the call services in the web interface.

In the web interface you can set up the following supplementary services:

- Call forwarding
- Call barring
- Call waiting
- Line identification
- Closed user group

Note that, depending on the network, some of these call service settings may prevent others from being activated.

The settings apply for all connected devices using a circuit-switched service.

Call forwarding

You can set up the terminal to automatically forward incoming calls to another phone number. This information is saved in the BGAN network so it is available when the call cannot be put through and must be forwarded. This service is usually set up by the airtime provider.

To set up call forwarding, do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > Common > Call forward** from the left navigation pane.

Read current settings

STANDARD VOICE

Forward all calls Enabled

Forward when busy Enabled

Forward if not reachable Enabled

Forward if no reply Enabled when unanswered in

3.1 KHZ AUDIO

Forward all calls Enabled

Forward when busy Enabled

Forward if not reachable Enabled

Forward if no reply Enabled when unanswered in

Please note that some active call forward, call barring or call waiting settings may prevent other call forward, call barring or call waiting settings from being activated

2. Click **OK** next to **Read current settings** to display the phone numbers for call forwarding for the subscription. These numbers are operator controlled and come with your airtime subscription (default). A message, **Operation in progress, please wait**, is displayed.
3. For each call type, select **Enabled** next to the situation(s) in which you want to forward incoming calls.

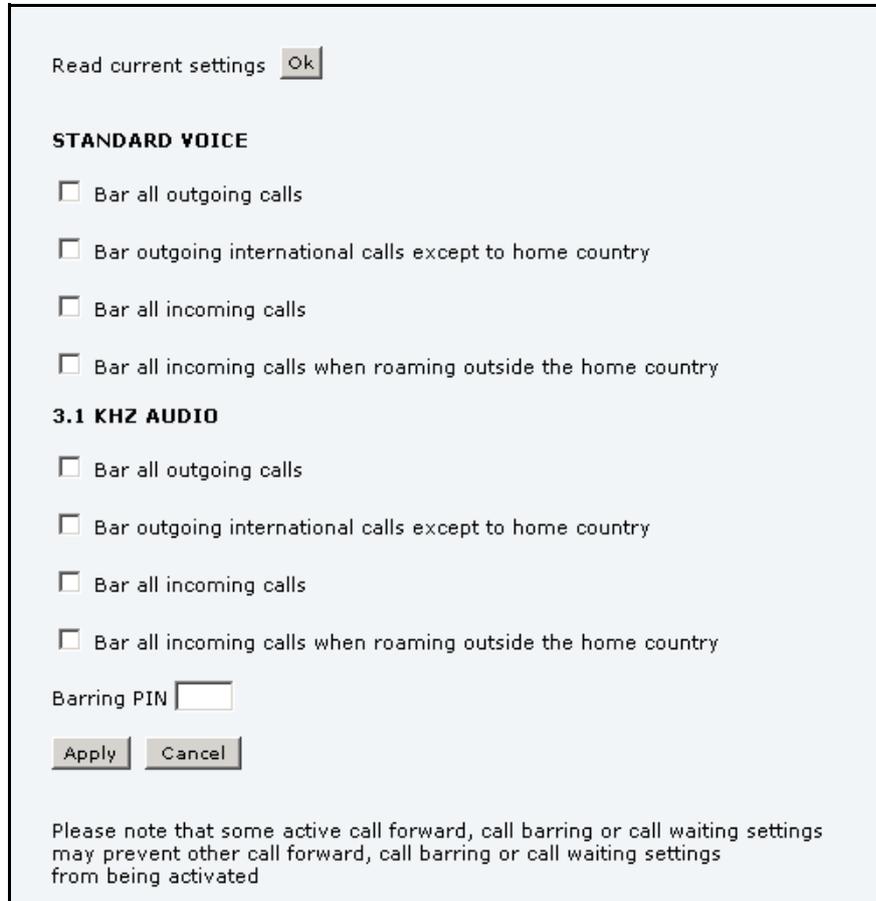
Note **Forward when busy** is not available if Multi-voice is enabled. This setting must be enabled before enabling Multi-voice.

4. Next to the enabled items, type in the phone number you want to forward the call to.
5. If you have selected **Forward if no reply**, select from the drop-down list the period of time the system should wait before forwarding the call.
6. Click **Apply**.

Call barring

Do as follows to bar incoming and/or outgoing calls to and from the terminal:

1. Select **SETTINGS > Common > Call barring** from the left navigation pane.



Read current settings

STANDARD VOICE

Bar all outgoing calls

Bar outgoing international calls except to home country

Bar all incoming calls

Bar all incoming calls when roaming outside the home country

3.1 KHZ AUDIO

Bar all outgoing calls

Bar outgoing international calls except to home country

Bar all incoming calls

Bar all incoming calls when roaming outside the home country

Barring PIN

Please note that some active call forward, call barring or call waiting settings may prevent other call forward, call barring or call waiting settings from being activated

2. Click **OK** next to **Read current settings**, to make sure the page is updated.
3. Select which calls should be barred.
4. In the **Barring PIN** field, type in the PIN for your call barring setup.

Note This is **not** the SIM PIN entered at startup, but a network PIN which is supplied together with your SIM PIN.

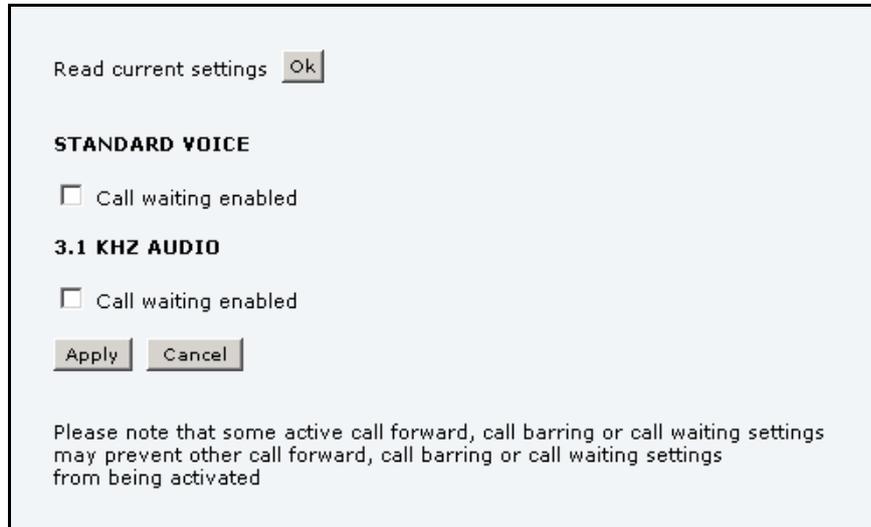
5. Click **Apply**.

Call waiting

You can set up whether or not you want to receive notification of waiting calls while you are making a call or transmitting data.

Do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > Common > Call waiting** from the left navigation pane.



The screenshot shows a settings dialog box with a light blue background. At the top, it says "Read current settings" followed by an "Ok" button. Below this, there are two sections: "STANDARD VOICE" and "3.1 KHZ AUDIO". Each section has a checkbox labeled "Call waiting enabled". At the bottom of the dialog, there are "Apply" and "Cancel" buttons. A note at the bottom states: "Please note that some active call forward, call barring or call waiting settings may prevent other call forward, call barring or call waiting settings from being activated".

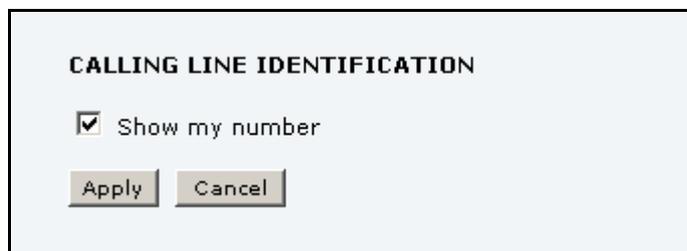
2. Click **OK** next to **Read current settings** to make sure the page is updated.
3. For each call type, select **Call waiting enabled** if you want to get notification of waiting calls while you are making a call or transmitting data.
4. Click **Apply**.

Line identification

You can set up the terminal to show your number when you are making a call.

Do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > Common > Line identification** from the left navigation pane.



The screenshot shows a settings dialog box with a light blue background. The title is "CALLING LINE IDENTIFICATION". There is a checkbox labeled "Show my number" which is checked. At the bottom, there are "Apply" and "Cancel" buttons.

2. Select **Show my number** and click **Apply**.

Closed user group

Your subscription may include one or more closed user groups. A closed user group is a group of users permitted to make calls to each other but not to users outside the group.

To define the settings for these user groups, do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > Common > Closed user group** from the left navigation pane.

GROUPS		
Group index	Active	Group no.
0	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
1	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
2	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
3	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
4	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
5	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
6	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
7	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
8	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
9	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
10	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Subscribed

SETTINGS FOR ACTIVE CLOSED USER GROUP

These settings are not used for subscribed closed user group

Outgoing Access Preferential

2. Type in your user group number(s) under **Group no.**
Your airtime subscription lists your user group number(s).
3. Select which group should be active.
If you select **Subscribed**, the group(s) included in your subscription will be active.
4. To allow outgoing access for the activated user group, select **Outgoing Access** under **SETTINGS FOR ACTIVE CLOSED USER GROUP**. Note that if you selected Subscribed above, this setting will not be used.
5. Select **Preferential** if you want the activated user group to be selected when a member of a user group does not specify the group number during call set up. Note that if you selected Subscribed above, this setting will not be used.
6. Click **Apply**.

To manage IP handsets

Overview

The terminal has 2 LAN (PoE) connectors for connection of IP handsets or other IP equipment. You may connect your IP handsets directly to the LAN interfaces or use a PoE switch to connect more handsets. The SAILOR FleetBroadband terminal supports connection of up to 4 handsets.

Each handset must have a local number in the range 0501 to 0504 as well as a unique password. By default, handset numbers are automatically assigned when IP Handsets from Cobham SATCOM are connected. However, you may want to change the password for the handset. For further information, see the next section *To connect and configure IP handsets*.

Note The IP Handset with the local number 0501 is the master handset. This means you can start/stop data sessions from the terminal with this handset, if the function is allowed in the User permissions page. See *To set up user permissions* on page 106.

Note that if you **do not want your IP Handsets to automatically be assigned** a local number and password, you can clear the setting **Settings > Start up options > Auto BGAN SIP** in the IP Handset menu. This is recommended if you are going to use Voice Distress or Multi-voice with assigned numbers. See *Voice Distress* on page 113 and *Additional numbers for Multi-voice* on page 36.

To connect and configure IP handsets

Note An IP Handset that is connected to the LAN interface on the terminal is by default automatically registered in the terminal and assigned the first available local number and a password, which is the same number as the local number.

If you want to view or change the settings for the new IP handset, do as follows:

1. Connect the IP handset to one of the LAN ports of the terminal.
If it is an IP Handset from Cobham SATCOM, the handset starts up and is automatically registered and assigned the first available number.
2. In the web interface, select **SETTINGS > IP handsets**.

	Entry	Number	Handset password	Actions	Configure handset
DASHBOARD					
PHONE BOOK	1	0501	0501	Edit	Configure
MESSAGES	2	0502	0502	Edit	Unreserved
CALLS	3	0503	0503	Edit/Release	Reserved
SETTINGS	4	0504	0504	Edit/Release	Reserved
LAN					
Phone/Fax					
Common					
IP handsets					
Call settings					
Server settings					
Discrete I/O					

3. If you want to change the password, click **Edit** next to the number you want to use.
4. Enter the password you want for your IP handset.

Note | The IP Handset from Cobham SATCOM only supports numbers (no letters) in the password.

5. In the IP handset, enter the local number and the password you just entered in the web interface. For the IP Handset from Cobham SATCOM do as follows:
 - a. In the IP Handset, enter the menu system (select **Menu**) and select **SIP** to get the list of profiles.
 - b. Select the **BGAN** profile and select **Options** (left softkey).
 - c. Select **Edit/View** and change the user name and password.
Note that the user name is also the local number for the handset.
 If you have another IP handset, refer to the manufacturer documentation.

Note | For 3rd party handsets: Silence supp Enable must be set to **no** in your IP handset. The phone should not stop sending data packets even though there is silence and no one speaks.

6. For IP Handsets from Cobham SATCOM: When the terminal and the handset have recognized each other, a **Configure** link appears next to the handset in the list.
7. Select **Configure** next to an IP Handset to access the built-in web interface of the IP Handset.
The web interface of the IP Handset opens. It is very similar to the web interface of the terminal, but has a handset icon in the top left corner.
With the web interface of the IP Handset you can access the internal settings of the IP Handset. For further information, refer to the user manual for the IP Handset.

The handset remains in the list after it is disconnected. When the handset is connected again, it is automatically recognized and ready for use.

Entry	Number	Handset password	Actions	Configure handset
1	0501	0501	Edit/Release	Reserved
2	0502	0502	Edit	Unreserved
3	0503	0503	Edit	Unreserved
4	0504	0504	Edit	Unreserved

If you want to remove the handset from the list, click **Release** under **Actions** (the Release link only appears when the handset is disconnected).

To set the call types for IP handsets

In the Call settings page you can set the call types for each local number and see whether Restricted dialing is enabled for that number. For further information on Restricted dialing, see *Restricted dialing* on page 111.

To set the call types for IP handsets, do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > IP handsets > Call settings**.

Number	Incoming calls	Outgoing calls	Restricted dialing
0501	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Standard <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Standard <input type="radio"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
0502	<input type="checkbox"/> Standard <input type="checkbox"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Standard <input type="radio"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
0503	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Standard <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Standard <input type="radio"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
0504	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Standard <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Standard <input type="radio"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled

Apply Cancel

2. If you have additional numbers from your airtime provider and you want to assign them to the IP handsets, use the **Assigned number** drop down list to select the number you want to use for each handset.

When this number is called, only the assigned handset will ring.

Note To be able to use the additional numbers, you must first select **Use additional numbers** in the **Multi-voice** page and enter the additional numbers under **PHONE BOOK > Mobile numbers**. See *Multi-voice* on page 112.

Number	Incoming calls	Assigned number	Outgoing calls	Restricted dialing
0501	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Standard <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Standard <input type="radio"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
0502	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Standard <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	+870772100114	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Standard <input type="radio"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
0503	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Standard <input type="checkbox"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Standard <input type="radio"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
0504	<input type="checkbox"/> Standard <input type="checkbox"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Standard <input type="radio"/> 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled

Apply Cancel

3. For each handset, select the call types you want to enable for incoming and outgoing calls. The call types are described in more detail in *To select the call type* on page 24.
 - For **Incoming calls**, you can select Standard or 3.1 kHz Audio or both. If you select both, the handset will react (ring) on any incoming call. If, for example, you select Standard, the handset will only react on calls made to the Standard phone number.
 - For **Outgoing calls**, you can select either Standard or 3.1 kHz Audio. The selected type will be used by default, if possible, for any outgoing call.
4. Click **Apply**.

To set up the IP Handset compatibility

Note This setting only applies to the IP Handset from Cobham SATCOM.

If you connect your IP Handset(s) to the terminal through a separate router with NAT, you must use IP Handsets with software version 1.8 or newer and set up the handset compatibility in the web interface of the terminal as described below.

To see the software version of your IP Handset, select **MENU > Status > Software version** in the IP Handset.

To change the IP Handset compatibility, do as follows:

1. Select **Settings > IP handsets > Server settings**.



IP HANDSET COMPATIBILITY

Version 1.7 or older Version 1.8 or newer

Changes to above only take effect after reboot

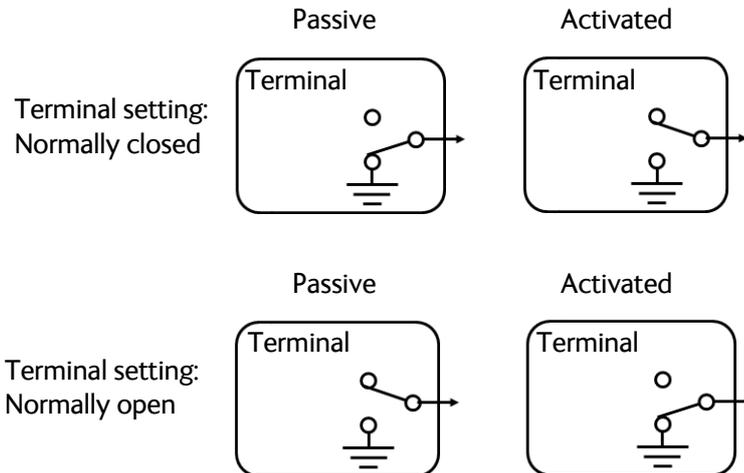
2. Select the IP Handset compatibility as follows:
 - If you connect your IP Handset(s) through a separate router with NAT, select **Version 1.8 or newer** and use IP Handsets with software version 1.8 or newer.
 - If you connect your IP Handset(s) directly to the terminal or through a switch without NAT, select Version 1.7 or older. In this case you can use IP Handsets with any software version.

To configure the discrete I/O interface

I/O pins and their functions

The I/O interface on the terminal has 5 configurable I/O pins. You can set up the function of each pin in the web interface. The default functions of the I/O pins are as follows:

Output pins 1,2 and 3:



Pin 1: Ringer output.

Pin 1 acts as a built-in switch in the terminal. You can configure Pin 1 to be Normally closed or Normally open.

- Normally closed (default):
The internal switch at pin 1 is normally closed (pin 1 is connected to ground). When the terminal is notified of an incoming call from the satellite interface, the switch opens (no connection to ground). When the call is answered, or the caller gives up and releases the call, the switch is closed again.
- Normally Open:
The internal switch at pin 1 is normally open (no connection to ground). When the terminal is notified of an incoming call from the satellite interface, the switch is closed (pin 1 is connected to ground). When the call is answered, or the caller gives up and releases the call, the switch is opened again.

Pin 2: Warning/Error output.

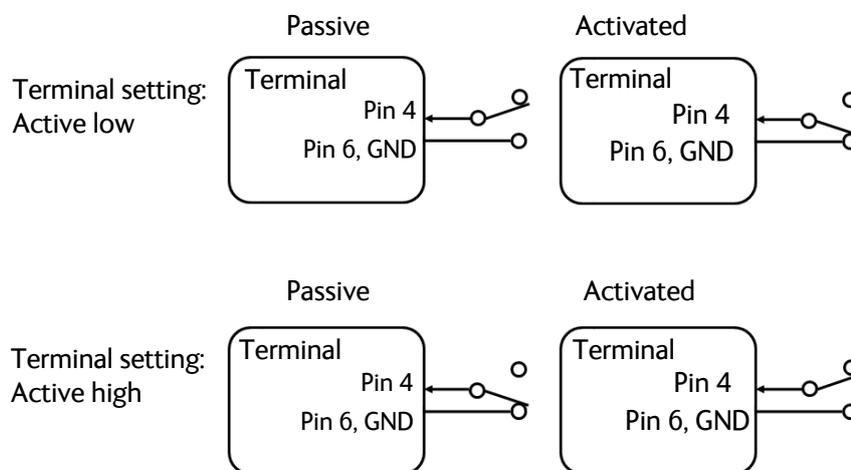
Pin 2 acts as a built-in switch in the terminal. Pin 2 can be used to provide an external signal that indicates active warning/error condition(s). You can configure pin 2 to be Normally closed or Normally open.

- Normally Closed (default):
The internal switch at pin 2 is normally closed (pin 2 is connected to ground). When an alarm occurs, the switch opens (no connection to ground). The switch is closed again when all warnings/errors are cleared.
- Normally Open:
The internal switch at pin 2 is normally open (no connection to ground). When an alarm occurs, the switch is closed (connected to ground). The switch is opened again when all warnings/errors are cleared.

Pin 3: Mute output.

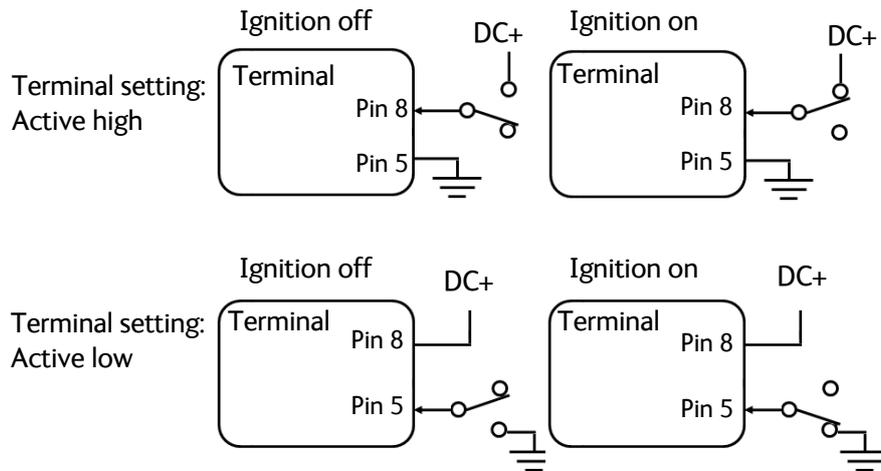
Pin 3 acts as a built-in switch in the terminal. Pin 3 can be used to provide an external signal that is active during a phone call. The signal can be used to mute external equipment. You can configure pin 3 to Normally closed or Normally open.

- Normally Closed (default):
The internal switch at pin 3 is normally closed (pin 3 is connected to ground). During phone calls, the switch opens (no connection to ground). When the call is ended, the switch is closed again (connected to ground).
- Normally Open:
The internal switch at pin 3 is normally open (no connection to ground). The switch is closed (connected to ground) during phone calls. When the call is ended, the switch opens again (no connection to ground).

Input pin 4:**Pin 4: Radio silence input.**

Activation of this pin causes the system to assume radio silence, i.e. to stop all transmission from the system. The terminal gracefully closes all open connections, and deregisters from the BGAN network. No transmission is allowed until the pin is deactivated. You can configure pin 4 to Active low or Active high.

- Active low (default): Connect pin 4 to ground (< 1.2 V DC) when it should be activated.
- Active high: Connect pin 4 to ground (< 1.2 V DC). When it should be activated, disconnect it from ground.

Input pin 5/8 (example):**Pin 5/8: Ignition input.**

The ignition function can be used to turn on/off the terminal by means of an external signal. The external signal that triggers the ignition function can be either positive DC voltage or ground. The ignition function uses pin 5 together with pin 8 (DC in). Connect the appropriate pin to the ignition switch as follows:

- Active high (default): Connect pin 5 permanently to Ground. Connect pin 8 to positive DC voltage (10.5-32 V DC) when the ignition is on. To switch off, disconnect pin 8 from the positive DC voltage.
- Active low: Connect pin 8 permanently to positive DC voltage (10.5-32 V DC). Connect pin 5 to Ground (< 1.2 V DC) when the ignition is on. To switch off, disconnect pin 5 from ground.

Pin 6: Ground.

(Non-configurable) Pin 6 can be used as an external connection to ground. Pin 6 is connected to Ground inside the terminal.

Pin 7: DC output.

(Non-configurable) Pin 7 can be used as a DC output. The voltage on pin 7 is 9-15 V and the output can supply up to 50 mA. Pin 7 can be used as power supply to a relay, ringer or similar.

To configure the I/O interface

To configure the I/O pins, do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > Discrete I/O**.

DISCRETE I/O

Pin	I/O	Function	Enabled	Polarity
1	Output	Ringer	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Normally closed <input type="radio"/> Normally open
2	Output	Warning	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Normally closed <input type="radio"/> Normally open
3	Output	Mute	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Normally closed <input type="radio"/> Normally open
4	Input	Radio silence	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/> Active high <input checked="" type="radio"/> Active low
5	Input	Ignition	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Active high <input type="radio"/> Active low

DELAYED SHUTDOWN

Delay (Minutes)

RINGER OUTPUT

Incoming calls Standard 3.1 kHz Audio

MUTE OUTPUT

Calls Standard 3.1 kHz Audio

2. For each pin you want to use, select **Enabled**.
3. For each pin, select the function of the pin. Refer to the previous section, *I/O pins and their functions* on page 89.
4. If you use the Ignition function and you want the terminal to stay on for a few minutes after the Ignition is switched off, enter the number of minutes under **DELAYED SHUTDOWN**.
For further information on the Ignition function, see *To use the ignition system* on page 12.
5. If you use a ringer output, select the incoming call types that should activate the ringer under **RINGER OUTPUT**.
6. If you use a Mute output, select the call types (both incoming and outgoing) that should activate the Mute function under **MUTE OUTPUT**.
7. Click **Apply**.

To set up Tracking

The SAILOR FleetBroadband system can be used for tracking purposes. You can set up the terminal to report to a server at certain time intervals or after moving a specified distance.

To set up tracking, do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > Tracking**.

SERVER CONNECTION

Server IP address

Server port

Client port

Encryption key

Allow remote control Yes No (can only be changed by an administrator)

APN

Common

SIM default

Network assigned

User defined

User name

Password

POSITION REPORTS

Report type Compressed

Extended

ECEF

INTERVAL REPORT

Status Enabled Disabled

Report each : (hh:mm)

DISTANCE REPORT

Status Enabled Disabled

When moved meters

Max one report per : (hh:mm)

2. Type in the **Server IP address**, **Server port**, **Client port** and **Encryption key** for your server connection.
 - **IP address.** The IP address of the server that the SAILOR FleetBroadband terminal will report to.
 - **Server port.** Port number on the server. Default number is 7474.
 - **Client port.** Port number on the SAILOR FleetBroadband terminal. Default number is 7475.

- **Encryption key.** A supplied 128 bit key which must match on both the client and server side.
3. To allow remote control of the tracking settings from the tracking server, select **Yes at Allow remote control**.
This means the SAILOR FleetBroadband terminal will accept commands from the specified tracking server, for example to change reporting intervals or start/stop reporting.
 4. Select the **APN** to use for Tracking and enter the user name and password if required. You have the following options for the APN:
 - **Common.** The APN is taken from the Common APN defined under SETTINGS > Common. Refer to *Common interface settings* on page 79.
 - **SIM default.** The APN is taken from the SIM card. This is the recommended option, unless you have special requirements.
 - **Network assigned.** The APN is assigned from the network.
 - **User defined.** Type in the APN. APNs are provided from the Airtime Provider.
 5. Under **Position reports**, select the report type you want to use.
 - **Compressed.** Only latitude and longitude are reported.
 - **Extended.** Apart from latitude and longitude, heading and altitude are also included.
 - **ECEF.** The same information as Extended, but position and speed data are 3D (ECEF coordinates).
 6. Under **Interval report**, select **Enabled** or **Disabled** and type in the interval between the reports.
 7. Under **Distance report**, select **Enabled** or **Disabled** and type in the following:
 - **When moved.** Enter the distance the vessel should be moved before the SAILOR FleetBroadband sends a report.
 - **Max one report per.** Enter the minimum time that should pass between two reports.

Example: The distance is set to 1000 m and the time is set to 15 minutes. The SAILOR FleetBroadband system has moved 1000 m since last report, but only 5 minutes have passed. A report will not be sent until 15 minutes have passed.
 8. Click **Apply**.

To upload software

Introduction

The next pages describe how to upload software from your computer to the terminal and how to download the latest software version from the Internet to your computer.

You can upload software from your computer to the terminal without the PIN. However, if your SIM card requires a PIN and the PIN is not entered, you must enter the Administration user name and password.

To upload software from your computer

To upload software from your computer to the terminal, do as follows:

1. Download the new software as described in the next section, or acquire the software from Thrane & Thrane A/S and save it on your computer.
2. Open the web interface and do one of the following:
 - If the PIN has been accepted (or a PIN is not required), select **SETTINGS > Upload** from the left navigation pane.
 - If a PIN is required and the PIN has not been entered, select **ADMINISTRATION**, enter the Administration PIN and password and click **Logon**. For details, see *To log on* on page 99. Then select **Upload** from the left navigation pane.

The UPLOAD page opens.

The screenshot shows a web interface with two main sections. The top section is titled 'CHECK FOR SOFTWARE UPDATES' and contains the following information: 'Current software version' is 1.25, there is a 'Check for updates' button, 'Latest available' is 'Not checked...', and 'File size' is blank. The bottom section is titled 'UPLOAD SOFTWARE TO TERMINAL' and contains a file input field, a 'Browse...' button, and an 'Upload' button.

3. In the field **UPLOAD SOFTWARE TO TERMINAL**, click **Browse...**
4. Browse to the new software version and accept it.
5. Click the **Upload** button.
Note that the upload procedure takes a couple of minutes.

Note | When upload is done, your terminal automatically restarts with the new software.

To download software from the Internet

Important

The terminal uses your BGAN airtime subscription to download the new software from the Internet. Note that it can take several minutes to download the software.

If you don't want to use airtime you can acquire the software from Cobham SATCOM, save it on your computer and then connect the computer to the terminal.

To download the latest software from the Internet to the terminal, do as follows:

1. Make sure you have a connection to the Internet from your terminal.
2. Open the web interface and select **SETTINGS > Upload** from the left navigation pane.

The screenshot displays a web interface with two main sections. The top section is titled "CHECK FOR SOFTWARE UPDATES" and contains the following information: "Current software version" is 1.25, "Latest available" is "Not checked...", and "File size" is blank. There is a "Check for updates" button. The bottom section is titled "UPLOAD SOFTWARE TO TERMINAL" and contains a "Browse..." button and an "Upload" button.

3. Click **Check for updates**.
The terminal will now connect to the Internet through the BGAN network, using your airtime subscription. It may take a minute or two to obtain the new software version. When the new software version is found, the web interface shows the new software version and a link where you can download the software.
4. Click the link to download the new software to your computer.
After you have saved the software, follow the procedure in the previous section (*To upload software from your computer*) to upload the software from the computer to your terminal.

To select the preferred BGAN satellite

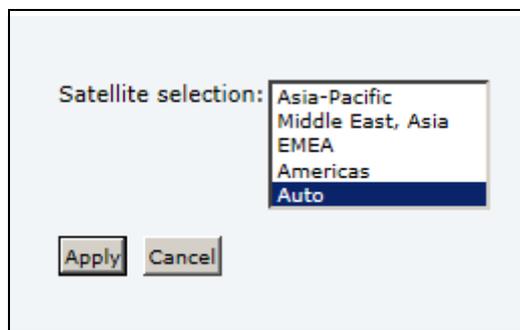
Overview

By default the terminal is set up to automatically find the most appropriate satellite to connect to (“Auto” mode). However, if you are located in an area with more than one BGAN satellite available, you can select the satellite you prefer to use when the terminal registers on the BGAN network.

To select the preferred BGAN satellite

To select the preferred BGAN satellite, do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > Satellite selection** from the left navigation pane.



2. Select the satellite you prefer to use.
If you select **Auto** (the default setting) the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System automatically uses the most appropriate satellite.

Important If you have any ongoing calls or data sessions, they will be terminated when you click Apply!

3. Click **Apply**.
The SAILOR FleetBroadband terminates all ongoing connections and deregisters from the current satellite before it registers on the new satellite.

Note If you have selected one of the satellites, your SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System will only try to register on the selected satellite. This means that if the antenna is outside the coverage area for that satellite, the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System will not be able to register with the BGAN network.

To select the language

The default language of the web interface is **English**. You can change the language to **French**, **German**, **Russian**, **Spanish**, **Mandarin (Chinese)** or **Japanese**.

To change the language, do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > Language**.



2. Select a language from the list.
3. Click **Apply**.

Administration

To access the administration settings

To log on

The Administration settings require an Administration user name and password. To log on as administrator, do as follows:

1. Select **ADMINISTRATION** from the left navigation pane.
2. Enter the Administration user name and password.
The default user name is **admin** and the default password is **1234**.



CAUTION! Change the administrator password after first logon! Otherwise anyone can access the terminal and interfere with your system and possibly your connected devices.

If you have forgotten the administrator password, you can click the link at the bottom of the page to reset the password. For further information, see the next section *To reset the administrator password*. The old user name and password will apply until you have finished the reset procedure.

3. Click **Logon**.
The Administration page is now updated to let you change the user name and password, Save/load a configuration or log off Administration.

To reset the administrator password

If you have forgotten the administrator password, do as follows:

1. Contact your supplier for a reset code.
Please report the serial number and IMEI number of the terminal.
You can find the serial number and IMEI number in the **Dashboard**.
2. Click the link **Forgot administrator password?** at the bottom of the ADMINISTRATOR LOGON page (see the previous section).



RESET ADMINISTRATOR PASSWORD

Reset code:

3. Type in the reset code obtained from your supplier and click **Reset**.
4. Type in the user name **admin** and the default password **1234**.
5. Click **Logon**.



CAUTION! Change the administrator password after first logon! Otherwise anyone can access the terminal and interfere with your system and possibly your connected devices.

For information on how to change the password, see the next section *To change the administrator password*.

To change the administrator password

To change the administrator password, do as follows:

1. After you have entered the administrator user name and password in the **ADMINISTRATION** page, locate the section **Change administrator logon**.

Please remember to log off after use

Change administrator logon

User name

New password

Retype new password

Configuration

Save configuration to file

Load configuration from file

Administrator logoff

2. Type in the existing user name.
3. Type in the new password and retype it on the next line.
4. Click **Change**.
At the next logon the new password is required.

To save a configuration to a file

If you need to reuse a configuration in another terminal of the same type and software version, you can save your current configuration to a file, which can then be loaded into the other terminal.

Note Configuration files can only be exchanged between terminals with the same software version!

To save your current configuration to a file, do as follows:

1. In the **ADMINISTRATION** page, under **Configuration**, click **Save**.
2. Accept the default destination file name or type in the destination file name and location.
3. Click **OK**.
The configuration is now saved to a file. This file is used to load the configuration into another terminal. See the next section.

To load a configuration from a file

To load a configuration from a file, do as follows:

1. In the **ADMINISTRATION** page, under Configuration, click **Browse...**
2. Select the file you want to import and click **Open**.
3. Click **Load**.
The new configuration is now loaded into your terminal.

To log off administration

If you have not entered anything for 30 minutes under ADMINISTRATION, you are logged off automatically.

To log off manually, click **Logoff** under administrator logoff in the **ADMINISTRATION** page.

Call charges

If you know the tariff for your subscribed services, you can enter these tariffs in the web interface and automatically calculate the charges for your calls and data sessions.

To enter the call tariffs, do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINISTRATION > Call Charges**.

The billing details from your Inmarsat Service Provider can be entered below.

Currency: (for display purposes only)

Standard voice: EUR per minute

3.1 kHz Audio: EUR per minute

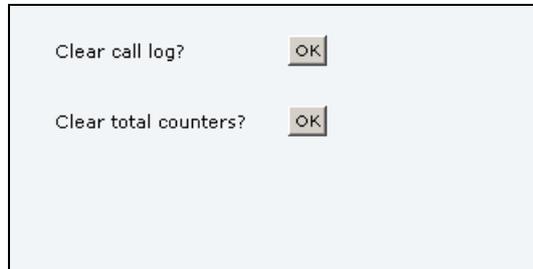
Standard data: EUR per MegaByte (1000 kB)

2. Select the currency from the **Currency** drop-down list.
3. Enter the tariff for each of the services.
4. Click **Apply**.
The entered tariffs are used to estimate the charges for calls and data sessions. The estimated charge is listed for each call or data session in the call log. For further information, see *To view the lists of calls and data sessions* on page 58.

Log handling

To clear the logs of the terminal and/or reset the counters for the time connected, do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane in the **ADMINISTRATION** page, select **Log Handling**.



Clear call log?

Clear total counters?

2. To clear the Call log, click **OK** next to **Clear call log?**
3. To clear the total counters, click **OK** next to **Clear total counters?**.
This will reset the **Time connected** counters on the Calls page.

Data limits

You can set a limit for the use of data services with the SAILOR FleetBroadband system.

Once the entered limit is reached, the connection is automatically stopped. This is recorded in the menu **CALLS**, which contains a call log in which you can see information on data sessions. To continue using the data service you must click on the desired connection on the Dashboard to start a new connection.

Note If you set a data limit for the Standard data connection, automatic activation of the Standard data connections is disabled.

To set data limits, do as follows:

4. From the left navigation pane in the **ADMINISTRATION** page, select **Data limits**.



Standard data Close after MB **Estimated max charge** 0.00

5. Select **Close after** to close automatically after a fixed amount of data. Then type in the number of mega bytes (MB) allowed.
6. Click **Apply** to save the settings.

If you have entered the call charges in the menu **Call charges**, the system automatically calculates and displays the maximum charges for your data sessions.

Note

Cobham SATCOM does not take responsibility for the correctness of the estimated charges. This calculation is only an estimate of the charge, based on the tariff entered by the user. The airtime provider may have different methods to calculate the charge.

To set up the use of a SIM PIN in the terminal

To enable or disable the use of a SIM PIN

To enable or disable the use of a PIN to access the terminal, do as follows:

1. Select **ADMINISTRATION > SIM PIN**.

REQUIRE PIN

Require PIN on startup Enabled Disabled

PIN

CHANGE PIN

Old PIN

New PIN

Confirm new PIN

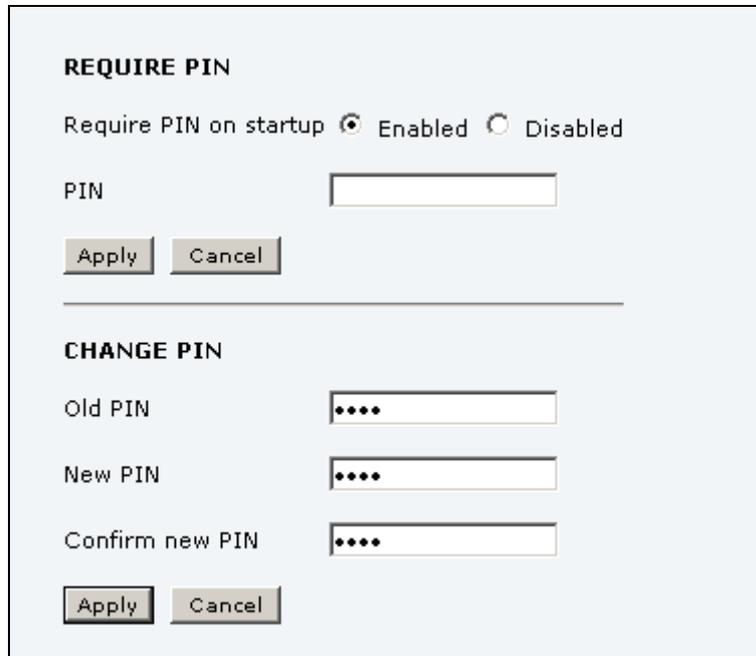
2. Under **REQUIRE PIN** select **Enabled** or **Disabled**.
 - If you select **Disabled** you can access and use the terminal without a PIN.
 - If you select **Enabled** you must enter a PIN before you can change settings or make calls or data sessions.
3. Click **Apply**.

The new PIN settings will take effect at next power on.

To change the SIM PIN

To change the PIN used to access the terminal, do as follows:

1. Select **ADMINISTRATION > SIM PIN**.



The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring SIM PIN settings. It is divided into two sections: 'REQUIRE PIN' and 'CHANGE PIN'. The 'REQUIRE PIN' section has a radio button for 'Require PIN on startup' with 'Enabled' selected and 'Disabled' unselected. Below this is a text input field for 'PIN' and two buttons: 'Apply' and 'Cancel'. The 'CHANGE PIN' section has three text input fields: 'Old PIN', 'New PIN', and 'Confirm new PIN', each containing four dots. Below these fields are two buttons: 'Apply' and 'Cancel'.

2. Under **CHANGE PIN** type in the **Old PIN**.
3. Type in the **New PIN** and retype it on the next line.
4. Click **Apply**.
The new PIN settings will take effect at next power on.

To set up user permissions

You can allow or deny users who are not administrators access to certain functions and make these pages read-only. This is useful if you want to protect the system against unintended changes. Study this screen thoroughly and decide to which areas of the system you want to give non-administrator users access. To set up the user permissions, do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINISTRATION > User permissions**.

ALLOW USERS TO:

Upload software	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Edit phone book	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Change phone settings	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Change LAN settings	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Change IP handset settings	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Change discrete I/O settings	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Change supplementary services	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Change common settings	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Change general settings	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Change tracking settings	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Perform self test	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Control connections from IP handset	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No

ALLOW AT COMMANDS ON:

Changes to AT command permissions only take effect after reboot

LAN interface	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
---------------	---

2. For each item under **ALLOW USERS TO:**, select

- **yes** to allow access or
- **no** to block access to the settings.

Change general settings means change the selection of satellite.

Control connections from IP handsets means to start/stop data sessions using the main IP Handset from Cobham SATCOM (the handset with the number 0501).

3. At **ALLOW AT COMMANDS ON:**, select

- **yes** to allow the use of AT commands on the LAN interface, or
- **no** to block the use of AT commands on the LAN interface.

Note | This setting does not take effect until the terminal is restarted.

AT commands are low-level commands used to control modems, in this case the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Terminal. They are typically used during service and maintenance or when troubleshooting the terminal.

- Click **Apply**.
The settings to which access is denied are now greyed out for the non-administrator user.

Remote management

You can set up the terminal so that it can be controlled from a remote location, either using the web interface or AT commands.

To set up the terminal for remote management, do as follows:

- From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINISTRATION > Remote management**.

REMOTE MANAGEMENT

Web server

Remote access Enabled Disabled

Incoming port

AT commands

Remote access Enabled Disabled

Incoming port

TRUSTED IP ADDRESSES

IP address

IP address

IP address

IP address

IP address

- Select whether remote access should be **Enabled** or **Disabled** for the web server and/or for AT commands.
- Type in the **Incoming port** numbers to use for the web server and for AT commands.

Note The port number must be available at your service provider.

4. Under **TRUSTED IP ADDRESSES**, type in the IP addresses of the devices you want to give access to the terminal.
5. Click **Apply**.

If Static IP is included in your airtime subscription, we recommend using this static public IP address for the terminal in order to provide easy access to the terminal.

Note You must activate a data connection in the terminal before you can access the terminal.

After preparing the terminal and activating the connection you can access the terminal from one of the trusted IP addresses, using the incoming port defined in the Incoming port field.

- For information on how to prepare the terminal for remote activation of a data connection, see the next section.
- For information on how to access the terminal, see *To access the terminal from a remote location* on page 40.
- For information on how to set up a static IP address, refer to step 5. on page 70 in the section *To set up the Default network user group*.

Remote activation

If you want to remotely control the terminal, it must have activated a connection. You can do this by sending an SMS to the terminal. The terminal must be powered up and logged on to the satellite services to receive the SMS and then start the connection. The SMS activation is always protected by a password. You can set up the terminal to send an SMS confirmation on the status of the connection, whether it is activated successfully or the activation failed.

Note The terminal must be logged on to the satellite services to receive and accept an activation SMS. If the SMS is considered too old or sent before the terminal has been switched on and has logged on, the SMS will be ignored.

Important This service is available if the service provider has an interoperability agreement with Inmarsat that allows for roaming. If in doubt, contact your service provider.

To set up the terminal for remote activation with SMS, do as follows:

- From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINISTRATION > Remote activation**.

- Select whether remote activation should be **Enabled** or **Disabled**.
- Select whether confirmation by SMS should be **Enabled** or **Disabled**.
- Enter the password. It can be up to 32 characters long. The characters 0-9, a-z and A-Z are allowed. The password is mandatory and must match the password in the activation SMS.
- Enter at least one trusted mobile number from which the terminal accepts an activation SMS. If no numbers are entered the feature is disabled automatically. Use the wild card * to accept a range of trusted numbers.

Mobile number with wild card	Mobile numbers accepted
00453955880*	004539558800 to 004539558809
0045395588*	004539558800 to 004539558899

- Click **Apply** to save the new settings.

For information on how to send an activation SMS, see *To activate a data connection with an SMS* on page 40.

Link monitoring

You can monitor the external IP connection of the SAILOR FleetBroadband system using the link monitoring feature. With this feature activated, the terminal will send out ping commands (ICMP Echo Requests) to a server of your choice.

Note Link monitoring is only performed on data connections with the Default network user group (see *Network user groups* on page 68). This data connection must be activated before link monitoring can start.

To set up link monitoring, do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINISTRATION > Link monitoring**.

2. Select **Enabled** if you want to enable Link monitoring.
3. Select the **Interval** between each ping.
4. Select the number of **Retries** before the terminal reboots.
5. Type in the **Primary** and optionally the **Secondary IP address**.
This is the IP address of the server(s) to which the terminal will send ping commands.

Note Use a server that is reliable and that supports and responds to ICMP Echo Requests.

6. Click **Apply**.

When a data session is started with the Default network user group, the terminal will start sending ping commands to the Primary IP address the number of times specified at Retries. If no response is received, it will send the same number of ping commands to the Secondary IP address, if available. If no response is received here either, the terminal will reboot.

Restricted dialing

RESTRICTED DIALING

Restricted dialing Enabled Disabled

Allowed numbers or masks

Phonebook dialing

Limit outgoing calls to numbers in terminal phonebook Enabled Disabled

PHONE STATUS

0301 (Phone)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Restrictions enabled
0501 (IP handset)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Restrictions enabled
0502 (IP handset)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Restrictions enabled

In order to manage the use of the system efficiently you can set up the terminal to limit all calls to allowed numbers or numbers in the phone book. This feature can be enabled for each connected handset separately. Each handset has its own local number.

To set up the terminal for restricted dialing, do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINISTRATION > Restricted dialing**.
2. Select whether restricted dialing should be **Enabled** or **Disabled**.
3. Type in the allowed numbers or masks in the entry fields.
The numbers or masks must be max. 32 digits and may start with +.
No other special characters are allowed. A mask is the first part of a phone number, and it covers all numbers that start with that first part. See the example below.

Mask	Numbers accepted
00453955880	004539558800 to 004539558809
+45395588	004539558800 to 004539558899

4. Select whether outgoing calls should be limited to the numbers in the terminal phone book (Enabled) or not (Disabled).
5. Check which local numbers are available in your system. Then select for which local numbers you want to enable the restriction.
6. Click **Apply** to apply the new settings.

Multi-voice

If you wish to have more simultaneous voice calls, you can add Multi-voice to your airtime subscription. When Multi-voice is enabled in your terminal, you can have up to 4 simultaneous calls using IP Handsets.

Enabling Multi-voice

Note You must have Multi-voice in your airtime subscription and the software version of the IP Handsets must be at least version 1.13, in order to support the Multi-voice function.

To enable Multi-voice in your SAILOR FleetBroadband system, do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINISTRATION > Multi-voice**.

2. To use the SAILOR FleetBroadband Terminal for Multi-voice, select **Multi-voice**. If you want to use an external PBX, select **Using external Multi-voice PBX** and select the interface used to connect the PBX to the terminal (for SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband only Phone/Fax can be selected). See the manufacturer documentation for your Multi-voice PBX.
3. If you want to assign additional numbers, select **Use additional numbers**.

Note You must have additional numbers in your subscription and enter the additional numbers under **PHONE BOOK > Mobile numbers**. Then you can use the setup page for your handset interface to assign the additional numbers to the handsets you want to be able to call directly. See *Handset contexts with additional numbers* on page 33.

4. The VoIP APN used for Multi-voice automatically appears in the APN field. You can type in another APN if necessary. You find the Multi-voice APN name in your subscription documentation.
5. Click **Apply**.

Voice Distress

Note

You must have Voice Distress in your airtime subscription and the software version of the IP Handset used for Distress must be at least version 1.12, in order to support the Voice Distress function.

Important

To make sure the Distress IP handset always keeps the same handset number, we recommend clearing the setting **Settings > Start up options > Auto BGAN SIP** in the menu system of the IP Handset used for Voice Distress, and assigning the number and password manually. See the user manual for the IP Handset and *To connect and configure IP handsets* on page 85.

To set up the terminal for Voice Distress, do as follows:

1. Connect your Voice Distress system as described in the manual for the Voice Distress system.
2. From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINISTRATION > Voice Distress settings**.



3. Select the IP handset number that you are using for Voice Distress.
4. Select **Enabled** and click **Apply**.
5. Reset the terminal.

To check that the system is configured correctly, look at the Distress IP Handset and the Alarm Panel.

- the Distress IP Handset display should show  (designated for Distress), and
- the Alarm panel should show **FB ●** (connected to a FleetBroadband terminal).

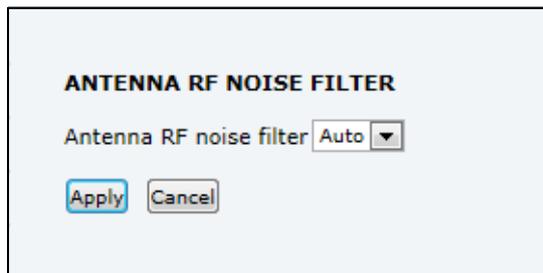
Antenna RF noise filter

The SAILOR FleetBroadband system has a built-in filter that makes it resilient to interference from terrestrial mobile systems that operate inside the Inmarsat band and that may be located near the coast.

Note We recommend leaving this setting as is (Auto). By default, the filter is automatically activated when the SAILOR FleetBroadband system is subjected to interference.

To set up the Antenna RF noise filter, do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINISTRATION > Antenna RF noise filter**.



2. Select **Auto**, **On** or **Off**.
 - **Auto**. The filter is automatically activated when the SAILOR FleetBroadband is subjected to interference from terrestrial mobile systems.
 - **On**. The filter is always active.
 - **Off**. The filter is never active.
3. Click **Apply**.

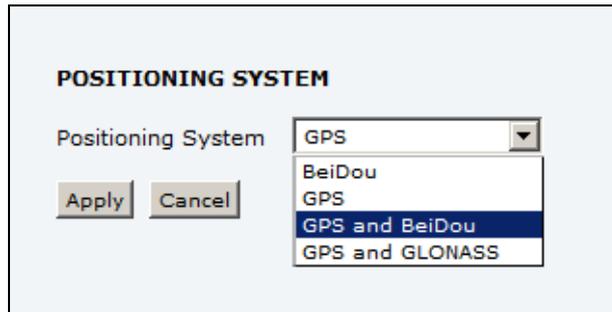
Note The L-Band interface is disconnected when the Antenna RF noise filter is active.

Positioning system

Note This feature is only available if the GNSS module is installed in your terminal. If in doubt, ask your distributor.

The SAILOR FleetBroadband uses the GPS positioning system by default, but you can select between **GPS**, **Beidou**, **GPS and Beidou**, and **GPS and GLONASS**.

1. From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINISTRATION > Positioning system**.



The screenshot shows a web interface titled "POSITIONING SYSTEM". It features a "Positioning System" label followed by a drop-down menu. The menu is open, showing four options: "GPS", "BeiDou", "GPS and BeiDou", and "GPS and GLONASS". The "GPS and BeiDou" option is currently selected and highlighted in blue. Below the drop-down menu are two buttons: "Apply" and "Cancel".

2. From the drop-down list, select the positioning system(s) you want to use.
3. Click **Apply**.

Note If you move outside coverage of the selected system, you will eventually lose connection to the satellite network. The Position field in the Dashboard of the web interface will show "Acquiring".

Help desk and diagnostic report

To access the Help desk

If you need help **with airtime-related issues** you may call the Help desk. By default, the Help desk is the phone number for your Airtime Provider, if it is available on the SIM card.

To access the Help desk, select **HELP DESK** from the left navigation pane.



If the Help desk number is available on the SIM card, the number is displayed as a link. To change the number, click the link, change the number and click **Apply**.

If you need help **with terminal- or antenna-related issues** call your local distributor.

To generate a diagnostic report

The diagnostic report contains relevant information for troubleshooting. When you contact your distributor for support, please enclose this file.

To generate a diagnostic report, do as follows:

1. Click **Generate report** from the **HELP DESK** page.
In some browsers the file may open directly in your browser.

Note It normally takes about 1 minute, sometimes longer, to generate the report. The report may open in your browser while being generated. Wait until the report is finished before you save the file.

To save the file, select **File > Save As** in your browser.

2. Choose a location for the file and save it.

Event logging and self test

To view the Event list or the Event log

Overview

When an event is registered, the web interface shows an event icon  in the icon bar as long as the event is active.

The **Event list** only shows events that are currently active, whereas the **Event log** shows the history of events that have occurred.

Event list

To view the event list, click the event icon from the icon bar at the top of the web interface, or select **HELPDESK > Event list** from the left navigation pane.

First reported	ID	Unit	Severity	Text
12:10:17 7 Jun 2017	08048-0	Terminal	WARNING	All PoE ports except port 1 are shut down due to high temperature
12:10:17 7 Jun 2017	01120-0	Terminal	WARNING	Too high temperature warning

The Event list page shows a detailed list of active events including the time of the first occurrence, ID and severity of the event message, and a short text that describes the error. For more information on the event messages, refer to *Event messages* on page 127.

Event log

The **Event log** shows the same information as the Event list, but also includes events that occurred in the past and are no longer active. Additionally, it lists events of informational character that describe normal phases of operation for the terminal.

To view the Event log, select **HELPDESK > Event log** from the left navigation pane.

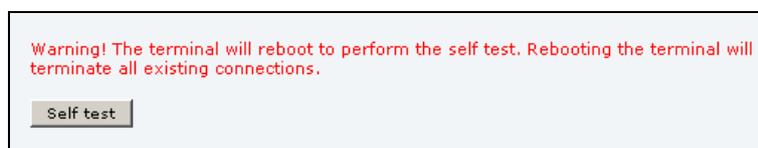
Self test

The Self test performs system test on the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System, similar to the tests that are performed during the Power On Self Test (POST).

Important | The terminal must reboot to perform the self test. All ongoing calls or data sessions will be terminated.

To activate a Self test, do as follows:

1. Select **HELPDESK > Self test**.



2. Click **Self test**.
3. Click **OK** in the Warning dialog.
The terminal now reboots and performs a self test.

Extended status

To see the Extended status page, select **HELPDESK > Extended status**.

To view updated information on the **Extended status page**, click **Refresh**.

The Extended Status page shows the following information:

- The antenna Product ID (must always be TT-3050C).
- The status of the connection to the air interface (IAI-2). This field should normally show “Registered”, unless the system is still in the startup process.
- Ongoing data sessions (IP address) and connection status, e.g. Active or Suspended.
- Ongoing calls and their connection status.

Site map

The web interface also offers a site map page. Use this page to get an overview of the submenus.

To access the site map, select **SITE MAP** from the left navigation pane.

Click on items in the site map to go directly to the relevant location.

Maintenance and troubleshooting

This chapter gives guidelines for troubleshooting and provides an overview of the different means of status signalling. It has the following sections:

- *To get support*
- *To upload software using the web interface*
- *To upload software using the TMA*
- *Part numbers*
- *Troubleshooting guide*
- *Status signalling*
- *Logging of events*
- *Reset button*
- *List of reserved IP subnets*

To get support

Contact information

Should your Cobham SATCOM product fail, please contact your dealer or installer, or the nearest Cobham SATCOM partner. You will find the partner details on www.cobham.com/satcom, **Technical Service Partner List**. You can also access the Partner Portal at www.cobham.com/satcom, **Cobham SYNC Partner Portal**, which may help you solve the problem. Your dealer, installer or Cobham SATCOM partner will assist you whether the need is user training, technical support, arranging on-site repair or sending the product for repair. Your dealer, installer or Cobham SATCOM partner will also take care of any warranty issue.

To upload software using the web interface

To view software version status

To view the version of the embedded software in the terminal, do as follows:

1. Connect a computer.
2. Enter the web interface and see the **Software version** field in the **Dashboard**.

To upload software using the web interface

You can upload software using the web interface. If you have an administrator user name and password you do not need to insert a SIM card nor to enter the PIN to be able to upload software. For further information, see *To upload software* on page 95.

To upload software using the TMA

To install the TMA

Note The TMA (ThraneLINK Management Application) must be at least version 1.02 in order to work with BGAN.

PC requirements

- Standard PC with Windows 7, 8, 10, Vista or XP, and Ethernet connection.
- Make sure that you have administrator rights for the PC.

Installation

To install the TMA, do as follows:

1. Go to www.cobham.com/satcom.
2. Select **Cobham SYNC Partner Portal**.
3. Select **Downloads > Product software > Maritime**.
4. Locate the **ThraneLINK Management Application** software package and download it to your PC.
5. Extract the files from the zip file.
6. Click **setup.exe** to start the installation wizard.
On Windows Vista/7/8/10, when prompted, select **Yes** to allow the installation to make changes to the computer.
7. Follow the instructions in the wizard.

When the wizard is complete an icon appears on your PC desktop.  You can also find the TMA under Programs > Thrane > TMA.

If you have problems with your Firewall settings, please refer to the TMA quick guide, available on the **Cobham SYNC Partner Portal** under **Downloads > Manuals > Maritime**.

To update software with the TMA

To update software in a ThraneLINK product, do as follows:

1. Connect the PC to the LAN with the ThraneLINK products for which you want to update software.

2. Click the TMA icon on the PC's desktop. The program starts and displays the ThrelINK products found on the network.
If a Windows Security Alert pops up click **Allow access** (Windows 7) or **Unblock** (Windows XP).
 3. Insert a USB memory stick with the new software version (placed in the root) into a USB connector in the PC.¹
The TMA automatically discovers the new software version(s) and a software update icon flashes next to the unit(s) for which the software can be installed. 
 4. From the main page of the TMA, select the product you want to update.
 5. Select **Software update** at the bottom of the product page.
Check that the new software version is correct. 
 6. Select **Update**.
- The progress of the software update is shown in percent under the product icon. When installation is completed, a check mark appears instead.

Part numbers

System units

TT-3744A SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband System

Item	Part number
SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Antenna	403050C
SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband Terminal	403739A

TT-3670A IP Handset & Cradle, wired

Item	Part number
IP Handset, wired	403672A
IP Cradle, wired	403674A

1. If the new software is not automatically found, you can point to the location of the software. Select the tool icon in the **Software update** page, select **Search for software** and enter the location of the software. 

Troubleshooting guide

The below table provides information on some of the problems that might occur, including possible causes and remedies to solve the problems.

Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy
No signal or weak signal from the BGAN satellite.	The view to the satellite is blocked.	Make sure the antenna has a clear view in all directions. See the installation manual for details.
	The antenna cable is not properly connected.	Check that both ends of the cable are connected properly according to the guidelines in the Installation manual. Also check that no connectors are damaged.
	The system is set up to use one specific satellite, but the system is outside coverage from that satellite.	Enter the web interface. Select SETTINGS > Satellite selection . Select Auto and click Apply . The system will now search for the satellite with the strongest signal and attempt to connect.
No transmission on the BGAN network is possible.	The Radio silence function is activated from an external device connected to the I/O interface of the terminal.	If the Radio silence function should not be activated, deactivate it from the external device.
Connection to the Internet cannot be established.	Your network user group does not allow Internet access.	The administrator can access and change network user groups in the built-in web interface of the terminal.
Connection is closed down	You have selected the BeiDou positioning system and have moved outside coverage of that system.	Select another positioning system or move back into the coverage area. See <i>Positioning system</i> on page 115.

Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy
The web interface cannot be accessed.	The browser is configured to use a proxy server.	For Microsoft Internet Explorer, select Tools > Internet Options > Connections > LAN Settings and clear the field Use a proxy server for your LAN .
	You have entered a wrong IP address.	Check the IP address and re-enter it. If you do not have the correct IP address, you can set the IP address temporarily to the default address (192.168.0.1) by pressing the Reset button. See <i>Function of the Reset button</i> on page 137.
	You are connected using VPN	Close down your VPN connection.
Multi-voice: Voice call is not put through.	The mobile number is not correctly typed into the web interface.	Check that all mobile numbers from your airtime subscription are correctly typed into the web interface. See <i>To view and edit the mobile numbers</i> on page 56.
	Another call is already active and you are not using a handset connected to the LAN interface.	Use a handset connected to the LAN interface or wait until no other call is active.
	Not enough bandwidth.	If possible, close down other voice and data connections and try again.
	Call forwarding when busy has been disabled.	If Multi-voice calls in the shore-to-ship direction fail to be established, verify that the Forward when busy option for Standard voice is enabled and the correct number (currently +870772002999) is specified. See <i>Call forwarding</i> on page 81. Note: You must disable Multi-voice before you can access the Forward when busy setting.
A Phone connection cannot be established.	The cable is not properly connected.	Connect the cable.
	The cable type or connector type is not correct.	For information on the correct type of connector and cable, refer to the installation manual.
	A call is already active in the terminal.	If your system is using Multi-voice you can use an IP handset to make the call instead. Otherwise you must wait until the other active call is terminated.

Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy
No phones are ringing on incoming calls.	The Mute function is activated from an external device connected to the I/O interface of the terminal.	If the Mute function should not be activated, deactivate it from the external device.
	The call types for the handset interfaces are not set up correctly.	Check the call types for your handset interfaces. See <i>To select the call type</i> on page 24.
	If you have Multi-voice, see <i>Multi-voice: Voice call is not put through</i> .	See <i>Multi-voice: Voice call is not put through</i> .
A LAN connection cannot be established.	The cable is not properly connected.	Connect the cable.
	The cable type or connector type is not correct.	For information on the correct type of connector and cable, refer to the installation manual.
	<p>The connected equipment is set up to use a static IP address and</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. the IP address is reserved for internal use in the terminal, or 2. the terminal is set up to assign a dynamic IP address to the equipment. 	<p>Do one of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Change the IP address of the connected equipment to an IP address that is not reserved. See <i>List of reserved IP subnets</i> on page 138. 2. Set up the equipment to use a dynamic IP address, or disable DHCP in the terminal. See step 2. in the section <i>To set up the local LAN IP addresses</i> on page 66.

Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy
An IP handset connection cannot be established.	The cable is not properly connected.	Connect the cable.
	There is no power (PoE) in the LAN interface. The reason may be that there is not enough power to supply PoE for the LAN interface.	<p>Check that the input voltage is within the specified range (10.5 - 32 V DC; 11.5 A - 4 A).</p> <p>Check that you do not have too many power-consuming devices connected. The maximum available output power on the LAN (PoE) interface is 32 W.</p> <p>If possible, disconnect other connected devices.</p>
	If you have Multi-voice, see the entry <i>Multi-voice: Voice call is not put through.</i> in this table.	See <i>Multi-voice: Voice call is not put through.</i> in this table.
The administrator password does not work.	Someone has changed the administrator password.	<p>If the correct password is not found, you have to reset the password.</p> <p>Contact your supplier for a reset code. You must provide the serial number and IMEI number of the terminal.</p> <p>Then enter the web interface and reset the password as described in: <i>To reset the administrator password</i> on page 100.</p>

Status signalling

Overview

There are many ways of troubleshooting if an error occurs. The terminal has different means of status signalling, to help you find the cause of a problem:

- **Indicator.**
- **Event messages.**
- **Event log.**

Indicator, event messages and logs are described in the following sections.

General status indicator functions



Power indicator

Behavior	Meaning
Green	Power OK.
Flashing green	The terminal is powering up.
Flashing orange	The terminal is closing down.
Off	No power.

Event messages

Display of event messages

The terminal can detect events during POST (Power On Self Test) or CM (Continuous Monitoring). When the terminal detects an event that requires your action, it issues an event message.

You can see the active event messages in the web interface by clicking the warning symbol in the icon bar at the top in the web interface. You can also see the messages in the IP Handset from Cobham SATCOM.

All events are logged in the event log. For information on the event log, see *To view the Event list or the Event log* on page 117.

List of events

The following list explains most of the events that may show in the web interface of the terminal. Note that the list is not complete.

Note Events with “Info” level are not included in this list. Only events that can appear in the Event list and cause a warning icon  in the web interface are included.

ID	Event Text	Explanation	Remedy
00100 to 00199	System data damaged	Important system data is damaged	Do not use the terminal. Contact your distributor.
00210 to 00219	SIM module error	The SIM interface on the terminal cannot be used.	Contact your distributor.
00240 to 00249	Temperature sensor error	The terminal is in danger of overheating.	Do not use the terminal. Contact your distributor.
00260 to 00269	System error	The terminal cannot communicate on the satellite network.	Contact your distributor.
00270 to 00279	Voice module error	Voice services cannot be accessed by the terminal	Contact your distributor.
00280 to 00289	Ethernet module error	The Ethernet interface on the terminal cannot be used.	Contact your distributor.
00300 to 00309	GPS module error	The GNSS module is out of function. The terminal cannot obtain a valid position.	Contact your distributor.
00340 to 00349	2-wire failure	The Phone interface of the terminal cannot be used.	Contact your distributor.

ID	Event Text	Explanation	Remedy
00350 to 00359	AD9864 calibration data error	Internal error in the receiving part of the terminal.	Contact your distributor if the problem persists.
00360 to 00369	No antenna found	The terminal cannot communicate with the antenna.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the cable between terminal and antenna. • Reboot the terminal.
01010 to 01019	Temperature too low (critical)	Low ambient temperature is causing the performance of the terminal to be degraded or halted.	<p>Move the terminal to a warmer location.</p> <p>For information on ambient temperature limits, see the installation manual.</p>
01020 to 01029	Too low temperature warning	<p>Low ambient temperature is causing the performance of the terminal to be degraded or halted.</p> <p>The terminal will assume radio silence if the problem is in the ACM module of the antenna.</p>	<p>Move the terminal to a warmer location.</p> <p>For information on ambient temperature limits, see the installation manual.</p>
01110 to 01119	Temperature too high (critical)	<p>Terminal: Critically high temperature is causing the terminal to shut down.</p> <p>Antenna: Critically high temperature is causing the antenna to stop transmission.</p>	<p>If possible, move the failing unit to a cooler location.</p> <p>For information on ambient temperature limits, see the installation manual.</p> <p>Contact your distributor if the problem persists.</p>
01120 to 01129	Too high temperature warning	<p>High ambient temperature is causing the performance of the system to be degraded or halted.</p> <p>The bit rate is reduced.</p>	<p>Move the terminal to a cooler location.</p> <p>For information on ambient temperature limits, see the installation manual.</p>
01300 to 01309	No GPS fix	The GNSS receiver has not yet achieved position fix.	<p>Make sure the view to the GNSS satellites is not blocked.</p> <p>Note that in some cases it may take up to 10 minutes to obtain position fix.</p>
01400 to 01409	Satellite signal lost	The SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband no longer receives a signal from the satellite.	Make sure the SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband has a clear view to the satellite.

ID	Event Text	Explanation	Remedy
01500 to 01509	SIM card missing	No SIM card is detected in the SIM slot.	Insert SIM card. If the SIM card is already inserted, remove and reinsert it.
01600 to 01609	SOS calls only	The SIM card is not accepted by the network. Only emergency calls are allowed.	Enter the PIN and wait for network approval. If the problem persists, contact your Airtime Provider.
01700 to 01709	Registration for voice failed	The SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband has not yet been allowed to register for voice services (Circuit-Switched).	Restart the terminal. If the problem persists, contact your Airtime Provider.
01800 to 01809	Registration for data failed	The SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband has not yet been allowed to register for data services (Packet-Switched).	Restart the terminal. If the problem persists, contact your Airtime Provider.
02000 to 02009	Satellite signal weak	The signal from the satellite is weak.	Check the line of sight to the satellite. Check in the web interface under SETTINGS > Satellite selection that you have selected Auto , or a satellite covering your current position.
02100 to 02109	Ciphering Off	The network has turned ciphering off.	Do not transmit data that requires ciphering.
02200 to 02209	Ethernet data session failed	Ethernet data session could not be established.	See the call log for the cause of the error. Refer to <i>To view the lists of calls and data sessions</i> on page 58. If the problem persists, contact your distributor.
02900 to 02909	Network failed authentication	The SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband does not accept the network as a valid BGAN network.	Restart the terminal. If the problem persists, contact your distributor.

ID	Event Text	Explanation	Remedy
03500 to 03509	2-wire calibration failure	2-wire calibration failed on the Phone interface, because of: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Common mode balance error. 2. The phone is off-hook. 3. Wires are shorted to each other or to ground. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the wires to your phone. 2. Put phone on hook. 3. Check the wires.
03600 to 03609	2-wire operational failure	The Phone interface fails to operate. Possible reasons: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ground shorted. 2. Power overload. 3. Temperature overload. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the wires. 2. Wait until the event is cleared; then try again. 3. Wait until the event is cleared; then try again.
08002	One or more ports has PoE disabled due to power limitations	The power supply to the terminal has dropped critically. PoE is disabled to ensure enough power to the antenna.	Ensure a stable power supply to the terminal.
08008	Antenna exceeds voltage threshold	The antenna voltage is either too high or too low.	Check the cable to the antenna. Contact your distributor if the problem persists.
08009	Power Hold-up - the terminal can no longer power the antenna	The power supply to the terminal has dropped for too long. The antenna does not have enough power to function.	Ensure a stable power supply to the terminal.
0800B	PoE Overvoltage protection is activated	Overvoltage is detected in the terminal. The terminal will be shut down in 10 minutes.	Do not use the terminal. Contact your distributor.
0800D	Antenna Overvoltage protection is activated	Overvoltage is detected in the antenna. The terminal will be shut down in 10 minutes.	Do not use the terminal. Contact your distributor.

ID	Event Text	Explanation	Remedy
08010	Undervoltage has been detected	The input voltage has dropped below an acceptable level. The terminal will be shut down in 10 seconds if the situation persists.	Ensure a stable power supply to the terminal.
0801B	Lost connection to the GPS receiver	Communication with the GNSS receiver in the antenna is lost.	Restart the terminal. Contact your distributor if the warning persists.
0801D	Uploading firmware to antenna	New firmware is being uploaded to the antenna. The Event will be cleared when upload has finished.	Contact your distributor if the Event is not cleared within 5 minutes.
0802C	Firmware update still fails after several retries	The terminal was unable to upload new firmware to the antenna.	Contact your distributor.
0802D	Firmware update failed	The terminal was unable to upload new firmware to the antenna.	Reboot the terminal. Then update the software again. Contact your distributor if the problem persists.
0802E	Firmware is older than current antenna version	The firmware in the antenna is newer than expected by the terminal.	Update the terminal software.
0802F	Antenna main image could not be loaded	Antenna failed to start up normally.	Reboot the terminal. Contact your distributor if the problem persists.
08030	Antenna could not enter main application mode	Antenna failed to start up normally.	Reboot the terminal. Contact your distributor if the problem persists.
08031	Failed to enter normal operation	Antenna failed to start up normally.	Reboot the terminal. Contact your distributor if the problem persists.
08032	Firmware image version lower than active antenna version	The firmware in the antenna is newer than expected by the terminal.	Update the terminal software.

ID	Event Text	Explanation	Remedy
08033	Firmware image doesn't support antenna hardware	The antenna hardware version is not supported by the terminal.	Check that both the antenna and the terminal are of the type SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband. Contact your distributor if the problem persists.
08034	Antenna failed to exit Flash Manager. Power cycle needed	New firmware was successfully uploaded to the antenna but the antenna failed to start normally with the new firmware.	Reboot the terminal. Contact your distributor if the problem persists.
08035	Unable to open port for HPA burst monitoring	There was an error communicating with the antenna.	Reboot the terminal. Contact your distributor if the problem persists.
08036	Radio silence is activated	The Radio silence function is activated. No transmission is allowed.	If the Radio silence function should not be active, enter the web interface and select SETTINGS > Discrete I/O . Then clear the Enabled box for Radio silence .
08040	Excessive writes to the flash memory	Typically caused by wrong configuration of APN name or user name/password for a profile which is set to auto-activate.	Check that the APN name, user name and password are set up correctly for your profiles.
08045	Antenna - Startup temperature too low	The temperature in the antenna is too low for the system to start up	None. If the ambient temperature is outside the specified limits, the antenna may not be able to start up properly. Refer to the installation manual for temperature specifications.
08046	Timeout of startup sequence - No antenna or antenna temperature too low	The start-up sequence of the terminal has timed out because: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the antenna is not properly connected, or the antenna temperature is too low to start up. 	Check that the antenna cable is properly connected at both ends.

ID	Event Text	Explanation	Remedy
08048	All PoE ports except port 1 are shut down due to high temperature	The temperature in the terminal is too high. PoE port 2 is shut down to reduce the temperature.	Move the terminal to a cooler location, or avoid using PoE on port 2.
08049	Data rate reduction due to high temperature	The bit rate of the data channel is reduced because the temperature is too high.	Move the terminal to a cooler location
0804B	Illegal combination of antenna and terminal	You are not using the right combination of antenna and terminal.	Only use the antenna(s) intended for use with your terminal.
0804C	The selected satellite is not visible at current GPS position	The terminal is set up to use a satellite that is not visible at the current position.	Enter the web interface and select SETTINGS > Satellite selection . Then select Auto to let the terminal automatically find the satellite with the best signal, or select a satellite visible from your current position.
0804D	Antenna firmware image is missing in terminal	The software is corrupt	Upload new software to the terminal. Refer to <i>To upload software</i> on page 95.
08054	Transmission aborted due to extreme temperature	The system stops all transmission due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • critically high temperature in the HPA or ACM module of the antenna, or • too low temperature in the ACM module. 	None. The antenna must operate within the allowed temperature range to work properly. For information on ambient temperature limits, see the installation manual.
08056	USIM rejected	The type of USIM card inserted in the terminal is not correct for your terminal.	Make sure you have the correct type of USIM card. E.g. an USIM card for a land-mobile system will not work for a maritime system and vice versa.
08060	NAT session table full	There are too many open connections through NAT - typically too many users generating too much web traffic.	Do not establish new connections until the load has been reduced.

ID	Event Text	Explanation	Remedy
08062	No connection to network. Voice Distress unavailable.	The FleetBroadband terminal has lost contact with the satellite.	Wait until the system is registered on the network again.
08063	No connection to Voice Distress handset	The system is configured for Voice Distress but there is no connection between the terminal and the Distress IP handset. or The software in the IP Handset is older than version 1.12.	Check: Distress IP handset connected correctly to the LAN (PoE) interface. Local number and password, see <i>To connect and configure IP handsets</i> on page 85. Correct local number selected in Voice Distress page in web interface. SW version in IP Handset is 1.12 or newer.
08064	No connection to FleetBroadband Alarm Panel	The system is configured for Voice Distress but there is no connection between the terminal and the SAILOR 3771 Alarm Panel.	Check that the alarm panel is connected correctly to the terminal. See the installation manual for the Voice Distress (Non-SOLAS) system.
08065	Voice Distress Supplementary Service (eMLPP) subscription failure	Voice Distress registration fails. The service has not been enabled on your SIM card.	Contact your service provider and request that Voice Distress is enabled in your SIM card.
08066	Voice Distress Supplementary Service (Call Waiting) subscription failure	The FleetBroadband terminal is not able to activate the Call Waiting service in the network.	Check with your service provider that the Call Waiting service is commissioned.
0806E	Voice Distress is disabled	Voice Distress has been disabled - the Voice Distress service will not work.	The service can be enabled in the web interface of the FleetBroadband terminal.
08079	Multi-voice control connection error	Not possible to establish connection to Multi-voice server.	Check the Multi-voice APN in the web interface under Administration > Multi-voice and compare with the Multi-voice APN in your subscription.
0807C	Multi-voice register failed	Not possible to register on the Multi-voice server.	Check that Multi-voice is included in your subscription.

ID	Event Text	Explanation	Remedy
0900A	Antenna - Write verification fault in EEPROM	This fault may be caused by a defective EEPROM or if the EEPROM communication fails. The consequence of this fault is that the antenna is unable to save the last known frequency and elevation after entering track state. If the EEPROM is defective, data may be lost or inaccessible.	Power cycle the system. If the fault persists, contact your distributor.
0900C	Antenna - temperature too low	The temperature is too low for the antenna to work properly.	Leave the antenna on and wait for it to warm up.
0900D	Antenna - temperature too high	The temperature is too high for the antenna to work properly.	Switch off the system and let the antenna cool
09010	Antenna - Low RSSI level	If this fault occurs, the antenna is most likely unable to acquire a signal.	Ensure that the antenna is able to locate a satellite. If not, contact your distributor

Logging of events

Diagnostic report

When you contact your distributor for support, please include a diagnostic report. The diagnostic report contains information relevant for the service personnel during troubleshooting.

To generate the diagnostic report, access the web interface and select **HELPDESK**. Then click **Generate report**.

Event log

The event log holds information of events registered in the terminal or antenna.

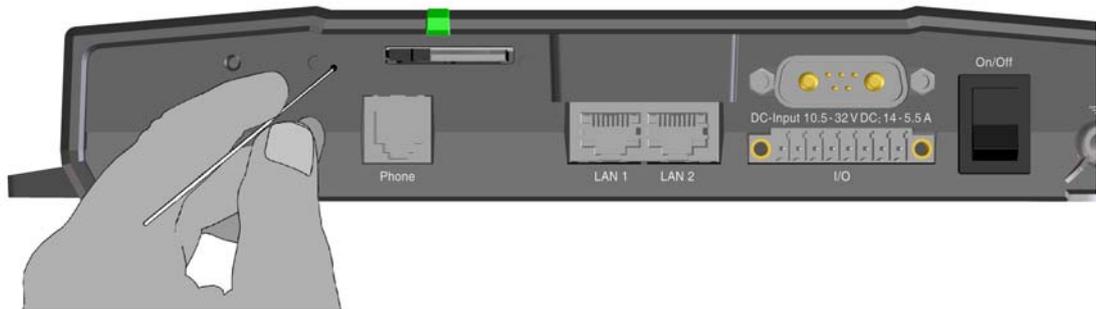
The log includes the time of the occurrence, a short description, location of the error etc. This information can help troubleshooting errors in the system. You can see the event log in the web interface. For further information, see *To view the Event list or the Event log* on page 117.

Reset button

How to access the Reset button

The terminal has a Reset button placed next to the SIM slot behind the SIM cover. The functions of this button is described in the next section.

To push the Reset button, use a pointed device.



Function of the Reset button

The Reset button on the terminal has the following functions:

Action	Function
With the terminal running, push the Reset button normally.	The terminal IP address and IP netmask are temporarily set to the default value (default IP address: 192.168.0.1). With this function, even if the IP address has been changed and you do not remember the new IP address, you can still access the web interface and see your current configuration. The default value is not saved in the configuration, but is only valid until next reboot.
With the terminal running, push and hold the Reset button for 30 seconds, until the Power indicator on the terminal flashes orange.	The terminal restores factory settings and reboots the system.
While the terminal is booting, push and hold the Reset button.	For service use only! The bootloader initiates software upload. Refer to the installation manual for details.

List of reserved IP subnets

Some IP subnets are reserved for internal use in the terminal. If any of these addresses are assigned to external equipment connected to the terminal, the terminal and connected equipment will not be able to communicate.

The following local IP subnets are reserved for internal use in the terminal. The netmask for all of these subnets is **255.255.255.0**.

192.168.2.0	192.168.17.0
192.168.3.0	192.168.18.0
192.168.4.0	192.168.19.0
192.168.5.0	192.168.20.0
192.168.6.0	192.168.21.0
192.168.7.0	192.168.22.0
192.168.8.0	192.168.23.0
192.168.9.0	192.168.24.0
192.168.10.0	192.168.25.0
192.168.11.0	192.168.26.0
192.168.16.0	

Conformity

CE

The SAILOR 150 FleetBroadband is CE certified as stated in the simplified EU Declaration of Conformity, enclosed in copy on the next page.

EU Declaration of Conformity

Hereby **Thrane & Thrane A/S trading as Cobham SATCOM** declares that the following equipment complies with the specifications of:

RED directive 2014/53/EU concerning Radio Equipment

Equipment included in this declaration

Model	Description	Part no.
TT-3744A	SAILOR 150 Fleet Broadband System	403744A

The full text of the EU declaration of conformity is available at the following internet address:

<http://sync.cobham.com/satcom/support/downloads>

RED

Document no.: 99-157453-A

A

APN Access Point Name. The Access Point Name is used by the terminal operator to establish the connection to the required destination network.

B

BGAN Broadband Global Area Network. A satellite network based on geostationary satellites, delivering broadband data to virtually any part of the earth, with full UMTS (3G) compatibility.

C

CM Continuous Monitoring

CS Circuit-Switched. Circuit-switched networks require dedicated point-to-point connections during calls.

D

DHCP Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. A protocol for assigning dynamic IP addresses to devices on a network. With dynamic addressing, a device can have a different IP address every time it connects to the network.

DNS Domain Name System. A system translating server names (URLs) to server addresses.

E

ECEF The Earth-Centred Earth-Fixed or conventional terrestrial coordinate system rotates with the Earth and has its origin at the centre of the Earth. The X axis passes through the equator at the prime meridian. The Z axis passes through the north pole but it does not exactly coincide with the instantaneous Earth rotational axis. The Y axis can be determined by the right-hand rule to be passing through the equator at 90 degrees longitude.

EMEA Europe, Middle-East and Africa

G

- G.3 fax** Group 3 fax. A digital format for transmitting fax messages over a traditional phone line. Conforms to the ITU-T Recommendations T.30 and T.4.
- Geostationary** Placed in a fixed position relative to a point on the surface of the earth.
- GNSS** Global Navigation Satellite System. A satellite navigation system with global coverage. Examples are GPS, GLONASS or Beidou. ,
- GPS** Global Positioning System. A system of satellites, computers, and receivers that is able to determine the latitude and longitude of a receiver on Earth by calculating the time difference for signals from different satellites to reach the receiver.

I

- I/O** Input/Output
- IAI-2** Inmarsat Air Interface-2. The air interface used for BGAN. IAI-2 is an evolution of MPDS with new bearer types, which give a wide range of data rates from 16 kbps up to 492 kbps. By utilizing different modulation schemes, variable coding rate and power adjustment, it is possible to change the bearer type to give optimum throughput with efficient use of the satellite resources.
- ICMP** Internet Control Message Protocol. An Internet protocol mostly used for diagnostics.
- IMEI** International Mobile Equipment Identity. A unique number identifying your terminal
- IMSO** International Maritime Satellite Organisation. An intergovernmental body established to ensure that Inmarsat continues to meet its public service obligations, including obligations relating to the GMDSS.
- IP** Internet Protocol

L

- LAN** Local Area Network
- LED** Light Emitting Diode

M

- MB** Mega Bytes
- MRCC** Maritime Rescue Coordination Centre

N

NAT Network Address Translation. An Internet standard that enables a local-area network to use one set of IP addresses for internal traffic and a second set of addresses for external traffic. A NAT module makes all necessary address translations.

P

PIN Personal Identification Number. A code number used to provide access to a system that has restricted access.

PoE Power over Ethernet

POST Power On Self Test. A test sequence that runs every time the system is powered up or reset.

PPPoE Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet. A network protocol for encapsulating Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) frames inside Ethernet frames. By using PPPoE, users can virtually "dial" from one machine to another over an Ethernet network, establish a point to point connection between them and then securely transport data packets over the connection.

PS Packet-Switched. Packet-switched networks move data in separate, small blocks (packets) based on the destination address in each packet.

PUK PIN Unblocking Key. An eight-digit code used to unblock a SIM card after three incorrect PINs have been entered. The PUK code is supplied with the SIM card.

R

RF Radio Frequency. Electromagnetic wave frequencies between about 3 kilohertz and about 300 gigahertz including the frequencies used for communications signals (radio, television, cell-phone and satellite transmissions) or radar signals.

S

SAS Satellite Access Station. The gateway between the satellites and the worldwide networks such as Internet, telephone network, cellular network etc.

SIM Subscriber Identity Module. The SIM provides secure storing of the key identifying a mobile phone service subscriber but also subscription information, preferences and storage of text messages.

SIP Session Initiation Protocol. An application-layer control (signalling) protocol for creating, modifying, and terminating sessions with one or more participants. Used e.g. for Internet telephony.

SMS Short Messaging Service

U

UTC Coordinated Universal Time. The International Atomic Time (TAI) with leap seconds added at irregular intervals to compensate for the Earth's slowing rotation. Leap seconds are used to allow UTC to closely track UT1, which is mean solar time at the Royal Observatory, Greenwich.

V

VoIP Voice over IP. The routing of voice conversations over the Internet or through an IP-based network.

VPN Virtual Private Network. A network that is constructed by using public wires to connect nodes. You can create networks using the Internet for transporting data, using security mechanisms so that only authorized users can access the network.

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